2019 LANCASTER COUNTY Community Health Needs Assessment

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Adopted By

Lancaster General Health Board of Trustees March 21, 2019

Executive Summary

Overview

This Community Health Needs Assessment identifies community health needs based on the prevalence of health risks, health disparities, and disabling conditions, including their precursors and the social contexts that lead to health disparities. It focuses specifically on health risks that contribute to the non-communicable diseases that are among the leading causes of death and disability with some emphasis on how these risk factors are unevenly distributed across demographic groups.

Rather than simply updating the standard community health needs assessments of the past with new data, we aim here to produce a report that does more than state the data and the summaries of previous reports. This summary attempts instead to provide recommendations based on identified community health needs that are theoretically justifiable, practicable, understandable, and a good fit for the community. The goal is to convey a better understanding of the "why" and the "how" of our community's health needs. Specifically, why are there differences in health among demographic groups, and how do socioeconomic, structural, and environmental factors play a role in our well-being, to get beyond a simple assessment of the current health of the community?

Key Findings

Community data related to social determinants indicators reveal notable concerns about the county's economic stability and community and social conditions, including rates of educational attainment. The major social determinants issues facing the county include:

- Large numbers of renters struggling with housing affordability
- High rates of poverty, particularly for minorities: in 2016 28.3% of Latinos and 28.8% of Blacks compared to 8% for whites
- Large income disparities between whites and non-whites
- Hourly wage rates that are decreasing for persons on the lower half of the earnings scale
- Low rates of post-secondary educational attainment
- An aging population
- Poor air quality; Lancaster is ranked 13th nationally for people at risk by short-term particle pollution and is ranked 8th nationally for people at risk by year-round particle pollution
- A polluted physical environment; indicators of air and water quality place Lancaster's physical environment 64th out of the state's 67 counties

The number of Lancaster County residents affected by specific conditions or engaging in specific behaviors offers suggestions about which health issues need attention. Progress toward reaching

Healthy People 2020 targets also provides some guidance about potential health priorities.

Lancaster County's most concerning health metrics show that:

- More than 275,000 adult residents are overweight or obese
- Nearly 150,000 adults reported having one or more poor mental or physical health days
- Nearly 75,000 assess their health as fair or poor
- More than 50,000 have no usual source of health care
- Each of the above indicators now affects more residents than in 2015
- The fastest growing problems in the county are related to both obesity and mental health
- National goals for having a usual source of health care and for having health insurance have not been met
- Leading health indicators related to nutrition, physical activity, and obesity, which include obesity rates for adults and adolescents, have not been met
- Rates of infant mortality exceed Healthy People targets
- Death rates for suicide and unintentional injuries exceed Healthy People targets

Despite these concerns, Lancaster County can point to at least seven positive health metrics, including data that show:

- Fewer adults smoke compared to 2013 (- 43%)
- Fewer adults are without health insurance compared to 2013 (- 25%)
- Fewer adults binge drink compared to 2013 (- 17%)
- Indicators for the proportion of children who are obese meet national targets
- Rates of binge drinking meet national targets
- Rates of smoking meet national targets
- Many Healthy People goals related to cancer death rates and cancer incidence and also for death rates due to coronary heart disease, HIV, firearms, and motor vehicle accidents have been met

Health Priorities

Presentations based on this summary and analytic approach have provided community members with a rich set of data to consider. Based on scope, severity, and community perceptions of severity and potential impact, Lancaster County's most significant needs focus on two social determinants and two behavioral health priorities:

- Establishing and maintaining the basic conditions that support health, including access to care, family-sustaining incomes, accessible transportation, affordable and quality housing, violence reduction, and reduction in exposure to adverse childhood experiences
- Advocating for improvements to the county's physical environment, emphasizing improved air and water quality
- Supporting improved mental health including reducing and treating substance use
- Supporting active living, healthy eating, and less obesity

Reporting Framework

Community Served

Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, defines the geographic boundary of the community for this community health needs assessment. Penn Medicine Lancaster General Health, UPMC Pinnacle, and WellSpan Health, the health care organizations that organized and supported this community health needs assessment, relied on county-level data and input from individuals and organizations throughout the county to identify the most pressing community health needs.

Data Sources

A complete list of data sources used as the basis for this summary is provided in Attachment F. Generally speaking, data used to profile the social determinants of health and demographic makeup of Lancaster County, which includes statistics related to population growth, employment, income, expenses, income supports, poverty, housing, transportation, the environment, education, social integration, and stress come primarily from government sources like the American Community Survey, the Pennsylvania Department of Health, and other similar government-supported data collection systems. Data used to profile health-related indicators such as health care access, mortality, morbidity, and health behaviors, also come primarily from publicly-available sources that include the Census Bureau's American Community Survey, the Pennsylvania Department of Health, and the County Health Rankings. No primary data collection (such as a county-wide behavioral risk factor survey) to measure current health status, health behaviors, health risks, health conditions, or health disparities specific to Lancaster County in 2018 was conducted, although community input about health priorities was solicited as part of the needs assessment process.



Community Input

This needs assessment used two mechanisms to gather community input about health needs. Penn Medicine Lancaster General Health conducted a survey of community members at selected community events during summer 2018 to gather input about perceived community health needs and barriers to good health. Penn Medicine Lancaster General Health collected a total of 258 survey responses from members of the Coalition to End Homelessness and Lighten Up Lancaster County coalition, staff from Community Action Partnership and Healthy Beginnings Plus, the Lancaster County Office of Aging, and community members who took the survey online or at Lancaster County's Pride Day celebration. The goal of the survey was to sample from selected locations, organizations, and coalitions to gather feedback from traditionally marginalized communities, including people of color, people of Hispanic/Latino ethnicity, and individuals who identify as gay, lesbian, bisexual, and/or transgender.

In addition to the community survey, Penn Medicine Lancaster General Health, WellSpan Health, and UPMC Pinnacle jointly hosted a community stakeholder forum on December 17, 2018. The three primary goals of the forum were to: (1) explain the CHNA process and the role of community stakeholders; (2) present the analytic framework and preliminary community health data included in this summary; and (3) gather input from community stakeholders, particularly those with public health expertise and individuals and organizations serving medically underserved, low-income, and minority populations in Lancaster County, about community health needs and community resources.

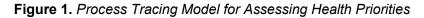
Process Tracing

The purpose of the data and analyses presented in this document is to identify the health needs of the Lancaster County community. This exercise has produced an array of indicators, many familiar and long discussed and others less familiar and perhaps even startling, but all leading back to the same question: how should this mass of data be organized to provide clear direction and a collectively acceptable understanding of the needs the community should address?

The overwhelming amount of data associated with individual and community health outcomes can lead to reporting that presents a mass of statistics with little guidance about what should and should not be emphasized. Instead of just a compilation of data, this report uses a specific analytic framework to guide its use and interpretation of community data in the hopes of providing recommendations that are

theoretically justifiable, practicable, understandable, and a good fit for the community.

"This process approach emphasizes prevention by focusing on those problems that contribute most to wasted lives and wasted dollars and have the greatest effect on our communities." The framework used in this summary is presented visually in Figure 1 and is further described in the paragraphs that follow. Ultimately, this summary reaches its conclusions about need by considering: (1) the scope of the problem in terms of how many residents are affected, trends, and comparisons to other communities; (2) the community-level effects attributed to the problem by thinking specifically about wasted dollars, reduced quality of life, and lives lost; (3) the community resources available to implement change; and (4) the alignment of these problems with local health systems' goals, missions, and resources.¹





This process approach emphasizes prevention by focusing on those problems that contribute most to wasted lives and wasted dollars and have the greatest effect on our communities. It is undeniable that the causes of death and disability have changed markedly over the past century. In the United States today, the leading causes of death are all non-communicable diseases: heart disease, cancer, and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. Compare today's causes of death to 1900, when infectious diseases like pneumonia, influenza, and tuberculosis accounted for most mortality.² Improvements in sanitation and hygiene, vaccinations, and the emergence of antibiotics helped reduce infectious disease, in turn leading to increases in longevity and decreases in infant mortality.³

The process approach considered here suggests that reducing death and disability from chronic disease should be approached similarly to the way the public health sector attacked the problems of infectious disease; i.e., through interventions aimed at society as a whole and not solely at

¹The process described here arises from a host of questions that arise when attempting to determine need. Should we consider those problems where the community performs poorly relative to other communities, should we consider those problems that affect the most people, should we consider those problems that adversely affect some groups more than others, or should we consider those problems that contribute most to wasted lives and dollars? Unfortunately, the federal legislation that mandates these community health needs assessments provides little guidance. The legislation says that communities may, "use any criteria to prioritize the significant health needs [of a community], including but not limited to the burden, scope, severity, or urgency of the health need; the estimated feasibility and effectiveness of possible interventions; the health disparities associated with the need; or the importance the community places on addressing the need." <u>https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2014/12/31/2014-30525/additional-requirements-for-charitable-hospitals-community-health-needs-assessments-for-charitable#sectno-citation-%E2%80%891.501(r)-3</u>. The quotation appears in §1.501(r)-3(4), added to the Code by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148 (124 Stat.119 (2010)).

²Infectious diseases are caused by pathogenic microorganisms, such as bacteria, viruses, parasites or fungi; the diseases can be spread, directly or indirectly, from one person to another. Zoonotic diseases are infectious diseases of animals that can cause disease when transmitted to humans. Non-communicable diseases (NCDs), also known as chronic diseases, are not passed from person to person. They are of long duration and generally slow progression. The four main types of non-communicable diseases are cardiovascular diseases (like heart attacks and stroke), cancers, chronic respiratory diseases (such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and asthma) and diabetes. (WHO definitions)

individuals. A public health approach considered infectious disease as a community problem and now considers non-communicable disease as a community problem.

Prevention of lifestyle diseases for too long has focused on trying to change individual behavior and choices and has focused on the individual and their personal responsibilities. This individual focus ignores research that clearly shows how influential physical and social surroundings are on individuals' actions. Context and environment shape decision-making processes that impact health. Research suggests that altering environments may be an effective driver of behavior change. Intentionally designing environments and policies, in terms of both public laws and organizational practices, to promote healthy behaviors holds promise to reverse the increase of lifestyle diseases.⁴

The data included in this community health assessment primarily focus on individuals, the incidence and prevalence of specific diseases, conditions, attitudes, and behaviors present within the local community, but such data represent only part of the story. There are multiple influences on community health and multiple barriers to health improvement. Identifying, documenting, and addressing these multiple influences and barriers are as necessary for improving a community's health as is understanding individual-level data. This means that communities must address multiple factors impacting health through policy interventions that emphasize the interaction between individual characteristics and environmental context. For example, efforts to educate people on the importance of exercise will do little to change behaviors if people lack safe, affordable, and accessible places to exercise.

Chronic, non-communicable diseases pose a tremendous health burden throughout the world, but it is not only death that concerns us. We are also interested in disability. Long-term health risk and disability can be quantified by calculating something known as disability-adjusted life years. Disability-adjusted life years (DALYs) calculations provide an estimate of the burden of disease by assessing premature mortality and disability, thus providing an overall view of the most important contributors to health loss. In the United States, the leading causes of DALYs are the non-communicable diseases mentioned earlier: heart disease, lung cancer, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, accidents, diabetes, and major depressive disorders. But focusing primarily on these diseases emphasizes treatment and not root causes and prevention of disease and will do little to reduce lives lost and disability within Lancaster County.

Instead of focusing on specific conditions, this analysis identifies the risk factors that lead to these conditions and create the most premature death and disability (i.e., disease burden). In the United States and Lancaster County today, those behaviors include dietary risks, smoking and alcohol use, and high body mass index. Each contributes to cancer, cardiovascular and circulatory disorders, chronic respiratory diseases, and diabetes. So, understanding how many county residents smoke, drink, have diabetes, have hypertension, have high cholesterol, get sufficient physical activity, eat properly and maintain a healthy weight helps us understand how many county residents are exposed to significant long-term health risks and should give the community somewhere to focus.

⁴See Stulberg, Harvard Public Health Review, Vol 2, Oct 2014

Social Determinants and Health Disparities

Public health researchers frequently attribute persistent patterns of health disparities, i.e., gaps in access, conditions, or behaviors that are larger for some demographic groups than for others, to a set of social determinants. Social determinants thinking suggests that health is determined by access to social and economic opportunities that arise from the places where we learn, live, and work. According to the Centers for Disease Control (CDC), "The conditions in which we live explain in part why some Americans are healthier than others and why Americans more generally are not as healthy as they could be."⁵ As such, the CDC has established a set of indicators that can track progress towards a goal of creating social and physical environments that promote good health for all people.

Figure 2 provides a simple example of how health inequalities relate to social determinants. Figure 2 shows differences in being limited by poor health in everyday activities in relation to income. Income makes a clear difference in being limited by physical or mental health problems as higher income individuals are much less likely to be limited by their health. This illustration reinforces how social characteristics can be strongly associated with health behaviors and conditions. It also can help show the disproportionality evident for many indicators, meaning the odds of experiencing some condition or practicing some behavior can differ radically depending on social standing and context.

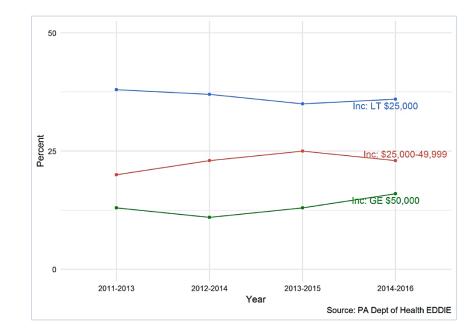


Figure 2. Poor physical or mental health prevented usual activities one or more times in past month by income

⁵A complete description of the Social Determinants of Health model and objectives can be found on the Healthy People 2020 website.

The analysis of secondary data that appears in Attachment B provides data on a number of important indicators useful for judging social determinants indicators for Lancaster County and shows the county has identifiable social problems that can contribute to persistent health disparities and continued health risk. Lancaster has large numbers of renters struggling with housing affordability (Table B2); high rates of poverty, particularly for minorities (Table C3); large income disparities



between whites and non-whites (Table C2); low rates of post-secondary educational attainment (Table E1); and an aging population (Table A2). Access to health providers is also a concern; compared to the state and nation, Lancaster County has fewer primary care physicians, dentists, and mental health providers per capita (Appendix E). Taken together, community data related to social determinants indicators reveal notable concerns about the county's economic stability and community and social conditions, including rates of educational attainment. Some of the major concerns related to economic stability and community and social conditions that emerge from this analysis appear in the following paragraphs.

Economic Stability

One substantive concern is that hourly wage rates in Lancaster County, when adjusted for inflation, are actually decreasing for persons on the lower half of the earnings scale (see Table 1). The pay of the lowest paid 25 percent of workers has decreased (by eight percent) since 2001. Lancaster, like many other communities, has experienced a major structural shift in its economy that has disproportionately affected less skilled workers.

Table 1. Inflation Adjusted Hourly	wages by Percentile

	Lancaster County Avera Inflation	Percent Change from 2001 to 2017	
	2001		
10th percentile	\$9.53	\$9.15	-4%
25th percentile	\$12.19	\$11.26	-8%
Median	\$17.02	\$16.95	-0.4%
75th percentile	\$24.31	\$24.91	2%
90th percentile	\$35.02	\$36.67	5%

Sources: Bureau of Labor Statistics Occupational Employment Estimates and Consumer Price Index

Lancaster County's job market has experienced a rapid decline in manufacturing employment and a significant expansion in service employment, particularly in the health care sector (Figure 3). This has created a widespread decline in household income as manufacturing jobs that formerly provided families with stable, moderate incomes are replaced by lower-wage service sector jobs. Manufacturing employment has declined from 19% to 12% of employment during this time period, while health-related employment has grown from 9% to 12%. This structural change may relate to a labor-force participation rate that has declined to 66.6% of working age people in 2017 from a pre-recession rate of 68.0% in 2005.

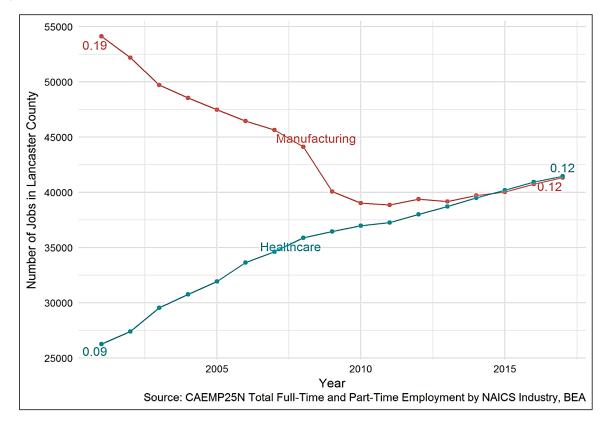


Figure 3. Manufacturing and Health Care Employment in Lancaster County, 2001 – 2017

County-level data by industry sector provide a snapshot of how Black, Latino, and White households have experienced the industrial shift from manufacturing to services (see Table 2). Latinos experienced the largest proportional manufacturing job loss (-16%), followed by Blacks (-12%), then Whites (-9%). Black and Latino employment increased in two very low paying sectors: retail and hospitality. For an average worker, a shift from manufacturing into retail or hospitality meant a pay cut of 50 to 70 percent. The red numbers in these tables indicate a weekly wage difference that is below the manufacturing wage.

	Change in Share of Employment (2000 to 2013)	Estimated Weekly Wages	Weekly Wage Difference from Manufacturing
Latino Manufacturing Job Loss	-15.9%	\$808	
Latinos gained jobs in:			
Health Care	+8.2%	\$586	(\$222)
Transportation	+3.2%	\$731	(\$77)
Food and Hotels	+2.3%	\$288	(\$520)
Retail Trade	+1.8%	\$410	(\$398)
Wholesale Trade	+1.5%	\$744	(\$64)
Black Manufacturing Job Loss	-11.8%	\$862	
Blacks gained jobs in:			
Health Care	+11.1%	\$583	(\$279)
Retail Trade	+2.5%	\$365	(\$498)
Food and Hotels	+2.1%	\$279	(\$583)
Transportation	+1.7%	\$717	(\$145)
White Manufacturing Job Loss	-9.2%	\$1,071	
Whites gained jobs in:			
Health Care	+5.3%	\$836	(\$235)
Management	+1.4%	\$1,295	\$224
Professional and Technical	+1.0%	\$1,143	\$72
Transportation	+1.0%	\$879	(\$192)

Table 2. The Effects of Manufacturing Job Loss by Race

Community and Social Conditions

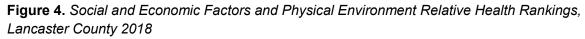
Changes in employment and wages have had a significant effect on the community, particularly among minority populations. The poverty rate in 2016 was 28.3% for Latinos and 28.8% for Blacks compared to 8% for whites. The overall proportion of Lancaster County public school students eligible for free and reduced lunch (i.e., economically disadvantaged) has grown from 27% in 2011 to 43% in 2016.

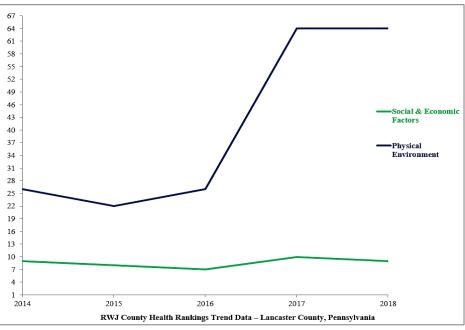
"The poverty rate in 2016 was 28.3% for Latinos and 28.8% for Blacks compared to 8% for whites." The effects are also felt in the local housing market. There are fewer homeowners in Lancaster County today (65.1% in 2016) than there were prior to the 2008 recession (67%) and the proportion of renters who spend more than 30 percent of their income on rent has risen from 46% pre-recession to 50% in 2016.

The overall demographic profile of the community is also changing. While the county is slowly changing its racial composition, it still lacks significant racial diversity; 92% of all residents identified as white in 2017 compared to 93% in 2010. About one in ten (11%) county residents identifies as Hispanic or Latino. Perhaps the most consequential demographic change in the community is the distribution of population by age. The county continues to age, with the share of the population under 18 declining (falling from 25% in 2010 to 24% in 2017) and the share over 65 years of age increasing (growing from 15% in 2010 to 17% in 2017).

Physical Environment

The analysis of Robert Wood Johnson County Health Rankings data that follows also considers a number of health and social determinants measures specific to place. These rankings show that, relatively speaking, Lancaster County's physical environment is poor and likely contributes to poor health outcomes. Indicators of air and water quality place Lancaster's physical environment 64th out of the state's 67 counties. Lancaster County ranks 9th in social and economic factors⁶. Lancaster's social and economic rankings scores have remained stable over the past decade, while physical environment rank has significantly declined relative to other counties in the state (Figure 4). Compared to other counties in the state, Lancaster shows higher rates of severe housing problems, drinking violations/water safety, daily fine particulate matter, driving alone to work, as well as lower rates of college attainment (see Attachment B). Lancaster does relatively well on having low rates of unemployment, violent crime, children in single parent households, and income inequality.





Data Source: Robert Wood Johnson Foundation County Health Rankings

⁶Robert Wood Johnson Foundation. (2018). 2018 County Health Rankings Pennsylvania Data – v1_0.xls [Data file]. Retrieved from http://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/pennsylvania/2018/overview.

The relative performance of Lancaster County on the grouped indicators reveals the indicator groups that need the greatest improvement. Lancaster receives its poorest relative ranking for its physical environment, which includes poor air quality and problems related to housing and transportation. Table 3 displays the health outcomes and factors for Lancaster County as well as the same ranks for the top performing counties in Pennsylvania.

County	Social & Economic Factors	Physical Environment			
Lancaster 9		64			
Top Performing Counties					
Union	8	4			
Centre	4	21			
Montgomery	1	44			

Lancaster County has 97,950 pounds of recognized carcinogens released into the air annually. Between 2010 and 2016, Lancaster has had an average of 18,621 pounds of PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic Chemicals, such as lead and mercury) released into the air on an annual basis (see table A-5 in Appendix A). Lancaster County is ranked 13th nationally for people at risk in the top 25 U.S. cities most polluted by short-term particle pollution (24-hour PM_{2.5}), and Lancaster County is ranked 8th nationally among the top 25 U.S. cities for people at risk in cities most polluted by year-round particle pollution (annual PM_{2.5})⁷.

Summary

Community data related to social determinants indicators reveal notable concerns about the county's economic stability and community and social conditions, including rates of educational attainment. The major social determinants issues facing the county include:

- Large numbers of renters struggling with housing affordability
- High rates of poverty, particularly for minorities: in 2016 28.3% of Latinos and 28.8% of Blacks compared to 8% for whites
- Large income disparities between whites and non-whites
- Hourly wage rates that are decreasing for persons on the lower half of the earnings scale
- Low rates of post-secondary educational attainment
- An aging population
- Lancaster is ranked 13th nationally for people at risk by short-term particle pollution and is ranked 8th nationally for people at risk by year-round particle pollution
- A polluted physical environment; indicators of air and water quality place Lancaster's physical environment 64th out of the state's 67 counties

⁷https://www.lung.org/assets/documents/healthy-air/state-of-the-air/sota-2018-full.pdf

Health Behaviors and Conditions

The prevalence estimates available from the Pennsylvania Department of Health and used throughout this report can be used to estimate the number of residents in Lancaster County who experience a condition, engage in a specific behavior, or encounter some specific health barrier. These population estimates, in turn, can be used to help understand which problems are growing faster, and which are declining faster, than others. A second advantage of this estimation approach is that it accounts for population change over time. All of this information can be helpful for informing the county's health needs and planning. Attachment C provides population estimates for 49 conditions and behaviors.

Population Estimates: How Many Affected?

In aggregate terms, obesity, poor mental and physical health, and having no access to a regular health care provider affect the largest numbers of Lancaster county residents (Table 4). In Lancaster County, more than 275,000 adult residents are overweight or obese; nearly 220,000 adults drove alone to work; nearly 150,000 adults reported having one or more poor mental or physical health days; nearly 75,000 assess their health as fair or poor; and more than 50,000 say they have no usual source of health care. Each of these indicators now affects more residents than in 2015.⁸

Indicator	2013	2015	2017	Change
Adults who are Overweight or Obese	260,882	244,681	275,033	5%
Workers who Drive Alone to Work	211,704	219,540	219,436	4%
Poor Mental Health Days	134,394	142,730	143,674	7%
Poor Physical Health Days	126,488	138,652	143,674	14%
Adults who are Obese	110,677	106,028	135,464	22%
Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Poor or Fair	67,197	61,170	73,889	10%
Adults with NO Usual Source of Health Care	51,386	48,936	53,365	4%

⁸Readers should keep in mind that these estimates are subject to sampling error. The estimated error of each statistic will differ depending on the sample size used to estimate the prevalence of the indicator in any given year. The population base used to estimate the number of county residents affected by an indicator differs depending on the indicator. For most estimates, the calculation is based on the total number of adults residing in the county during a given year. As an example, the sample error for the estimated number of adults who are overweight or obese is \pm 19,763 in 2013, \pm 24,468 in 2015, and \pm 20,525 in 2017. This expected variability means the change in this indicator is not significant.

Population Estimates: Changing Conditions

The fastest growing problems in the county are related to both obesity (which can be thought of at least in part as problems of diet and physical activity) and mental health problems (Table 5). The number of Lancaster County adults who are obese has increased by more than 20% in the past decade, rising from 110,000 residents to 135,000 residents. The number of adults with diabetes has risen by 27% in the past decade, from 35,000 adults to 45,000. Higher relative growth rates are seen in death rates due to drug use (44%), unintentional injuries (38%), firearms (24%), and suicide (18%). Although the total number of citizens directly affected by these increasing death rates is relatively small, they signal something important about the County's ability to assist distressed adults. From a social determinants perspective, the rise in the number of people over 65 years of age living in poverty (18%) and the rise in the number of households receiving public assistance (14%) is a concern given the perceived health of the local economy.

Indicator	2013	2015	2017	Change
Adults who are Overweight or Obese	260,882	244,681	275,033	5%
Adults who are Obese	110,677	106,028	135,464	22%
Adults with Diabetes	35,575	40,780	45,155	27%
Children who are Overweight or Obese: Grades K-6	12,299	14,276	14,393	17%
Households with Public Assistance	5,523	6,055	6,277	14%
People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level	5,260	5,829	6,188	18%
Child Abuse Rate (per 1,000 children)	1,103	1,159	1,942	76%
Lyme Disease Incidence Rate (per 100,000)	9	173	287	3200%
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries	149	174	206	38%
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Diabetes	63	75	79	25%
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Drug Use (per 100,000)	44	53	63	44%
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Suicide	37	43	44	18%
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Firearms	23	27	28	24%

 Table 5. Fastest Growing Indicators in Lancaster County, Change in Affected Residents, 2013-2017

Despite the growth of a number of problems related to obesity, mental health, and social determinants, the county has made progress on important indicators related to health behaviors, access, and the economy (Table 6). The relative declines in adults who smoke (- 43%), adults without health insurance (-25%), and adults who binge drink (- 17%) offer substantive proof that community-level interventions can help reduce risky health behaviors and increase access to health care. The large reduction in unemployed workers (- 46%) over the past decade is a net positive from a social determinants perspective.

Table 6. Fastest Improving Indicators in Lancaster County, Change in Affected Residents, 2013-2017

Indicator	2013	2015	2017	Change
Adults who Binge Drink	59,291	48,936	49,260	-17%
Adults with NO Health Insurance	60,873	50,975	45,565	-25%
Adults who Smoke	79,055	53,014	45,155	-43%
Unemployed Workers (16+) in Civilian Labor Force	26,361	19,150	14,248	-46%
Teens who are Overweight or Obese: Grades 7-12	16,399	13,931	13,627	-17%
Gonorrhea Incidence Rate (per 100,000)	268	173	165	-39%
Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)	49	48	45	-8%
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to HIV	4	3	3	-27%



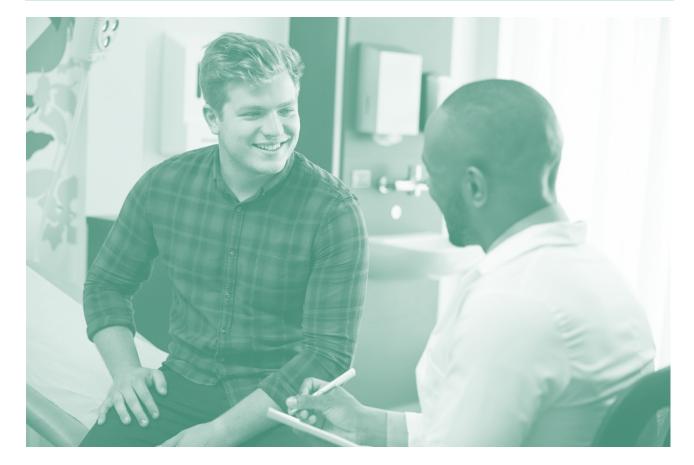
Healthy People 2020

The Healthy People 2020 indicators establish national objectives that, if met, should lead to improved health for both individuals and communities. Healthy People 2020 established more than 1,200 objectives for 42 public health topics. County-level data is not available for all of these indicators due to the limitations of the data sources that track them, but this assessment includes 35 indicators where Lancaster County data is available, including 10 that are considered leading health indicators because they represent high-priority health issues.

Lancaster County meets 17 of the 35 Healthy People 2020 objectives we were able to track, including three leading health indicators (Table 7). Lancaster County meets leading health indicator targets for the proportion of children who are obese, and for rates of binge drinking and smoking. The County meets many Healthy People goals for cancer death rates and cancer incidence and also for death rates due to coronary heart disease, HIV, firearms, and motor vehicle accidents.

Indicator	Lancaster	ΡΑ	HP2020	Goal Met
Adults who Binge Drink	12%	18%	24%	Yes
Adults who Smoke	11%	18%	12%	Yes
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Coronary Heart Disease	93.6	111.3	100.8	Yes
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Firearms	6.8	11.2	9.2	Yes
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to HIV	0.7	1.4	3.3	Yes
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle Collisions	9.1	9.4	12.4	Yes
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cancer	154.3	168.5	160.6	Yes
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Colorectal Cancer	13.8	15.2	14.5	Yes
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung Cancer	35.5	43.7	45.5	Yes
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Prostate Cancer	16.0	18.8	21.2	Yes
Babies with Low Birth Weight (per 1,000 live births)	7.1%	8.2%	7.8%	Yes
Cervical Cancer Incidence Rate	7.2	7.4	7.3	Yes
Children who are Obese: Grades K-6	15.2%	16.7%	15.7%	Yes
Colorectal Cancer Incidence Rate	37.1	42.6	39.9	Yes
Mothers who Breastfeed	86.4%	79.7%	81.9%	Yes
Salmonella Incidence Rate (per 100,000)	9.3	12.1	11.4	Yes
Workers who Walk to Work	3.7%	3.8%	3.1%	Yes

Table 7. Healthy People 2020 Goals Achieved



Lancaster County fails to meet 18 of the 35 Healthy People 2020 objectives we are able to track, including seven leading health indicators (Table 8). Goals for having a usual source of health care and for having health insurance, two leading health indicators related to health access, have not been met. Leading health indicators related to nutrition, physical activity, and obesity, which include obesity rates for adults and adolescents, were also missed. Rates of infant mortality and death rates for suicide and unintentional injuries also exceed the Healthy People targets. In short, Lancaster County misses Healthy People targets for seven out of the 10 leading health indicators we can track. Lancaster County's rates for the Healthy People 2020 targets are often similar to the state's rates on its missed targets, with two exceptions; the rates of children without health insurance and early prenatal care are much lower in Lancaster County than in the state as a whole.

Table 8.	Healthy	People	2020	Goals	Missed
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Indicator	Lancaster	ΡΑ	HP2020	Goal Met
Adults who are Obese	33%	31%	31%	No
Adults with a Usual Source of Health Care	87%	86%	89%	No
Adults with Health Insurance	89%	93%	100%	No
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cerebrovascular Disease	37.5	37.1	33.8	No
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Drug Use	15.4	25.3	11.3	No
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Falls	8.3	9	7.0	No
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Suicide	10.6	13.4	10.2	No
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Suicide	10.6	13.4	10.2	No
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries	50.3	61.2	36.0	No
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer Females	20.7	21.6	20.6	No
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Drug Use	15.4	25.3	11.3	No
Child Abuse Rate (per 1,000 children)	15.1	14.5	8.5	No
Children (0 - 17 years of age) with Health Insurance	83%	96%	100%	No
Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)	6.4	6.4	6.0	No
Mothers who did not Smoke During Pregnancy	91.7%	87.4%	98.6%	No
Mothers who Received Early Prenatal Care	61.4%	72.5%	77.9%	No
Pneumonia Vaccination Rate 65+	71%	74%	90%	No
Teens who are Obese: Grades 7-12	18.0%	19.0%	16.1%	No
Workers Commuting by Public Transportation	1.2%	5.6%	5.5%	No

Health Behavior and Health Outcomes

The Robert Wood Johnson County Health Rankings data shows that Lancaster County ranks 8 out of 67 counties in health outcomes and 10 out of 67 counties in health factors. The health outcomes and health rankings scores for Lancaster County have remained stable over the past decade. Compared to other counties in the state, Lancaster shows higher rates of uninsured individuals and lower rates of college attainment (see Attachment B). Lancaster does relatively well on having low rates of premature death, preventable hospital stays, and smoking (Figure 5).

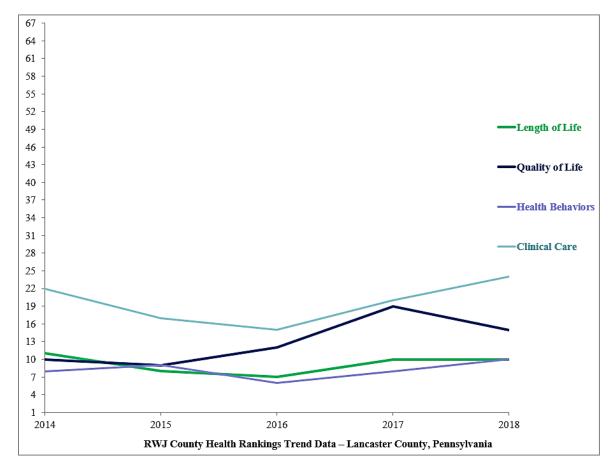


Figure 5. Length of Life, Quality of Life, Health Behaviors, and Clinical Care Relative Health Rankings, Lancaster County 2018

*Note: Figure created by the Center for Opinion Research using Robert Wood Johnson Foundation County Health Rankings data.

The relative performance of Lancaster County on the grouped indicators reveals the indicator groups that need the greatest improvement. Clinical care indicators, which include access and quality indicators, is the second lowest performing set of factors for Lancaster County. The third area of concern relates to quality of life indicators. Table 9 displays the health outcomes and factors for Lancaster County as well as the same ranks for the top performing counties in Pennsylvania.

County	Length of Life	Quality of Life	Health Behaviors	Clinical Care							
Lancaster	10	15	10	24							
Top Performing Counties											
Union	3	4	22	4							
Centre	1	5	9	13							
Montgomery	4	3	2	2							

Table 9. Relative County Ranks on County Health Rankings Outcomes and Factors

Summary

The number of Lancaster County residents affected by specific conditions or engaging in specific behaviors offers suggestions about which health issues need attention. Progress toward reaching Healthy People 2020 targets also provides some guidance about potential health priorities.

This section has identified Lancaster County's most concerning health metrics:

- More than 275,000 adult residents are overweight or obese
- Nearly 150,000 adults reported having one or more poor mental or physical health days
- Nearly 75,000 assess their health as fair or poor
- More than 50,000 have no usual source of health care
- Each of these indicators now affects more residents than in 2015
- The fastest growing problems in the county are related to both obesity and mental health
- National goals for having a usual source of health care and for having health insurance have not been met
- Leading health indicators related to nutrition, physical activity, and obesity, which include obesity rates for adults and adolescents, have not been met
- Rates of infant mortality exceed Healthy People targets
- Death rates for suicide and unintentional injuries exceed Healthy People targets

This section also identified health metrics that are positive:

- Fewer adults smoke (- 43%)
- Fewer adults are without health insurance (- 25%)
- Fewer adults binge drink (- 17%)
- Indicators for the proportion of children who are obese meet national targets
- Rates of binge drinking meet national targets
- Rates of smoking meet national targets
- Many Healthy People goals related to cancer death rates and cancer incidence and also for death rates due to coronary heart disease, HIV, firearms, and motor vehicle accidents have been met

Health Risks and Disability-Adjusted Life Years

Leading Causes of Death and Disability

Long-term health risks and disability can be quantified by calculating disability-adjusted life years. Disability-adjusted life years (DALYs) calculations provide an estimate of the burden of disease by assessing premature mortality and disability, thus providing an overall view of the most important contributors to health loss. In the United States, the leading causes of DALYs were all non-communicable diseases: heart disease, COPD, lung cancer, and major depressive disorders. The rates of these major causes of death and disability for Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, and the US are shown in Table 10.

	Lancaster ^a	Pennsylvaniaª	US⁵
Heart disease	159.4	176.2	165.5
Cancer	153.5	164.7	155.8
Accidents	50.3	61.8	47.4
Stroke	37.8	37.0	37.3
Chronic lower respiratory diseases	33.7	36.8	40.6
Alzheimer's disease	29.4	21.7	30.3
Diabetes mellitus	19.6	20.3	21.0
Kidney Disease ^c	14.2	15.7	13.1
Influenza and pneumonia	7.3	13.9	13.5
Septicemia	9.7	13.5	10.7

Table 10. Leading Causes of Death, Age-Adjusted Rates per 100,000

a. 2016 Age-adjusted rate; Source: https://www.phaim1.health.pa.gov/EDD/WebForms/DeathCntySt.aspx

b. 2016 Age-adjusted rate; Source: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/pressroom/states/pennsylvania/pennsylvania.htm

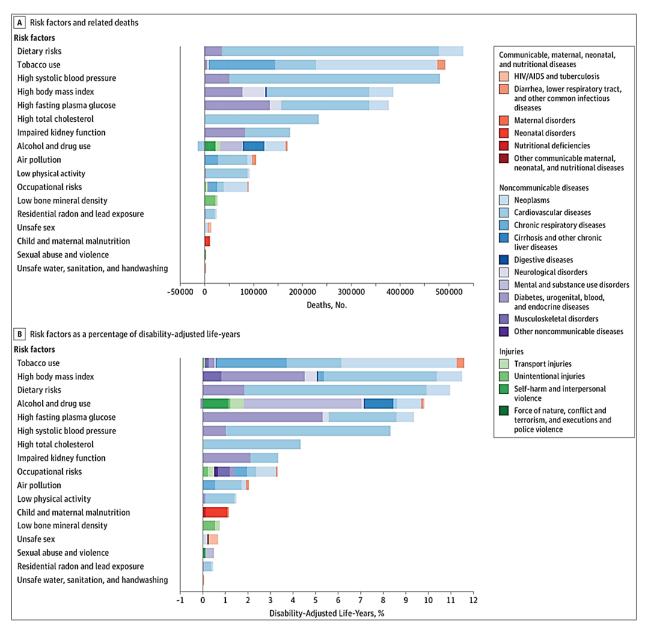
c. In county-level data, indicator for kidney disease" is "Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis"

Leading Risk Factors for Death and Disability

The disability-adjusted life years estimates might encourage a focus on these conditions, but focusing on these conditions would do little to reduce lives lost and disability within a community. Instead, a public health focus on reducing DALYs prioritizes the prevention of disease for an entire population instead of treatment for individual conditions. Even though the specific conditions affect a small segment of the population, the risk factors that account for the most disease burden in the United States are dietary risks, smoking, and high BMI. Each contributes to cancer, cardiovascular and circulatory disorders, chronic respiratory diseases, and diabetes, as Figure 6 displays.⁹

⁹Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation. GBD Profile: United States. Retrieved from http://www.healthmetricsandevaluation.org.

Figure 6. Number of Deaths and Percentage of Disability-Adjusted Life-Years Related to the 17 Leading Risk Factors in the United States, 2016



Source: The State of US Health, 1990 – 2016 JAMA. 2018;319(14):1444-1472. doi:10.1001/jama.2018.0158

Lancaster County Risk Factors

Residents of Lancaster County have better comparative rates of smoking and binge drinking compared to adults in the state, but they also struggle with obesity and health access issues.

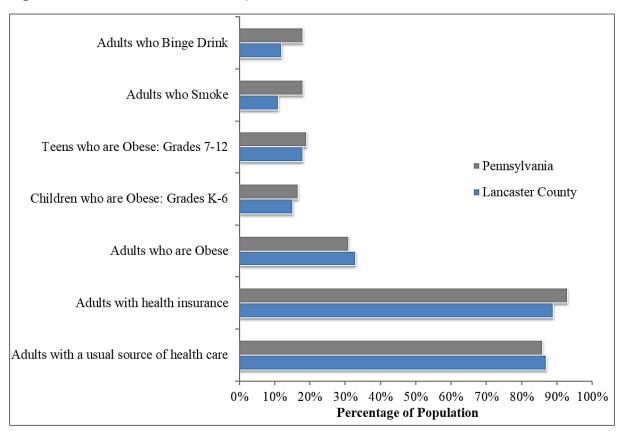


Figure 7. Behavioral Health Risk Comparison

Summary

The risk factors that account for the most disease burden in the United States are dietary risks, smoking, and high BMI. Each contributes to cancer, cardiovascular and circulatory disorders, chronic respiratory diseases, and diabetes. Residents of Lancaster County have better comparative rates of smoking and binge drinking compared to adults in the state, but they also struggle with obesity and health access issues.

Engaging the Community

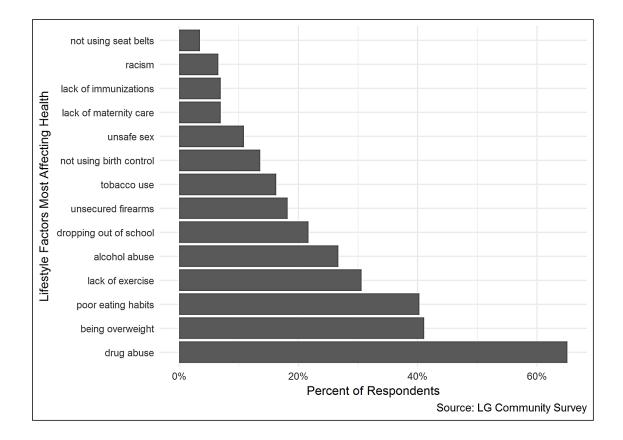
Community Survey

Penn Medicine Lancaster General Health conducted a survey of community members at selected community events during summer 2018 to gather input about perceived community health needs and barriers to good health. Penn Medicine Lancaster General Health collected a total of 258 survey responses from members of the Coalition to End Homelessness and Lighten Up Lancaster County coalition, staff from Community Action Partnership and Healthy Beginnings Plus, the Lancaster County Office of Aging, and community members who took the survey online or at Lancaster County's Pride Day celebration. The goal of the survey was to sample from selected locations, organizations, and coalitions to gather feedback from traditionally marginalized communities, including people of color, people of Hispanic/Latino ethnicity, and individuals who identify as gay, lesbian, bisexual, and/or transgender. The survey is not representative of the community as a whole. Most community survey respondents were white (85%), female (73%), and held a Bachelor's (38%) or postgraduate (32%) degree. Two percent of respondents identified as transgender and one in seven identified as gay or lesbian (6%) or bisexual (6%).

Community survey respondents were most likely to believe that affordable housing (54%), jobs with livable wages (42%), and access to healthy food (38%) were the most important characteristics of a healthy, stable community. Community respondents are also most likely to rate a lack of affordable housing (51%) as the most important challenge facing the community. Lack of economic opportunity (8%) and access to healthy food (8%) were rated as far lesser challenges at the moment. Instead, drug and alcohol abuse (38%), access to mental health services (32%), and homelessness (27%) were rated as the community's most important challenges. In fact, community survey respondents consider drug abuse (65%) as the most important lifestyle factor currently affecting community health (see Figure 8). Lifestyle factors including being overweight (41%) and having a poor diet (40%) were a distant second and third.



"Community respondents are most likely to rate a lack of affordable housing (51%) as the most important challenge facing the community."



Stakeholder Forum

Penn Medicine Lancaster General Health, WellSpan Health, and UPMC Pinnacle jointly hosted a community stakeholder forum on December 17, 2018.¹⁰ The three primary goals of the forum were to: (1) explain the CHNA process and the role of community stakeholders; (2) present the analytic framework and preliminary community health data included in this summary; and (3) gather input from community stakeholders, particularly those with public health expertise and individuals and organizations serving medically underserved, low-income, and minority populations in Lancaster County, about community health needs and community resources. After a brief presentation of community health data, including demographics, social determinants such as education and income, health behaviors, and health outcomes, attendees answered two specific questions: what are the

¹⁰A total of 99 individuals attended the community forum and provided input. The participants represented diverse sectors, including healthcare, social services, education, public health, economic and community development, government, housing, food access, philanthropy, early child development, higher education, aging and disability services, and others. In Lancaster County, there has been a movement to concentrate social services in "hubs" throughout the county. Each hub works closely with members of their community to identify community needs and develop community resources to meet those needs. Several hubs were represented at the stakeholder forum and provided valuable feedback on the variety of needs facing different geographic regions of Lancaster County. In addition, there were many participants who work closely with low-income and underserved community members, including social workers, counselors, community organizers, and case managers. We also ensured that our definition of health extended beyond physical health, with representation from behavioral health and mental health providers and advocacy organizations.

most important health needs in our community? And which health needs have feasible community solutions?¹¹

Table 11 shows the community health needs identified by 10 or more of those attending the forum as the most important needs in Lancaster. Participants were encouraged to reflect on the needs that have had the most negative impact on their clients, family, and social networks.

Health Needs	Total mentions
Mental health and access to mental health care	42
Access to health care and health insurance	39
Affordable healthy housing	25
Drug & alcohol use and access to treatment	25
Nutrition education/access to healthy food/food security	25
Obesity/overweight	20
Transportation	18
Violence/sexual assault/abuse/trauma and adverse childhood experiences (ACEs)	17
Quality jobs/wages/income/poverty	14
System navigation/case management/complex needs	12
Physical activity/physical literacy/access to exercise opportunities	10

Table 11. Community Perceptions of Health Needs by Importance

The stakeholders offered feasible solutions for all of the health needs identified above and noted many community resources available in Lancaster to address them. Capturing this sentiment, one stakeholder wrote, "All can be addressed with appropriate connections and partners working together toward common goals." The stakeholders identified many community resources available to address needs.

Many stakeholders mentioned the strength of our community coalitions, including Let's Talk Lancaster (mental health), Lighten Up Lancaster County (obesity, physical activity, nutrition), Hunger-Free Lancaster County (food security), the Coalition to End Homelessness, the Coalition to Combat Poverty, Joining Forces (opioid use) and LiveWell Lancaster (general health). Others identified individual community organizations (such as the Boys and Girls Club, COBYS, Lancaster Family YMCA, and Community Action Partnership) and local healthcare systems as community resources. Schools and school staff, housing communities, faith-based organizations, businesses,

¹¹For each question, participants recorded individual answers on a worksheet then had two minutes to discuss the question with a partner and four additional minutes to discuss their answers with a group of four. Next, several groups shared their ideas with the full group. Throughout the discussion, participants were encouraged to record additional ideas on their worksheets. After discussing both questions, groups of six to eight participants ranked the health needs they had identified on a two-dimensional scatterplot, with community impact on the y-axis and potential for community change on the x-axis. All individual worksheets and the group scatterplots were collected and compiled to include in this report.

and media were also identified as potential resources. Finally, many stakeholders recognized that Lancaster County's community hubs are essential community resources.

Figure 9 shows the compiled scatterplots that the groups created to rate community health needs according to their community impact and potential for change. The points on Figure 9 reflect the number of groups who included the health need on their plot, so larger dots indicate that more groups chose to rate the need. All of the top needs in Table 11 are reflected in Figure 9, with impact scores above 6. Several groups ranked income and poverty, affordable and healthy housing, access to care and insurance, and behavioral/mental health at the top of the impact scale. The issues identified by several groups with the greatest potential for change were care coordination/navigation, substance use intervention, healthy eating and physical activity, and transportation.



Figure 9. Community Perceptions of Health Needs by Impact and Potential for Change

Prioritized Significant Health Needs

Based on scope, severity, and community perceptions of severity and potential impact, Lancaster County's most significant needs focus on two social determinants and two behavioral health priorities:

- Establishing and maintaining the basic conditions that support health, including, access to care, family-sustaining incomes, accessible transportation, affordable and quality housing, violence reduction, and reduction in exposure to adverse childhood experiences
- Advocating for improvements to the county's physical environment, emphasizing improved air and water quality
- Supporting improved mental health including reducing and treating substance use
- Supporting active living, healthy eating, and less obesity

Table A-1 H	Table A-1 Health Care Access: Estimates, Comparisons, Trends and Goals										
			Lancaster		Pennsylvania	U.S.	Healthy People 2020				
Access to Health Services	2009-11	2011-2013	2012-2014	2014-16	2015-17	2015-17					
Adults with a Usual Source of Health Care	90%	87%	87%	88%	87%	86%		89%			
	2011	2013	2014	2015	2016	2016	2016				
Adults with Health Insurance	85%	85%	85%	88%	89%	93%	88%	100%			
Children (0 - 17 years of age) with Health Insurance	85%	84%	85%	85%	83%	96%	96%	100%			
	2011	2012		2014	2015	2015	2015				
Primary Care Provider Rate (per 100,000 people)	75	75		75	74	81	75				
	Table A-2 Health	Behaviors: E	stimates, Cor	mparisons, T	Frends and (Goals					

			Lan	caster			PA	U.S.	Healthy People 2020
Exercise, Nutrition, & Weight	2001-03	2011-13	2012-14	2013-15	2014-16	2015-17	2015-17		
Adults who are Obese	24%	28%	27%	25%	26%	33%	31%		31%
Adults who are Overweight or Obese	62%	66%	64%	60%	60%	67%	66%		
	2009-10	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2015-16		
Children who are Obese: Grades K-6	14.9%	13.9%	14.6%	15.2%	14.9%	15.2%	16.7%		15.7%
Children who are Overweight or Obese: Grades K-6	30.2%	28.9%	36.3%	29.1%	29.6%	29.8%	31.9%		
Teens who are Obese: Grades 7-12	16.4%	13.1%	17.4%	17.4%	17.8%	18.0%	19.0%		16.1%
Teens who are Overweight or Obese: Grades 7-12	32.3%	27.6%	40.1%	32.6%	33.8%	33.9%	35.5%		
Substance Abuse	2004-06	2011-13	2012-14	2013-15	2014-16	2015-17	2015-17		
Adults who Binge Drink	14%	15%	13%	10%	12%	12%	18%		24%
Adults who Smoke	19%	20%	18%	15%	13%	11%	18%		12%
	2000-04	2008-12	2009-13	2010-14	2011-15	2012-16	2012-16	2016	
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Drug Use (per 100,000)	6.4	11.1	11.4	11.8	12.9	15.4	25.3	17.9	11.3

Appendix A

Table	A-3 Health C	Conditions: E	stimates, Co	mparisons,	Trends and G	Boals			
			Lan	caster			PA	U.S.	Healthy People 2020
Cancer	2000-04	2008-12	2009-13	2010-14	2011-15	2012-16	2012-16	2016	
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer Females	26.6	23.4	22.1	21	21.4	20.7	21.6		20.6
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cancer	186.4	167	159.4	155.8	153.4	154.3	168.5		160.6
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Colorectal Cancer	21	16.6	14.9	14.6	14.0	13.8	15.2		14.5
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung Cancer	47.2	41.2	38.9	36.7	35.2	35.5	43.7		45.5
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Prostate Cancer	26	19.4	17.7	15.8	16.1	16.0	18.8		21.2
		2005-09	2008-12	2009-13	2010-14	2011-15	2011-15	2011-15	
All Cancer Incidence Rate		467.9	449.7	444.7	441.1	444.0	481.7	441.2	
Breast Cancer Incidence Rate		119.8	123.8	122.5	125.2	126.3	131	124.7	
Cervical Cancer Incidence Rate		8.7	7.5	7.3	6.6	7.2	7.4	7.5	7.3
Colorectal Cancer Incidence Rate		48.8	40.7	39.8	37.1	37.1	42.6	39.2	39.9
Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate		59	55.1	53.3	52.1	51.1	64.7	60.2	
Oral Cavity and Pharynx Cancer Incidence Rate		8.9	9	9.6	9.6	10.5	11.9	11.6	
Prostate Cancer Incidence Rate		147.7	125.2	113	103.2	94.9	111.1	109	
Diabetes	2001-03	2011-13	2012-14	2013-15	2014-16	2015-17	2015-17		
Adults with Diabetes	6%	9%	9%	10%	10%	11%	11%		
	2000-04	2008-12	2009-13	2010-14	2011-15	2012-16	2012-16	2016	
Age-Adjusted Death Rate (per 100,000) due to Diabetes	22.0	16	16.8	17.6	18.4	19.3	21.8	21	
	2008-09	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2015-16		
Children with Type 1 Diabetes	0.29%	0.29%	0.29%	0.28%	0.30%	0.32%	0.33%		
Children with Type 2 Diabetes	0.03%	0.03%	0.05%	0.05%	0.04%	0.03%	0.06%		
Heart Disease & Stroke	2004-06	2011-13	2012-14	2013-15	2014-16	2015-17	2015-17		
Adults who Experienced a Heart Attack, Coronary Heart Disease, or a Stroke	9%	12%	12%	13%	11%	12%	13%		
	2000-04	2008-12	2009-13	2010-14	2011-15	2012-16	2012-16	2016	
Age-Adjusted Death Rate (per 100,000) due to Cerebrovascular Disease (Stro	57.8	41.1	38.8	37.7	37.6	37.5	37.1	37.3	33.8
Age-Adjusted Death Rate (pe 100,000) due to Coronary Heart Disease	151	100.4	97.2	92.6	92.2	93.6	111.3		100.8
Mental Health & Mental Disorders	2000-04	2008-12	2009-13	2010-14	2011-15	2012-16	2012-16	2016	
Age-Adjusted Death Rate (per 100,000) due to Suicide	8.9	9.3	9.5	10.2	10.6	10.6	13.4	13.5	10.2
3 1 (1 -) · · ·)		2009-11	2010-12	2011-13	2014-16	2015-17	2015-17		-
Poor Mental Health Days		29%	28%	34%	35%	35%	37%		
,				2014	2015	2016	2016	2016	
Frequent Mental Distress				11.2%	10.8%	11.4%	13.0%	15.0%	
Respiratory Diseases	2004-06	2011-13	2012-14	2013-15	2014-16	2015-17	2015-17		
Adults with Asthma	9%	11%	11%	9%	7%	11%	10%		
	2009-10	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2015-16		
Children with Asthma	13.2%	14.0%	13.6%	13.6%	13.5%	13.8%	12.1%		

Appendix A

Tal	ole A-4 Vital S	statistics: Est	imates, Com	parisons, Tr	ends and Go	als			
			Lan	caster			PA	U.S.	Healthy People 2020
Family Planning	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2016	2015	
Teen Birth Rate (per 1,000 ages 15 - 17)	11.9	10.5	8.4	8.9	7.3	7.7	7.1	8.8	
Food Safety	2003-05	2010-12	2011-13	2012-14	2013-15	2014-16	2014-16		
Salmonella Incidence Rate (per 100,000)	17.4	9.2	8.6	8.2	8.8	9.3	12.1		11.4
Immunizations & Infectious Diseases	2000-04	2008-12	2009-13	2010-14	2011-15	2012-16	2012-16	2016	
Age-Adjusted Death Rate (per 100,000) due to HIV	2.3	1	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	1.4	1.9	3.3
Age-Adjusted Death Rate (per 100,000) due to Influenza and Pneumonia	16.7	11.7	11.7	10.7	10.9	10.1	14.6	13.5	
	2003-05	2010-12	2011-13	2012-14	2013-15	2014-16	2014-16		
Chlamydia Incidence Rate (per 100,000)	175.1	234.9	214.6	215.4	232	245.5	419.4	458.2	
Gonorrhea Incidence Rate (pe 100,000)	52.3	67.9	57.6	48.2	42.5	40.1	104.5	113	
Lyme Disease Incidence Rate (per 100,000)	40.6	2.2	2.3	11.1	42.4	69.9	73.9	8.1	
	2010-12	2011-13	2012-14	2013-15	2014-16	2015-17	2015-17		
Pneumonia Vaccination Rate 65+	75%	72%	75%	75%	75%	71%	74%		90%
Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health	2003-05	2010-12	2011-13	2012-14	2013-15	2014-16	2014-16	2014-16	
Babies with Low Birth Weight (per 1,000 live births)	6.5%	6.9%	6.8%	7.1%	7.2%	7.1%	8.2%	8.2%	7.8%
Babies with Very Low Birth Weight: Singleton Births (per 1,000 live births)	1.2%	1.2%	1.1%	1.3%	1.3%	1.3%	1.4%		
Mothers who Breastfeed	78.7%	81.1%	81.2%	82.2%	84.9%	86.4%	79.7%		82%
Mothers who did not Smoke During Pregnancy	87.0%	89.0%	89.7%	90.3%	90.9%	91.7%	87.4%		99%
Mothers who Received Early Prenatal Care	69.2%	61.5%	61.8%	61.7%	61.3%	61.4%	72.5%		78%
Mothers who Received No Prenatal Care	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	1.7%	1.6%	
Preterm: Singleton Births (per 1,000 live births)	8.9%	8.8%	8.3%	8.8%	9.0%	9.4%	9.4%	9.8%	
	2000-04	2008-12	2009-13	2010-14	2011-15	2012-16	2012-16	2012-16	
Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)	7.6	6.7	6.8	6.8	6.6	6.4	6.4	5.9	6.0
Prevention & Safety									
Age-Adjusted Death Rate (per 100,000) due to Falls	3.8	7.6	8.5	8	8.2	8.3	9	8.9	7.0
Age-Adjusted Death Rate (per 100,000) due to Firearms	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.7	6.5	6.8	11.2		9.2
Age-Adjusted Death Rate (per 100,000) due to Suicide	8.9	9.3	9.5	10.2	10.6	10.6	13.4	13.5	10.2
	2009	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2016	2016	
Age-Adjusted Death Rate (per 100,000) due to Unintentional Injuries	37.7	38.3	40.9	37.8	42.6	50.3	61.2	46.9	36.0

Та	ble A-5 Social	Context: Est	timates, Con	nparisons, Tr	rends and Go	als			
			Lan	caster			PA	U.S.	Healthy People 2020
Economy		2012			2014	2017	2017	2017	
Unemployed Workers (16 and older) in Civilian Labor Force		6.5%			4.6%	3.4%	5.3%	5.3%	
					2009-13	2012-16	2012-16	2012-16	
Households with Public Assistance					6,208	6,370	168,007	3,147,577	
		2007-11	2008-12	2009-13	2011-15	2012-16	2012-16	2012-16	
Homeownership		67.0%	66.7%	66.2%	65.4%	65.1%	61.3%	55.9%	
	2006-10	2007-12	2009-13	2010-14	2011-15	2012-16	2012-16	2012-16	
Renters Spending 30% or More of Household Income on Rent	45.7%		51.8%			50.4%	49.6%	51.1%	
Median Household Income (dollars)	\$54,765	\$56,172	56483		57721	59237	54895	55322	
Per Capita Income (dollars)	\$25,854	\$26,283	26496		27158	28152	30137	29829	
Children Living Below Poverty Level	• - •	14.2%	14.9%	15.1%	15.6%	15.9%	19.1%	21.2%	
Families Living Below Poverty Level	6.7%		7.3%			7.2%	9.1%	11.0%	
Households with children receiving SNAP					51.8%	51.2%	46.8%	53.0%	
People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level		6.7%	6.8%	6.8%	6.5%	6.7%	8.1%	9.3%	
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level		72.8%	72.2%	71.5%	71.0%	71.4%	69.8%	66.4%	
People Living Below Poverty Level		9.9%	10.3%	10.5%	10.7%	10.8%	13.3%	15.1%	
Young Children (ages 0 - 5) Living Below Poverty Level		16.4%	17.4%	17.3%	18.0%	17.9%	21.6%	23.6%	
		2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2014-15	2015-16	2015-16	2015-16	
Students Eligible for the Free Lunch Program		27.3%	28.4%	31.9%	38.7%	42.9%	43.6%	42.6%	
Education	2010-11	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2016-17	2015-16	
School Dropouts	2%	1%	1.10%		1.10%	1.10%	1.70%		
Student-to-Teacher Ratio	14.4	15	14.9	14.6	14.5		14.7	17.7	
	2006-10	2007-11	2008-12	2009-13	2011-15	2012-16	2012-16	2012-16	
People 25+ with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher	23%	23%	23.50%	24.20%	25.20%	25.70%	29.30%	30.30%	
Environment	2070	2008-10	2010-12	2011-13	2013-15	2014-16	20.0070	00.0070	
Annual Ozone Air Quality (days)		5	5	5	3	4			
Annual Particle Pollution (days)		4	4	4	5	5			
		•	2010	2011	2015	2016			
Recognized Carcinogens Released into Air (pounds)			109586	96560	99175	97950			
PBT Released (pounds)			11912	49849	7198	5525			
		2009	2010	2011	2012	2014-16		2016	
Farmers Market Density (per 1,000 residents)		0.02		0.03	0.03	0.02		0.03	
Fast Food Restaurant Density (per 1,000 residents)		0.56		0.59	0.62	0.61		0.00	
Grocery Store Density (per 1,000 residents)		0.21		0.22	0.21	0.21			
Households without a Car and > 1 Mile from a Grocery Store		0.2	4.0%	0.22	0.2.	3.9%			
Low-Income and >1 Mile from a Grocery Store			5.2%			5.2%			
SNAP Certified Stores (per 1,000 residents)		0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6			
		2009-10	2011	2012	2015	2016-17	2015-16	2016-18	
Recreation and Fitness Facilities (per 1,000 residents)			0.11	0.11		0.10		0.06	
Public Safety			••••	••••		•••••			
Violent Crime Rate (per 100,000)			180	167.4	180.3	175.7	315.6	386.3	
Age-Adjusted Death Rate (per 100,000) due to Motor Vehicle Collisions		11.5	12.2	10.1	9.8	9.1	9.4		12.4
Social Environment			2009-10	2011	2012	2015			
Child Abuse Rate (per 1,000 children)			6.9	6.7	8.3	15.1	14.5		8.5
		2007-11	2008-12	2009-13	2011-15	2012-16	2012-16	2012-16	
Single-Parent Households		22%	22%	22%	25%	24%	34%	34%	
Transportation		2007-11	2011	2012	2017	2018	2018	2018	
Mean Travel Time to Work (minutes)		22.1	21.9	21.9	22.9	23.1	26.5	26.1	
Workers who Walk to Work		3.6%	3.6%	3.6%	3.6%	3.7%	3.8%	2.8%	3.1%
	2006-10	2007-11	2008-12	2009-13	2011-15	2012-16	2012-16	2012-16	
Workers who Drive Alone to Work	78.8%	79.2%	79.2%	79.3%	79.3%	79.1%	76.5%	76.4%	
Households without a Vehicle		9.8%	9.3%	9.7%	9.5%	9.5%	11.2%	9.0%	
Workers Commuting by Public Transportation	1.2%	1.2%	1.2%	1.2%	1.3%	1.2%	5.6%	5.1%	5.5%

Overview – Lancaster County

All data in the tables below are extracted from Census Bureau American Community Survey (ACS) 1-vear and 5-vear estimates, except where noted. Since all ACS data is survey based, all of the estimates provided in this report are subject to sampling error. This report uses ACS 5-year survey estimates whenever possible because the data has larger sample sizes, which produces more precise estimates due to smaller sampling When population subgroups are error. particularly small, readers are reminded that large vear-to-vear changes in the estimates may be a result of sampling variability. All monetary values in the tables are expressed in 2016 inflationadjusted dollars, using the CPI index for all urban consumers.

Demographic Statistics

A. Population Statistics

Total Population

Lancaster County's population has grown at a faster rate than that of the State. Lancaster's 2010-2017 population growth rate of 4.3% is almost as fast as that of the United States, which is 5.3% (Table A1).

Population Shares by Age

Lancaster County has a larger share of children than Pennsylvania and the United States. Its share of older persons is similar to that of the nation and of the state (<u>Table A2</u>).

Share of Population by Race and Ethnicity

The population shares of minority groups in Lancaster have been increasing over the prior 7 years. White persons continue to comprise over 90% of the population of Lancaster County in 2017 (Table A3).

B. Household Statistics

Households by Occupancy

Lancaster has a housing vacancy rate that is less than half of those of Pennsylvania and the United States. A majority of housing units are still owner occupied (68%), but the share of households that are renting is growing in Lancaster (<u>Table B1</u>).

Housing Characteristics

Unlike in the U.S., inflation adjusted median home value has dropped in Pennsylvania and Lancaster between the 2009-13 and 2012-16 periods. Housing affordability has improved for owners and renters, but half of all renters in Lancaster continue to experience a housing affordability problem (Table B2).

Households by Type

Household size has increased in Lancaster County faster than it has in the state and the nation. Shares of single-parent households have increased slightly (+0.8%) in the prior 3 years in Lancaster (<u>Table B3</u>).

C. Income Statistics

Household and Family Income

Incomes in Lancaster County have been increasing in recent years, even after adjusting for inflation. The highest income households in Lancaster experienced the biggest percentage income gains (5.5% inflation adjusted income growth, compared to 1.7-2.4% growth for lower and middle-class households) between the two reference periods. In Lancaster, the lowest quintile experienced a 1.7% increase in its income, which is a larger income gain than the lowest quintiles in the state and the nation (Table C1).

Median Household Income by Race and Ethnicity

There are large income disparities by race and ethnicity in Lancaster County, with Black and Latino households having much lower median income levels than White households. In Lancaster, median income for White and Latino households has increased between the two reference periods, while Black households' median income has decreased (<u>Table C2</u>).

Poverty

In Lancaster, poverty rates have slightly increased for individuals (+0.3%), and for families with children (+0.2%). Child poverty has increased faster in Lancaster (+1.0%) than in Pennsylvania (+0.3%), and this trend contrasts with that of the U.S. as a whole, which has seen

its child poverty rate drop in recent years (<u>Table</u> <u>C3</u>).

Households with Supplemental Benefits in the Past 12 Months

The number of Lancaster County households that receive supplemental benefits, which include food stamps/SNAP, cash public assistance, and supplemental security income, has increased (<u>Table C4</u>).

D. Employment Statistics

Employment Status of the Population 16 Years and Older

Over the past 5 years, the rate of labor force participation has increased in Lancaster, in contrast to the declines that took place in the state and the nation. Lancaster County has had a consistently lower unemployment rate than these comparison areas, although the gap between the unemployment rates of the U.S. and Lancaster has been getting smaller since 2015 (Table D1).

Means of Transportation to Work

The average length of workers' commutes in Lancaster County has increased in recent years, but the types of transportation used has remained essentially unchanged. Lancaster County hasn't experienced the drops in rates of carpooling and public transportation use that have taken place in the state and nation (<u>Table D2</u>).

Employment by Occupation

Jobs in Lancaster have shifted away from bluecollar occupations such as construction (-0.9%), production (-0.8%), and material moving (-0.6%), as well as from sales and office occupations (-1.6%). Shares of jobs in occupations such as health care practitioners (+1.2%), personal care (+0.6%), and food services (+0.6%) have increased (<u>Table D3</u>).

Employment by Class of Worker

Employment patterns in Lancaster have shifted away from the public sector and from selfemployment, into private sector wage and salary jobs (<u>Table D4</u>).

Employment by Industry Sector

Lancaster County has experienced a shift of employment away from sectors such as construction (-1.2%), manufacturing (-3.1%), and retail (-1.1%). Industry sectors that have increased their shares of employment include transportation (+1.4%), health care (+1.3%), finance (+1.2%), and professional and technical services (+0.9%) (<u>Table D5</u>).

E. Education Statistics

Educational Attainment of the 25+ Population

Lancaster County is experiencing an increase in the educational attainment levels of adults. The pace of this change is slightly slower than the state and the nation as a whole. In recent years, the share of persons with an Associate's Degree in Lancaster has increased significantly (Table E1).

School Enrollment

Rates of school enrollment in Lancaster have dropped for most age groups, including preschool age children (ages 3-4), high-school age children (ages 15-17), and adults. The percentages of college-age adults who are enrolled in higher education has declined, particularly for women (<u>Table E2</u>).

G. Health Care Access Statistics

Health Insurance Coverage

Health coverage rates have increased in Lancaster County for most groups, with the notable exception of children. Lancaster County has a much higher rate of children who are uninsured than the state and the nation, and the uninsured rate is increasing in Lancaster, in contrast to these comparison areas (Table G1).

Table A1: Total Population

	United States			P	Pennsylvania	Lancaster County			
	2010	2017	% change	2010	2017	% change	2010	2017	% change
Total Population	309,348,193	325,719,178	5.3%	12,712,343	12,805,537	0.7%	520,361	542,903	4.3%
Population by Gender			change			change			change
Male share of population	49.2%	49.2%	0.1%	48.7%	49.0%	0.2%	48.9%	49.0%	0.1%
Female share of									
population	50.8%	50.8%	-0.1%	51.3%	51.0%	-0.2%	51.1%	51.0%	-0.1%

Lancaster County's population has grown at a faster rate than that of the State. Lancaster's 2010-2017 population growth rate of 4.3% is almost as fast as that of the United States, which is 5.3%. (Click here to return to text) Data Source: Census Population Estimates Program

Table A2: Population Shares by Age

	United States			P	ennsylvan	ia	Lan	caster Co	unty
	2010	2017	change	2010	2017	change	2010	2017	change
Ages 0-4	6.50%	6.10%	-0.40%	5.70%	5.50%	-0.20%	6.80%	6.70%	-0.10%
Ages 5-9	6.60%	6.20%	-0.40%	5.90%	5.50%	-0.40%	6.80%	6.70%	-0.10%
Ages 10-14	6.70%	6.50%	-0.20%	6.20%	6.10%	-0.10%	6.80%	6.40%	-0.40%
Ages 15-19	7.10%	6.60%	-0.50%	7.10%	6.40%	-0.70%	7.30%	6.60%	-0.70%
Ages 20-24	7.00%	6.70%	-0.30%	6.90%	6.50%	-0.40%	6.80%	6.40%	-0.40%
Ages 25-34	13.30%	13.80%	0.50%	12.00%	13.20%	1.20%	11.80%	13.00%	1.20%
Ages 35-44	13.20%	12.70%	-0.50%	12.60%	11.60%	-1.00%	12.20%	11.20%	-1.00%
Ages 45-54	14.50%	13.00%	-1.50%	15.20%	13.30%	-1.90%	14.50%	12.40%	-2.10%
Ages 55-64	11.90%	12.90%	1.00%	12.90%	14.10%	1.20%	12.00%	13.10%	1.10%
Ages 65-74	7.10%	9.10%	2.00%	7.70%	10.00%	2.30%	7.40%	9.50%	2.10%
Ages 75-84	4.20%	4.50%	0.30%	5.30%	5.20%	-0.10%	5.10%	5.20%	0.10%
Ages 85+	1.80%	1.90%	0.10%	2.40%	2.60%	0.20%	2.50%	2.80%	0.30%
Population Under 18	24.00%	22.60%	-1.40%	21.90%	20.80%	-1.10%	24.80%	23.70%	-1.10%
Population 65+	13.10%	15.60%	2.50%	15.40%	17.80%	2.40%	15.00%	17.40%	2.40%
Median Age	37.2	38.1	0.9	40.2	40.8	0.6	38.2	38.8	0.6

Lancaster County has a larger share of children than Pennsylvania and the United States. Its share of older persons is similar to that of the nation and the state. (Click here to return to text)

Data Source: Census Population Estimates Program

Table A3: Share of Population by Race and Ethnicity	

	United States			P	Pennsylva	ania	Lancaster County		
	2010	2017	change 2010-17	2010	2017	change 2010-17	2010	2017	change 2010-17
White	80.3%	79.0%	-1.3%	85.3%	83.9%	-1.4%	93.2%	91.9%	-1.3%
Black/African American	14.0%	14.6%	0.6%	12.3%	13.2%	0.9%	5.4%	6.4%	1.0%
American Indian/Alaska Native	2.0%	2.1%	0.1%	0.8%	0.9%	0.1%	0.8%	0.8%	0.0%
Asian	5.8%	6.8%	1.0%	3.2%	4.1%	0.9%	2.3%	2.9%	0.6%
Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander	0.4%	0.5%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	16.4%	18.1%	1.7%	5.7%	7.3%	1.6%	8.7%	10.5%	1.8%

The population shares of minority groups in Lancaster have been increasing over the prior 7 years. White persons continue to comprise over 90% of the population of Lancaster County in 2017. (Click here to return to text)

Data Source: Census Population Estimates Program *Note: because persons can be of multiple race and ethnicity categories, the numbers above do not add up to 100%. These data by race are based on persons reporting that they are a particular race alone or in combination with other race categories.

Table B1: Households by Occupancy

	U.S.			P	ennsylvania		Lancaster County			
	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	change	
Total housing units	132,057,804	134,054,899	1,997,095	5,565,653	5,592,175	26,522	203,673	206,308	2,635	
Percent occupied	87.5%	87.8%	0.3%	89.1%	88.7%	-0.4%	95.3%	95.1%	-0.2%	
Percent vacant	12.5%	12.2%	-0.3%	10.9%	11.3%	0.4%	4.7%	4.9%	0.2%	
Total occupied housing units	115,610,216	117,716,237	2,106,021	4,958,427	4,961,929	3,502	194,082	196,171	2,089	
Percent owner-occupied	64.9%	63.6%	-1.3%	69.8%	69.0%	-0.8%	69.5%	68.4%	-1.0%	
Percent renter-occupied	35.1%	36.4%	1.3%	30.2%	31.0%	0.8%	30.5%	31.6%	1.0%	

Lancaster has a housing vacancy rate that is less than half of those of Pennsylvania and the United States. A majority of housing units are still owner occupied (68%), but the share of households that are renting is growing in Lancaster. (Click here to return to text)

-	United States			Per	nnsylvani	а	Lancaster County		
	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	change
Owner-Occupied Housing									Í
Owner-occupied units	75,075,700	74,881,068	-194,632	3,462,512	3,425,706	-36,806	134,847	134,255	-592
Housing units with a mortgage	66.4%	64.1%	-2.2%	62.4%	61.0%	-1.4%	64.8%	63.4%	-1.4%
Housing units without a mortgage	33.6%	35.9%	2.2%	37.6%	39.0%	1.4%	35.2%	36.6%	1.4%
Median Value (2016 dollars)	\$182,000	\$184,700	\$2,700	\$169,700	\$167,700	-\$2,000	\$193,900	\$191,400	-\$2,500
Households spending 30% or more of income on owner	28.7%	24.9%	-3.9%	26.0%	23.4%	-2.6%	26.0%	22.6%	-3.4%
costs	20.770	24.370	-0.970	20.070	20.470	-2.070	20.070	22.070	-0.470
Renter-Occupied Housing									
Occupied units paying rent	40,534,516	42,835,169	2,300,653	1,495,915	1,536,223	40,308	59,235	61,916	2,681
Median monthly rent (2016 dollars)	\$931	\$949	\$18	\$838	\$859	\$21	\$901	\$932	\$31
Households spending 30% or more of income on rent	52.3%	51.1%	-1.2%	50.2%	49.6%	-0.6%	51.8%	50.4%	-1.4%

Table B2: Housing Characteristics

Unlike in the U.S., inflation adjusted median home value has dropped in Pennsylvania and Lancaster between the 2009-13 and 2012-16 periods. Housing affordability has improved for owners and renters, but half of all renters in Lancaster continue to experience a housing affordability problem. (<u>Click here to return to text</u>)

Table B3: Households by Type

	L	Inited States		Pe	ennsylvania	1	Lancaster County			
	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	chang e	2009- 13	2012- 16	chang e	
	115,610,21	117,716,23	2,106,02	4,958,42	4,961,92		194,08	196,17		
Total households	6	7	1	7	9	3,502	2	1	2,089	
Average household size	2.63	2.64	0.01	2.48	2.49	0.01	2.62	2.65	0.03	
Average family size	3.22	3.24	0.02	3.09	3.10	0.01	3.14	3.16	0.02	
Shares of all households that are:										
Family households	66.4%	65.9%	-0.5%	64.8%	64.4%	-0.4%	70.5%	70.4%	-0.1%	
Male householder, no wife Female householder, no	4.7%	4.8%	0.1%	4.3%	4.4%	0.2%	3.6%	3.8%	0.2%	
husband	13.0%	12.9%	-0.1%	11.9%	11.9%	0.0%	8.9%	9.5%	0.6%	
Married-couple families	48.7%	48.2%	-0.5%	48.6%	48.0%	-0.6%	58.0%	57.1%	-0.9%	
Nonfamily households	33.6%	34.1%	0.5%	35.2%	35.6%	0.4%	29.5%	29.6%	0.1%	
Householder living alone 65 years and over, living	27.5%	27.7%	0.2%	29.5%	29.6%	0.1%	24.2%	23.8%	-0.5%	
alone	9.8%	10.4%	0.6%	11.8%	12.2%	0.4%	10.4%	10.6%	0.2%	

Household size has increased in Lancaster County faster than it has in the state and the nation. Shares of single-parent households have increased slightly (+0.8%) in the prior 3 years in Lancaster. (Click here to return to text)

Table C1: Household and Family Income (Inflation-Adjusted 2016 Dollars)

	United States			Р	ennsylvar	ia	Lancaster County			
	2009-13	2012-16	% change	2009-13	2012-16	% change	2009-13	2012-16	% change	
Household Income Quintile Averages										
Lowest quintile	\$12,248	\$12,243	0.0%	\$12,524	\$12,545	0.2%	\$15,666	\$15,939	1.7%	
Second quintile	\$32,346	\$32,709	1.1%	\$32,163	\$32,682	1.6%	\$36,781	\$37,664	2.4%	
Third quintile	\$54,994	\$55,754	1.4%	\$54,372	\$55,298	1.7%	\$58,293	\$59,422	1.9%	
Fourth quintile	\$86,976	\$88,586	1.9%	\$84,805	\$86,722	2.3%	\$85,400	\$87,193	2.1%	
Highest quintile	\$191,992	\$200,035	4.2%	\$182,333	\$188,930	3.6%	\$165,668	\$174,820	5.5%	
Household Income										
Median household income	\$54,651	\$55,322	1.2%	\$54,138	\$54,895	1.4%	\$58,192	\$59,237	1.8%	
Mean household income	\$75,711	\$77,866	2.8%	\$73,239	\$75,235	2.7%	\$72,362	\$75,008	3.7%	
Family Income										
Median family income	\$66,678	\$67,871	1.8%	\$68,663	\$69,960	1.9%	\$69,693	\$70,512	1.2%	
Mean family income	\$88,178	\$90,960	3.2%	\$88,176	\$90,446	2.6%	\$83,731	\$86,531	3.3%	

Incomes in Lancaster County have been increasing in recent years, even after adjusting for inflation. The highest income households in Lancaster experienced the biggest percentage income gains (5.5% inflation adjusted income growth, compared to 1.7-2.4% growth for lower and middleclass households) between the two reference periods. In Lancaster, the lowest quintile experienced a 1.7% increase in its income, which is a larger income gain than the lowest quintiles in the state and the nation. (Click here to return to text)

Table C2: Median Household Income by Race and Ethnicity

	United States			Р	ennsylvani	ia	Lancaster County			
	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	change	
Total	\$54,651	\$55,322	\$671	\$54,138	\$54,895	\$757	\$58,192	\$59,237	\$1,045	
Black	\$36,487	\$36,651	\$164	\$33,407	\$33,645	\$238	\$34,751	\$34,350	-\$401*	
Latino	\$43,314	\$44,254	\$940	\$34,991	\$35,607	\$616	\$31,550	\$35,476	\$3,926*	
White Non-Latino	\$59,854	\$61,018	\$1,164	\$57,731	\$59,238	\$1,507	\$61,145	\$62,253	\$1,108	

There are large income disparities by race and ethnicity in Lancaster County, with Black and Latino households having much lower median income levels than White households. In Lancaster, median income for White and Latino households has increased between the two reference periods, while Black households' median income has decreased. (Click here to return to text)

*Note: Estimates of Black and Latino median household income above are based on relatively small sample sizes and are subject to sampling error.

Table C3: Poverty

-	U	nited Stat	es	P	ennsylvar	nia	Lan	caster Co	unty
	2009- 13	2012- 16	change	2009- 13	2012- 16	change	2009- 13	2012- 16	change
All families	11.3%	11.0%	-0.3%	9.2%	9.1%	0.0%	7.3%	7.2%	-0.1%
With related children under 18 years	17.8%	17.4%	-0.4%	15.5%	15.6%	0.0%	12.1%	12.4%	0.2%
With related children under 5 years	22.7%	21.8%	-0.9%	20.3%	19.7%	-0.6%	15.3%	15.3%	0.0%
Married couple families	5.6%	5.5%	-0.1%	3.8%	3.9%	0.1%	3.8%	3.8%	0.0%
With related children under 18 years	8.3%	7.9%	-0.3%	5.5%	5.5%	0.1%	5.3%	5.7%	0.5%
With related children under 5 years	10.9%	10.3%	-0.6%	7.2%	7.2%	0.0%	7.6%	8.0%	0.4%
Female-headed households, no husband present	30.6%	29.9%	-0.8%	28.9%	28.0%	-0.9%	28.5%	25.8%	-2.7%
With related children under 18 years	40.0%	39.7%	-0.3%	39.5%	39.0%	-0.5%	37.4%	35.5%	-1.9%
With related children under 5 years	52.7%	51.7%	-1.0%	52.4%	50.6%	-1.8%	49.0%	47.7%	-1.4%
All People	15.4%	15.1%	-0.3%	13.3%	13.3%	0.0%	10.5%	10.8%	0.3%
Individual poverty by age									
Under 18 years	21.6%	21.2%	-0.4%	18.8%	19.1%	0.3%	14.9%	15.9%	1.0%
18-64 years	14.3%	14.2%	-0.1%	12.6%	12.7%	0.1%	9.5%	9.8%	0.3%
65 years and over	9.4%	9.3%	-0.1%	8.3%	8.1%	-0.2%	6.8%	6.7%	-0.1%
Individual poverty by race									
Black	27.1%	26.2%	-0.9%	28.6%	28.2%	-0.4%	27.4%	28.8%	1.4%*
Latino	24.7%	23.4%	-1.3%	32.3%	31.5%	-0.8%	28.8%	28.3%	-0.5%*
White non-Latino	10.6%	10.6%	0.0%	9.6%	9.6%	0.0%	7.9%	8.0%	0.1%

In Lancaster, poverty rates have slightly increased for individuals (+0.3%), and for families with children (+0.2%). Child poverty has increased faster in Lancaster (+1.0%) than in Pennsylvania (+0.3%), and this trend contrasts with that of the U.S. as a whole, which has seen its child poverty rate drop in recent years. (Click here to return to text)

*Note: Estimates of Black and Latino poverty rates above are based on relatively small sample sizes, which is important to consider when interpreting change over time.

Table C4: Households with Supplemental Benefits in the Past 12 Months

	U	nited States	S	P	ennsylvan	ia	Lan	caster Co	unty
	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	change
Households below poverty level	14.2%	14.1%	-0.1%	12.8%	12.7%	-0.1%	9.6%	9.7%	0.1%
Households with supplemental security income	5,716,592	6,355,071	638,479	270,849	291,771	20,922	8,152	9,405	1,253
Mean supp. security income (annual, 2016									
dollars)	\$9,429	\$9,523	\$94	\$9,748	\$9,838	\$90	\$10,137	\$10,096	-\$41
Households with cash public assistance income Mean public assist. income (annual, 2016	3,255,213	3,147,577	-107,636	174,576	168,007	-6,569	6,208	6,370	162
Dollars)	\$3,923	\$3,336	-\$587	\$3,059	\$2,648	-\$411	\$3,328	\$2,584	-\$744
Number of households with food stamp benefits	14,339,330	15,360,951	1,021,621	585,892	644,209	58,317	16,836	18,271	1,435
Share of households with food stamp benefits	12.4%	13.0%	0.6%	11.8%	13.0%	1.2%	8.7%	9.3%	0.6%
Share of households receiving food stamp benefits that are below the poverty level	52.3%	50.3%	-2.0%	52.9%	49.6%	-3.3%	47.8%	45.9%	-1.9%
Share of households receiving food stamp benefits with one or more people 60 years and	26.0%	29.2%	3.2%	27.5%	31.6%	4.1%	23.6%	28.6%	5.0%
older	20.070	29.270	J.Z 70	21.5%	51.070	4.170	23.0%	20.0%	0.0%
Share of households receiving food stamp benefits with children under 18 years	55.5%	53.0%	-2.5%	49.6%	46.8%	-2.8%	54.4%	52.1%	-2.3%

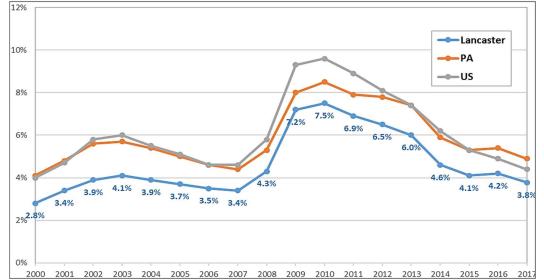
The number of Lancaster County households that receive supplemental benefits, which include food stamps/SNAP, cash public assistance, and supplemental security income, has increased. (Click here to return to text)

Table D1: Employment Status of the Population 16 years and older

		United	States			Pennsylvania			Lancaster County			
	2012	2014	2017	2012-17 change	2012	2014	2017	2012-17 change	2012	2014	2017	2012-17 change
Population in labor force (thousands)	158,729	160,533	164,727	5,998	6,514	6,507	6,525	11	270	278	285	15
% of population in labor force	63.8%	63.3%	63.2%	-0.6%	62.8%	62.5%	62.4%	-0.4%	65.4%	66.3%	66.6%	1.2%
Civilian labor force	63.4%	62.9%	62.8%	-0.6%	62.8%	62.5%	62.3%	-0.5%	65.4%	66.3%	66.5%	1.1%
Armed forces	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
% of population not in labor force	36.2%	36.7%	36.8%	0.6%	37.2%	37.5%	37.6%	0.4%	34.6%	33.7%	33.4%	-1.2%
Unemployment Rate (Bureau of												
Labor Statistics, Annual Average)	8.1%	6.2%	5.3%	-2.8%	7.8%	5.9%	5.3%	-2.5%	6.5%	4.6%	3.4%	-3.1%

Appendix B

Figure D1: Unemployment Rate 2000 – 2017



Over the past 5 years, the rate of labor force participation has increased in Lancaster, in contrast to the declines that took place in the state and the nation. Lancaster County has had a consistently lower unemployment rate than these comparison areas, although the gap between the unemployment rates of the U.S. and Lancaster has been getting smaller since 2015. (Click here to return to text) Data Source for unemployment rates: Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table D2: Means of Transportation to Work

	United States			Р	ennsylvani	ia	Lancaster County			
	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	change	
Drove alone	76.3%	76.4%	0.1%	76.7%	76.5%	-0.2%	79.3%	79.1%	-0.2%	
Carpooled	9.8%	9.3%	-0.4%	8.9%	8.5%	-0.3%	9.0%	9.1%	0.1%	
Public transportation	5.0%	5.1%	0.1%	5.4%	5.6%	0.2%	1.1%	1.2%	0.1%	
Walked	2.8%	2.8%	0.0%	3.9%	3.8%	0.0%	3.7%	3.7%	0.0%	
Other means	1.8%	1.8%	0.1%	1.3%	1.4%	0.1%	1.9%	1.8%	-0.1%	
Worked at home	4.3%	4.6%	0.2%	3.8%	4.2%	0.4%	4.9%	5.0%	0.1%	
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	25.5	26.1	0.6	25.9	26.5	0.6	22.5	23.1	0.6	

The average length of workers' commutes in Lancaster has increased in recent years, but the types of transportation used has remained essentially unchanged. Lancaster hasn't experienced the drops in rates of carpooling and public transportation use that have taken place in the state and nation. (Click here to return to text)

Table D3: Employment by Occupation

· ······ - ·· -·······················	U	nited State	es	Pe	ennsylvan	ia	Lancaster County			
	2006-10	2012-16	change	2006-10	2012-16	change	2006-10	2012-16	change	
Management, business, and financial occupations	14.3%	14.9%	0.6%	13.4%	14.3%	0.9%	12.8%	13.0%	0.1%	
Computer, engineering, and science occupations	5.2%	5.5%	0.3%	5.0%	5.3%	0.3%	3.6%	3.9%	0.3%	
Community and social service occupations	1.6%	1.7%	0.1%	2.0%	2.0%	0.0%	1.9%	2.0%	0.2%	
Legal occupations	1.2%	1.1%	0.0%	1.1%	1.1%	0.0%	0.5%	0.5%	0.0%	
Education, training, and library occupations	5.9%	6.1%	0.1%	5.9%	5.9%	0.0%	5.5%	5.4%	-0.1%	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	1.9%	2.0%	0.1%	1.6%	1.6%	0.1%	1.4%	1.7%	0.3%	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	5.2%	5.8%	0.6%	6.2%	6.9%	0.7%	5.2%	6.4%	1.2%	
Healthcare support occupations	2.3%	2.4%	0.1%	2.6%	2.8%	0.1%	2.3%	2.4%	0.1%	
Protective service occupations	2.2%	2.2%	0.0%	1.9%	2.0%	0.1%	1.1%	1.2%	0.1%	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	5.4%	5.8%	0.4%	5.5%	5.8%	0.3%	5.3%	5.9%	0.6%	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3.9%	3.9%	0.1%	3.5%	3.5%	0.0%	3.1%	3.5%	0.4%	
Personal care and service occupations	3.3%	3.7%	0.4%	3.0%	3.6%	0.6%	2.7%	3.3%	0.6%	
Sales and office occupations	25.4%	23.8%	-1.5%	25.4%	23.6%	-1.7%	24.7%	23.1%	-1.6%	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	0.7%	0.7%	0.0%	0.4%	0.5%	0.0%	1.1%	1.2%	0.0%	
Construction and extraction occupations	5.7%	5.0%	-0.7%	5.0%	4.5%	-0.5%	6.5%	5.6%	-0.9%	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3.4%	3.2%	-0.2%	3.4%	3.2%	-0.2%	3.8%	3.8%	0.0%	
Production occupations	6.3%	5.9%	-0.4%	6.9%	6.3%	-0.5%	10.0%	9.1%	-0.8%	
Transportation occupations	3.6%	3.6%	0.1%	3.7%	3.7%	0.0%	4.2%	4.2%	0.0%	
Material moving occupations	2.5%	2.6%	0.1%	3.3%	3.3%	0.0%	4.2%	3.6%	-0.6%	

Jobs in Lancaster have shifted away from blue-collar occupations such as construction (-0.9%), production (-0.8%), and material moving (-0.6%), as well as from sales and office occupations (-1.6%). Shares of jobs in occupations such as health care practitioners (+1.2%), personal care (+0.6%), and food services (+0.6%) have increased. (Click here to return to text)

Table D4: Employment by Class of Worker

	U	United States			Pennsylvan	ia	Lancaster County			
	2006-10	2012-16	change	2006-10	2012-16	change	2006-10	2012-16	change	
Private wage and salary	78.5%	79.8%	1.3%	82.4%	84.2%	1.8%	84.1%	84.7%	0.6%	
Government	14.8%	14.0%	-0.8%	11.7%	10.6%	-1.1%	8.3%	8.1%	-0.2%	
Self-employed	6.5%	6.0%	-0.5%	5.7%	5.1%	-0.6%	7.3%	6.9%	-0.3%	
Unpaid family workers	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%	

Employment patterns in Lancaster have shifted away from the public sector and from self-employment, into private sector wage and salary jobs. (Click here to return to text)

Table D5: Employment by Industry Sector

	United States			es	Pennsylvania					nty		
				2006-				2006-				2006-
	2006	2011	2016	2016	2006	2011	2016	2016	2006	2011	2016	2016
				change				change				change
Farming, Forestry, Fishing	1.9%	2.0%	1.8%	-0.1%	1.2%	1.3%	1.3%	0.1%	2.5%	2.8%	3.0%	0.4%
Mining, Utilities	0.9%	1.0%	1.0%	0.2%	0.7%	1.0%	1.0%	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.1%
Construction	6.5%	5.0%	5.2%	-1.3%	5.7%	4.9%	4.9%	-0.8%	8.3%	7.2%	7.1%	-1.2%
Manufacturing	8.3%	7.0%	6.8%	-1.6%	9.7%	8.2%	7.8%	-1.9%	15.3%	12.9%	12.2%	-3.1%
Transportation, Wholesale, Warehousing	7.0%	6.7%	7.3%	0.3%	7.2%	7.1%	7.5%	0.3%	8.9%		10.3%	1.4%
Retail	10.7%	10.2%	10.0%	-0.7%	11.2%	10.6%	10.3%	-0.9%	12.7%	12.5%	11.6%	-1.1%
Administrative and Waste Disposal	6.1%	6.1%	6.1%	0.0%		5.1%		0.2%	4.5%	4.5%	4.2%	-0.3%
Information	2.0%	1.8%	1.7%	-0.3%	1.7%	1.5%	1.3%	-0.4%	1.4%	1.3%	1.2%	-0.2%
Professional, Science, and Tech Services	6.4%	6.8%	7.1%	0.6%	6.3%	6.4%	6.9%	0.6%	4.3%	4.8%	5.2%	0.9%
Finance, Real Estate, Management	10.1%	11.2%	11.0%	0.9%	9.6%	11.0%	11.0%	1.4%	7.6%	8.7%	8.8%	1.2%
Health Care			11.3%	1.5%			14.2%	1.3%	11.1%	12.4%	12.3%	1.3%
Entertainment, Food Service, Hotels		9.2%	9.7%	0.8%	8.1%	8.4%	8.8%	0.7%	8.1%	8.5%	8.8%	0.7%
Education (private), Personal Services, Civic Orgs.		8.1%		0.6%	9.3%	9.4%	9.7%	0.4%	7.6%	7.9%	8.3%	0.7%
Federal and State government	5.7%	5.8%	5.2%	-0.5%	4.7%	4.6%	4.3%	-0.4%	2.1%	2.0%	2.0%	-0.1%
Local government	8.0%	8.0%	7.3%	-0.6%	6.7%	6.6%	5.9%	-0.8%	5.3%	5.4%	4.7%	-0.6%

Lancaster County has experienced a shift of employment away from sectors such as construction (-1.2%), manufacturing (-3.1%), and retail (-1.1%). Industry sectors that have increased their shares of employment include transportation (+1.4%), health care (+1.3%), finance (+1.2%), and professional and technical services (+0.9%). (Click here to return to text)

Data Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

Table E1: Educational Attainment of the 25+ Population

	U	nited State	es	Р	ennsylvan	ia	Lancaster County			
	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	change	
Less than high school diploma	14.0%	13.0%	-1.0%	11.3%	10.5%	-0.9%	16.1%	15.4%	-0.7%	
High school graduate (incl. equivalency)	28.1%	27.5%	-0.6%	37.0%	36.0%	-1.1%	38.5%	37.4%	-1.2%	
Some college, no degree	21.2%	21.0%	-0.3%	16.5%	16.2%	-0.3%	15.0%	14.5%	-0.4%	
Associate's degree	7.8%	8.2%	0.4%	7.6%	8.0%	0.5%	6.1%	7.1%	0.9%	
Bachelor's degree	18.0%	18.8%	0.8%	16.9%	17.8%	1.0%	15.9%	16.7%	0.7%	
Graduate or professional degree	10.8%	11.5%	0.7%	10.7%	11.5%	0.8%	8.3%	9.0%	0.7%	
Percent high school graduate or higher	86.0%	87.0%	1.0%	88.7%	89.5%	0.9%	83.9%	84.6%	0.7%	
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	28.8%	30.3%	1.5%	27.5%	29.3%	1.8%	24.2%	25.7%	1.4%	

Lancaster County is experiencing an increase in the educational attainment levels of adults. The pace of this change is slightly slower than the state and the nation as a whole. In recent years, the share of persons with an Associate's Degree in Lancaster has increased significantly. (Click here to return to text)

Table E2: School Enrollment

	United States			Pe	nnsylvania	a	Lancaster County			
	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	change	
Total School Enrollees										
Nursery school, preschool	5,011,192	4,959,823	-51,369	197,902	185,764	-12,138	7,808	7,277	-531	
Kindergarten	4,208,394	4,181,764	-26,630	147,963	143,093	-4,870	5,861	6,171	310	
Elementary school (grades 1-8)	32,796,856	32,831,750	34,894	1,219,439	1,200,055	-19,384	56,162	56,204	42	
High school (grades 9-12)	17,153,559	16,985,786	-167,773	663,526	635,645	-27,881	27,018	26,510	-508	
College, undergraduate	19,333,036	19,060,114	-272,922	744,717	700,536	-44,181	25,498	23,757	-1,741	
Graduate or professional school	4,121,769	4,129,133	7,364	175,489	166,850	-8,639	4,912	4,871	-41	
Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age										
3 and 4 years	47.7%	47.5%	-0.2%	49.2%	46.9%	-2.3%	38.1%	37.0%	-1.1%	
5 to 9 years	95.6%	95.6%	0.0%	94.6%	94.2%	-0.4%	91.4%	91.4%	0.0%	
10 to 14 years	98.4%	98.3%	-0.1%	98.2%	98.1%	-0.1%	97.1%	97.3%	0.2%	
15 to 17 years	96.6%	96.8%	0.2%	96.6%	96.3%	-0.3%	90.9%	87.9%	-3.0%	
18 and 19 years	74.9%	75.6%	0.7%	79.2%	78.9%	-0.3%	71.1%	70.2%	-0.9%	
20 to 24 years	42.5%	42.0%	-0.5%	44.1%	42.7%	-1.4%	34.1%	33.8%	-0.3%	
25 to 34 years	13.6%	12.8%	-0.8%	12.1%	11.0%	-1.1%	8.5%	8.0%	-0.5%	
35 years and over	2.8%	2.7%	-0.1%	2.2%	2.0%	-0.2%	2.2%	1.9%	-0.3%	
Share Enrolled in College by Gender										
Share of men ages 18-24 enrolled in college	38.7%	38.7%	0.0%	41.8%	40.8%	-1.0%	33.8%	33.5%	-0.3%	
Share of women ages 18-24 enrolled in college	47.5%	47.1%	-0.4%	50.9%	49.1%	-1.8%	41.5%	38.3%	-3.2%	

Rates of school enrollment in Lancaster have dropped for most age groups, including pre-school age children (ages 3-4), high-school age children (ages 15-17), and adults. The percentages of college-age adults who are enrolled in higher education has declined, particularly for women. (Click here to return to text)

II. Health Statistics

Table G1. Health Insurance Coverage

		United States		Pe	nnsylvania		Lan	caster Cou	untv
	2009-13	2012-16	change	2009-13	2012-16	change		2012-16	-
Health Insurance Coverage									
Population with health insurance									
coverage	260,878,830	276,875,891	15,997,061	11,296,309	11,579,382	283,073	447,354	461,565	14,211
% of population with coverage	85.1%	88.3%	3.2%	90.2%	92.0%	1.8%	86.6%	87.7%	1.1%
% with private health insurance	66.0%	66.7%	0.7%	73.0%	73.0%	0.0%	71.5%	70.4%	-1.1%
% with public coverage	30.2%	33.0%	2.8%	31.4%	33.5%	2.1%	28.0%	30.4%	2.4%
% of population without health									
insurance	14.9%	11.7%	-3.2%	9.8%	8.0%	-1.8%	13.4%	12.3%	-1.1%
Percent Uninsured by Race and									
Ethnicity									
Black	17.5%	13.7%	-3.8%	14.5%	11.5%	-3.0%	13.3%	11.1%	-2.2%
Latino	29.6%	23.4%	-6.2%	20.6%	17.4%	-3.2%	17.1%	14.3%	-2.8%
White Non-Latino	10.4%	8.1%	-2.3%	8.2%	6.6%	-1.6%	13.2%	12.3%	-0.9%
Percent Uninsured by Age Group									
Under 6 years old	6.1%	4.8%	-1.3%	5.3%	5.0%	-0.3%	17.6%	18.3%	0.7%
Ages 6-17	8.4%	6.4%	-2.0%	5.3%	4.7%	-0.6%	14.2%	14.4%	0.2%
Ages 18-24	26.4%	16.4%	-10.0%	17.8%	11.0%	-6.8%	21.8%	13.7%	-8.1%
Ages 25-44	24.0%	19.5%	-4.5%	16.6%	13.8%	-2.8%	17.6%	16.6%	-1.0%
Ages 45-64	15.1%	12.3%	-2.8%	9.7%	8.0%	-1.7%	10.9%	9.5%	-1.4%
Ages 65 and older	1.0%	0.9%	-0.1%	0.5%	0.5%	0.0%	2.2%	2.0%	-0.2%

Health coverage rates have increased in Lancaster County for most groups, with the notable exception of children. Lancaster County has a much higher rate of children who are uninsured than the state and the nation, and the uninsured rate is increasing in Lancaster, in contrast to these comparison areas. (<u>Click here to return to text</u>)

Economic Stability											
Employment											
Employment Status of Pop 16+ yrs	Lancaster 2005	Lancaster 2012	Lancaster 2014	Lancaster 2017	PA 2005	PA 2012	PA 2014	PA 2017	U.S. 2012	U.S. 2014	U.S. 20
Population in labor force thousands	235	270	278	285	6,105	6,514	6,507	6,525	158,729	160,533	164,72
% of population in labor force	68.0%	65.4%	66.3%	66.6%	64.1%	62.8%	62.5%	62.4%	63.8%	63.3%	63.2%
	Lancaster 2012	Lancaster 2014	Lancaster 2017	PA 2012	PA 2014	PA 2017	U.S. 2012	U.S. 2014	U.S. 2017		
Civilian labor force	65.4%	66.3%	66.5%	62.8%	62.5%	62.3%	63.4%	62.9%	62.8%		
Armed forces	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%		
% of population not in labor force	34.6%	33.7%	33.4%	37.2%	37.5%	37.6%	36.2%	36.7%	36.8%		
Unemployment Rate Bureau of Labor Statistics, Annual Ave	6.5%	4.6%	3.4%	7.8%	5.9%	5.3%	8.1%	6.2%	5.3%		
Employment by Industry Sector	Lancaster 2006	Lancaster 2011	Lancaster 2016	PA 2006	PA 2011	PA 2016	U.S. 2006	U.S. 2011	U.S. 2016		
Farming, Forestry, Fishing	2.5%	2.8%	3.0%	1.2%	1.3%	1.3%	1.9%	2.0%	1.8%		
Mining, Utilities	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.7%	1.0%	1.0%	0.9%	1.0%	1.0%		
Construction	8.3%	7.2%	7.1%	5.7%	4.9%	4.9%	6.5%	5.0%	5.2%		
Manufacturing	15.3%	12.9%	12.2%	9.7%	8.2%	7.8%	8.3%	7.0%	6.8%		
Transportation, Wholesale, Warehousing	8.9%	8.8%	10.3%	7.2%	7.1%	7.5%	7.0%	6.7%	7.3%		
Retail	12.7%	12.5%	11.6%	11.2%	10.6%	10.3%	10.7%	10.2%	10.0%		
Administrative and Waste Disposal	4.5%	4.5%	4.2%	5.0%	5.1%	5.2%	6.1%	6.1%	6.1%		
Information	1.4%	1.3%	1.2%	1.7%	1.5%	1.3%	2.0%	1.8%	1.7%		
Professional, Science, and Tech Services	4.3%	4.8%	5.2%	6.3%	6.4%	6.9%	6.4%	6.8%	7.1%		
Finance, Real Estate, Management	7.6%	8.7%	8.8%	9.6%	11.0%	11.0%	10.1%	11.2%	11.0%		
Health Care	11.1%	12.4%	12.3%	12.9%	13.9%	14.2%	9.9%	11.0%	11.3%		
Entertainment, Food Service, Hotels	8.1%	8.5%	8.8%	8.1%	8.4%	8.8%	8.8%	9.2%	9.7%		
Education private, Personal Services, Civic Orgs.	7.6%	7.9%	8.3%	9.3%	9.4%	9.7%	7.7%	8.1%	8.3%		
Federal and State government	2.1%	2.0%	2.0%	4.7%	4.6%	4.3%	5.7%	5.8%	5.2%		
Local government	5.3%	5.4%	4.7%	6.7%	6.6%	5.9%	8.0%	8.0%	7.3%		
Employment by Occupation	Lancaster 2006-10	Lancaster 2012-16	PA 2006-10	PA 2009-13	U.S. 2006-10	U.S. 2012-16					
Management, business, and financial occupations	12.8%	13.0%	13.4%	14.3%	14.3%	14.9%					
Computer, engineering, and science occupations	3.6%	3.9%	5.0%	5.3%	5.2%	5.5%					
Community and social service occupations	1.9%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	1.6%	1.7%					
Legal occupations	0.5%	0.5%	1.1%	1.1%	1.2%	1.1%					
Education, training, and library occupations	5.5%	5.4%	5.9%	5.9%	5.9%	6.1%					
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	1.4%	1.7%	1.6%	1.6%	1.9%	2.0%					
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	5.2%	6.4%	6.2%	6.9%	5.2%	5.8%					
Healthcare support occupations	2.3%	2.4%	2.6%	2.8%	2.3%	2.4%					
Protective service occupations	1.1%	1.2%	1.9%	2.0%	2.2%	2.2%					
Food preparation and serving related occupations	5.3%	5.9%	5.5%	5.8%	5.4%	5.8%					
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3.1%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.9%	3.9%					
Personal care and service occupations	2.7%	3.3%	3.0%	3.6%	3.3%	3.7%					
Sales and office occupations	24.7%	23.1%	25.4%	23.6%	25.4%	23.8%					
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	1.1%	1.2%	0.4%	0.5%	0.7%	0.7%					
Construction and extraction occupations	6.5%	5.6%	5.0%	4.5%	5.7%	5.0%					
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3.8%	3.8%	3.4%	3.2%	3.4%	3.2%					
Production occupations	10.0%	9.1%	6.9%	6.3%	6.3%	5.9%					
Transportation occupations	4.2%	4.2%	3.7%	3.7%	3.6%	3.6%					
Material moving occupations	4.2%	3.6%	3.3%	3.3%	2.5%	2.6%					
Employment by Class of Worker											
Private wage and salary	84.1%	84.7%	82.4%	84.2%	78.5%	79.8%					
Government	8.3%	8.1%	11.7%	10.6%	14.8%	14.0%					
Self-employed	7.3%	6.9%	5.7%	5.1%	6.5%	6.0%					
Unpaid family workers	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%					
ncome	Lancaster 2006-10	Lancaster 2008-12	Lancaster 2009-13	Lancaster 2011-15	Lancaster 2012-16	PA 2006-10	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2012-16			
Per Capita Income	\$25,854	\$26,283	\$26,496	\$27,158	\$28,152	\$27,049	\$30,137	\$29,829			
Median household Income	\$54,765	\$56,172	\$56,483	\$57,721	\$59,237	\$50,398	\$54,895	\$55,322			
HH and Family Income Inflation-Adj 2016 Dollars	Lancaster 2009-13		PA 2009-13	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2009-13	U.S. 2012-16					
Lowest quintile	\$15,666	\$15,939	\$12,524	\$12,545	\$12,248	\$12,243					
Second quintile	\$36,781	\$37,664	\$32,163	\$32,682	\$32,346	\$32,709					
Third quintile	\$58,293	\$59,422	\$54,372	\$55,298	\$54,994	\$55,754					
Fourth quintile	\$85,400	\$87,193	\$84,805	\$86,722	\$86,976	\$88,586					
Highest guintile	\$165,668	\$174,820	\$182,333	\$188,930	\$191,992	\$200,035					
Median household income	\$58,192	\$59,237	\$54,138	\$54,895	\$54,651	\$55,322					
Mean household income	\$72,362	\$75,008	\$73,239	\$75,235	\$75,711	\$77,866					
Median family income	\$69,693	\$70,512	\$68,663	\$69,960	\$66,678	\$67,871					
Mean family income	\$83,731	\$86,531	\$88,176	\$90,446	\$88,178	\$90,960					
Median HH Income by Race and Ethnicity	Lancaster 2006-10			PA 2005-09	PA 2009-13	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2009-13	U.S. 2012-16			
Total	\$54,893	\$58,192	\$59,237	\$49,737	\$54,138	\$54,895	\$54,651	\$55,322			
Black	\$29,562	\$34,751	\$34,350	\$31,308	\$33,407	\$33,645	\$36,487	\$36,651			
Latino	\$29,562 \$30,542	\$34,751	\$35,476	\$32,554	\$33,407	\$35,607	\$43,314	\$44,254			
White Non-Latino	\$57,309	\$61,145	\$62,253	\$52,594	\$57,731	\$59,238	\$59,854	\$61,018			
Expenses HHs by Occupancy-HHs spending >30% of income on owner costs	Lancaster 2006-10			PA 2006-10	PA 2009-13	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2009-13	U.S. 2012-16			
	26.6%	26.0%	22.6%	27.1%	26.0%	23.4%	28.7%	24.9%			
		E1 00/	EO 40/	40.00/	E0 00/	40 00/	EO 00/	E4 40/			
HHs by Occupancy-HHs spending >30% of income on owner costs Support	45.7%	51.8% Lancaster 2012-16	50.4% PA 2012-16	48.3% U.S. 2012-16	50.2%	49.6%	52.3%	51.1%			

Households with children receiving SNAP	51.8%	52.1%	46.8%	53.0%						
Students Eligible for the Free Lunch Program	Lancaster 2010-11	Lancaster 2011-12		Lancaster 2014-15	Lancaster 2015-16	PA 2015-16	U.S. 2015-16			
	27.3%	28.4%	31.9%	38.7%	42.9%	43.6%	42.6%			
HHs with Supplemental Benefits in Past 12 Months	Lancaster 2009-13	Lancaster 2012-16	PA 2009-13	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2009-13	U.S. 2012-16				
HHs below poverty level	9.6%	9.7%	12.8%	12.7%	14.2%	14.1%				
HHs with supplemental security income	8,152	9,405	270,849	291,771	5,716,592	6,355,071				
Mean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollars	\$10,137	\$10,096	\$9,748	\$9,838	\$9,429	\$9,523				
HHs with cash public assistance income	6,208	6,370	174,576	168,007	3,255,213	3,147,577				
Mean public assist. income annual, 2016 Dollars	\$3,328	\$2,584	\$3,059	\$2,648	\$3,923	\$3,336				
Number of HHs with food stamp benefits	16,836	18,271	585,892	644,209	14,339,330	15,360,951				
Share of HHs with food stamp benefits	8.7%	9.3%	11.8%	13.0%	12.4%	13.0%				
Share of HHs receiving food stamp benefits:										
that are below the poverty level	47.8%	45.9%	52.9%	49.6%	52.3%	50.3%				
with one or more people 60+ yrs	23.6%	28.6%	27.5%	31.6%	26.0%	29.2%				
with children <18 yrs	54.4%	52.1%	49.6%	46.8%	55.5%	53.0%				
Poverty	54.478	JZ.170	49.070	40.070	33.376	55.076				
	Lancaster 2006-10	Lancaster 2009-13	Lancaster 2012-16	PA 2006-10	PA 2009-13	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2009-13	U.S. 2012-16		
Poverty All families	6.7%	7.3%	7.2%	8.5%	9.2%	9.1%	11.3%	11.0%		
Air lamines							11.370	11.0%		
	Lancaster 2009-13	Lancaster 2012-16	PA 2009-13	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2009-13	U.S. 2012-16				
With related children under 18 years	12.1%	12.4%	15.5%	15.6%	17.8%	17.4%				
With related children under 5 years	15.3%	15.3%	20.3%	19.7%	22.7%	21.8%				
Married couple families	3.8%	3.8%	3.8%	3.9%	5.6%	5.5%				
With related children under 18 years	5.3%	5.7%	5.5%	5.5%	8.3%	7.9%				
With related children under 5 years	7.6%	8.0%	7.2%	7.2%	10.9%	10.3%				
Female-headed Households, no husband present	28.5%	25.8%	28.9%	28.0%	30.6%	29.9%				
With related children under 18 years	37.4%	35.5%	39.5%	39.0%	40.0%	39.7%				
With related children under 5 years	49.0%	47.7%	52.4%	50.6%	52.7%	51.7%				
All People	10.5%	10.8%	13.3%	13.3%	15.4%	15.1%				
Under 18 years	14.9%	15.9%	18.8%	19.1%	21.6%	21.2%				
18-64 years	9.5%	9.8%	12.6%	12.7%	14.3%	14.2%				
65 years and over	6.8%	6.7%	8.3%	8.1%	9.4%	9.3%				
Black	27.4%	28.8%	28.6%	28.2%	27.1%	26.2%				
Latino	28.8%	28.3%	32.3%	31.5%	24.7%	23.4%				
White non-Latino	7.9%	8.0%	9.6%	9.6%	10.6%	10.6%				
	Lancaster 2007-11	Lancaster 2009-13		Lancaster 2011-15		PA 2007-11	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2012-16		
Children Living Below Poverty Level	14.2%	14.9%	15.1%	15.6%	15.9%	17.7%	19.1%	21.2%		
Families Living Below Poverty Level	7.0%	7.3%	7.3%	7.3%	7.2%	8.8%	9.1%	11.0%		
People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level	6.7%	6.8%	6.8%	6.5%	6.7%	8.4%	8.1%	9.3%		
People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level People Living 200% Above Poverty Level	72.8%	72.2%	71.5%	71.0%	71.4%	70.4%	69.8%	66.4%		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level	72.8%	72.2%	71.5%	71.0%	71.4%	70.4%	69.8%	66.4%		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Young Children Living Below Poverty Level	72.8% 9.9%	72.2% 10.3%	71.5% 10.5%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0%	71.4% 10.8% 17.9%	70.4% 12.6%	69.8% 13.3%	66.4% 15.1%		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Young Children Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment	72.8% 9.9%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4%	71.5% 10.5%	71.0% 10.7%	71.4% 10.8% 17.9%	70.4% 12.6%	69.8% 13.3%	66.4% 15.1%		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Young Children Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment	72.8% 9.9% 16.4%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4%	71.5% 10.5% 17.3%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0%	71.4% 10.8% 17.9%	70.4% 12.6% 21.0%	69.8% 13.3% 21.6%	66.4% 15.1% 23.6%		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Young Children Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment Ousing Homeownership	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7%	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4%	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1%	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0%	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Young Children Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment ousing Homeownership HHs by Occupancy	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Young Children Living Below Poverty Level alghborhood and Physical Environment Dusing Homeownership HHs by Occupancy Total housing units	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7%	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4%	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Young Children Living Below Poverty Level aghborhood and Physical Environment Justing Homeownership HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206,308 95.1%	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5,565,653 89.1%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5,592,175 88.7%	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5%	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899 87.8%	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Young Children Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment Jusing HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203.673 95.3% 4.7%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206.308 95.1% 4.9%	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5.565,653 89.1% 10.9%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5.592,175 88.7% 11.3%	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5%	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134.054.899 87.8% 12.2%	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16	_	
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Young Children Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment Dusing Homeownership HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206,308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5,565,653 89.1% 10.9% 4,958,427	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5,592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4,961,929	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Source Children Living Below Poverty Level Sighborhood and Physical Environment Susing HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent owner-occupied	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206.308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4%	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5.65,653 89,1% 10.9% 4,958,427 69.8%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5.592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4,961,929 69.0%	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9%	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134.054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237 63.6%	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Young Children Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment Jusing HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent owner-occupied Percent renter-occupied	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206,308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4% 31.6%	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5.565,653 89.1% 10.9% 4.958,427 69.8% 30.2%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5.592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4.961,929 69.0% 31.0%	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1%	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134.054.899 87.8% 12.2% 117.716.237 63.6% 36.4%	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Young Children Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment Dusing Homeownership HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent owner-occupied Percent renter-occupied Owner-occupied units	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206.308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4% 31.6% 134,255	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5,565,653 89.1% 10.9% 4,958,427 69.8% 30.2% 3,462,512	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5,592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4,961,929 69.0% 31.0% 3.425,706	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237 63.6% 36.4% 74,881,068	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Source State St	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847 64.8%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206,308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4% 31.6% 134,255 63.4%	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5.65,653 89,1% 10.9% 4.958,427 69.8% 30.2% 3.462,512 62.4%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5,592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4.961,929 69.0% 31.0% 3.425,706 61.0%	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4%	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237 63.6% 36.4% 74,881,068 64.1%	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Young Children Living Below Poverty Level bighborhood and Physical Environment busing HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent owner-occupied Percent renter-occupied Owner-occupied units housing units with a mortgage housing units without a mortgage	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203.673 95.3% 4.7% 194.082 69.5% 30.5% 30.5% 134.847 64.8% 35.2%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206.308 95.1% 4.9% 196.171 68.4% 31.6% 134.255 63.4% 36.6%	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5.565,653 89.1% 10.9% 4.958,427 69.8% 30.2% 3.462,512 62.4% 37.6%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5,592.175 88.7% 11.3% 4.961.929 69.0% 31.0% 3.425,706 61.0% 39.0%	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4% 33.6%	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134.054.899 87.8% 12.2% 117.716.237 63.6% 36.4% 74.881.068 64.1% 35.9%	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Young Children Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment Jousing Homeownership HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent owner-occupied Percent renter-occupied Owner-occupied units housing units with a mortgage housing units without a mortgage Median Value 2016 dollars	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203.673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847 64.8% 35.2% \$193,900	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206.308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4% 31.6% 134,255 63.4% 36.6% \$191,400	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5,565,653 89.1% 10.9% 4,958,427 69.8% 30.2% 3,462,512 62.4% 37.6% \$169,700	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5,592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4,961,929 69.0% 31.0% 33.0% 3425,706 61.0% 39.0% \$167,700	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4% 33.6% \$182,000	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237 63.6% 36.4% 74,881,068 64.1% 35.9% \$184,700	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Poung Children Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment Dusing HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent owner-occupied Percent renter-occupied Owner-occupied units housing units with a mortgage housing units without a mortgage Median Value 2016 dollars Occupied units paying rent	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847 64.8% 35.2% \$193,900 59,235	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206,308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4% 31.6% 134,255 63.4% 36.6% \$191,400 61,916	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5.65,653 89,1% 10.9% 4,958,427 69,8% 30.2% 3,462,512 62,4% 37.6% \$169,700 1,495,915	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5,592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4,961,929 69.0% 31.0% 31.0% 31.0% 34,25,706 61.0% 39.0% \$167,700 1,536,223	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4% 33.6% \$182,000 40,634,516	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237 63.6% 36.4% 74,881,068 64.1% 35.9% \$184,700 42,835,169	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Young Children Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment Dusing HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent owner-occupied Owner-occupied units housing units with a mortgage housing units with autortgage Median Value 2016 dollars Occupied units paying rent Median monthly rent 2016 dollars	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847 64.8% 35.2% \$193,900 59,235 \$901	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206,308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4% 31.6% 134,255 63.4% 36.6% \$191,400 61,916 \$932	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5.565,653 89.1% 10.9% 4.958,427 69.8% 30.2% 3.462,512 62.4% 37.6% \$169,700 1,495,915 \$838	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5.592.175 88.7% 11.3% 4.961.929 69.0% 31.0% 3.425.706 61.0% 39.0% \$167.700 1.536.223 \$859	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4% 33.6% \$182,000 40,534,516 \$931	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134.054.899 87.8% 12.2% 117.716.237 63.6% 36.4% 74.881.068 64.1% 35.9% \$184.700 42.835.169 \$949	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Young Children Living Below Poverty Level bighborhood and Physical Environment Jusling HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent occupied dousing units Percent owner-occupied Percent renter-occupied Percent renter-occupied Owner-occupied units housing units with a mortgage housing units without a mortgage Median Value 2016 dollars Occupied units paying rent	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203.673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847 64.8% 35.2% \$193,900 59,235 \$901 194,082	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206.308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4% 31.6% 134,255 63.4% 36.6% \$191,400 61,916 \$932 196,171	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5,565,653 89.1% 10.9% 4,958,427 69.8% 30.2% 3,462,512 62.4% 37.6% \$169,700 1,495,915 \$838 4,958,427	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5,592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4,961,929 69.0% 31.0% 33,425,706 61.0% 39.0% \$167,700 1,536,223 \$859 4,961,929	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057.804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4% 33,6% \$182,000 40,534,516 \$931 115,610,216	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237 63.6% 36.4% 74,881,068 64.1% 35.9% \$184,700 42,835,169 \$949 117,716,237	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level Poople Living Below Poverty Level Soung Children Living Below Poverty Level Sighborhood and Physical Environment Susing HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent owner-occupied Percent renter-occupied Owner-occupied units housing units with a mortgage housing units without a mortgage Median Value 2016 dollars Occupied units paying rent Median monthly rent 2016 dollars Total HHs Average HH size	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847 64.8% 35.2% \$193,900 59,235 \$901 194,082 2.62	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206,308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4% 31.6% 134,255 63.4% 36.6% \$191,400 61,916 \$932 196,171 2.65	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5.565,653 89,1% 10.9% 4,958,427 69,8% 30.2% 3,462,512 62,4% 37.6% \$169,700 1,495,915 \$838 4,958,427 2.48	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5.592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4.961,929 69.0% 31.0% 3.425,706 61.0% 39.0% \$167,700 1.536,223 \$859 4.961,929 2.49	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4% 33.6% \$182,000 40,534,516 \$931 115,610,216 2.63	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237 63.6% 36.4% 74,881,068 64.1% 35.9% \$184,700 42,835,169 \$949 117,716,237 2.64	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level Poople Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment busing HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent owner-occupied Percent renter-occupied Owner-occupied units housing units with a mortgage housing units without a mortgage Median Value 2016 dollars Occupied units paying rent Median monthly rent 2016 dollars Total HHs Average HH size	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203.673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847 64.8% 35.2% \$193,900 59,235 \$901 194,082	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206.308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4% 31.6% 134,255 63.4% 36.6% \$191,400 61,916 \$932 196,171	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5,565,653 89.1% 10.9% 4,958,427 69.8% 30.2% 3,462,512 62.4% 37.6% \$169,700 1,495,915 \$838 4,958,427	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5,592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4,961,929 69.0% 31.0% 33,425,706 61.0% 39.0% \$167,700 1,536,223 \$859 4,961,929	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057.804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4% 33,6% \$182,000 40,534,516 \$931 115,610,216	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237 63.6% 36.4% 74,881,068 64.1% 35.9% \$184,700 42,835,169 \$949 117,716,237	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Poung Children Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment busing HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent owner-occupied Percent renter-occupied Owner-occupied units housing units without a mortgage housing units without a mortgage Median Value 2016 dollars Occupied units paying rent Median monthly rent 2016 dollars Total HHs Average HH size Average family size	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847 64.8% 35.2% \$193,900 59,235 \$901 194,082 2.62	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206,308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4% 31.6% 134,255 63.4% 36.6% \$191,400 61,916 \$932 196,171 2.65 3.16	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5.565,653 89,1% 10.9% 4,958,427 69,8% 30.2% 3,462,512 62,4% 37.6% \$169,700 1,495,915 \$838 4,958,427 2.48	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5.592.175 88.7% 11.3% 4.961.929 69.0% 31.0% 3.425.706 61.0% 39.0% \$167.700 1.536.223 \$859 4.961.929 2.49 3.1	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4% 33.6% \$182,000 40,534,516 \$931 115,610,216 2.63	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237 63.6% 36.4% 74,881,068 64.1% 35.9% \$184,700 42,835,169 \$949 117,716,237 2.64	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Poung Children Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment ousing Homeownership HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent owner-occupied Owner-occupied units housing units without a mortgage Median Value 2016 dollars Occupied units paying rent Median monthly rent 2016 dollars Total HHs Average HH size Average HH size Average family size transportation	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847 64.8% 35.2% \$193,900 59,235 \$901 194,082 2.62 3.14 Lancaster 2007-11	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206.308 95.1% 4.9% 196.171 68.4% 31.6% 134.255 63.4% 36.6% \$191.400 61.916 \$932 196.171 2.65 3.16 Lancaster 2008-12	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5,565,653 89.1% 10.9% 4,958,427 69.8% 30.2% 3,462,512 62.4% 37.6% \$169,700 1,495,915 \$838 4,958,427 2.48 3.09	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5.592.175 88.7% 11.3% 4.961.929 69.0% 31.0% 3.425.706 61.0% 39.0% \$167.700 1.536.223 \$859 4.961.929 2.49 3.1	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4% 33.6% \$182,000 40,534,516 \$931 115,610,216 2.63 3.22	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237 63.6% 36.4% 74,881,068 64.1% 35.9% \$184,700 42,835,169 \$949 117,716,237 2.64 3.24 PA 2007-11	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16 61.3%	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16 55.9%		
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Poung Children Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment busing HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent owner-occupied Percent renter-occupied Owner-occupied units housing units without a mortgage housing units without a mortgage Median Value 2016 dollars Occupied units paying rent Median monthly rent 2016 dollars Total HHs Average HH size Average family size	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847 64.8% 35.2% \$193,900 59,235 \$901 194,082 2.62 3.14 Lancaster 2007-11 9.8%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206,308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4% 31.6% 134,255 63.4% 36.6% \$191,400 61,916 \$932 196,171 2.65 3.16	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5.565,653 89.1% 10.9% 4,958,427 69.8% 30.2% 3,462,512 62.4% 37.6% \$169,700 1,495,915 \$838 4,958,427 2.48 3.09 Lancaster 2009-13 9.7%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% P 2012-16 5,592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4,961,929 69.0% 31.0% 3,425,706 61.0% 39.0% \$167,700 1,536,223 \$859 4,961,929 2.49 3.1 Lancaster 2011-15	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057.804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4% 33,6% \$182,000 40,534,516 \$931 115,610,216 2.63 3.22 Lancaster 2012-16	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237 63.6% 36.4% 74,881,068 64.1% 35.9% \$184,700 42,835,169 \$949 117,716,237 2.64 3.24 PA 2007-11 1.1.5%	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16 61.3% PA 2012-16	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16 55.9% U.S. 2012-16	U.S. 2012-16	HP2020
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment busing HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent owner-occupied Percent renter-occupied Owner-occupied units housing units without a mortgage housing units without a mortgage Median Value 2016 dollars Occupied units paying rent Median monthly rent 2016 dollars Total HHs Average HH size Average family size ransportation Households without a Vehicle	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847 64.8% 35.2% \$193,900 59,235 \$901 194,082 2.62 3.14 Lancaster 2007-11 9.8%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206,308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4% 31.6% 134,255 63.4% 36.6% \$191,400 61,916 \$932 196,171 2.65 3.16 Lancaster 2008-12 9.3%	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 6.6.2% PA 2009-13 5,565,653 89.1% 10.9% 4.958,427 69.8% 30.2% 3.462,512 62.4% 37.6% \$169,700 1.495,915 \$838 4.958,427 2.48 3.09 Lancaster 2009-13 9.7%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5.592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4.961,929 69.0% 31.0% 3.425,706 61.0% 39.0% \$167,700 1,536,223 \$859 4.961,929 2.49 3.1 Lancaster 2011-15 9.5% Lancaster 2009-13	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4% 33.6% \$182,000 40,534,516 \$931 115,610,216 2.63 3.22 Lancaster 2012-16 9.5% Lancaster 2011-15	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134.054.899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716.237 63.6% 36.4% 74.881,068 64.1% 35.9% \$184,700 42,835,169 \$949 117,716.237 2.64 3.24 PA 2007-11 11.5% Lancaster 2012-16	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16 61.3% PA 2012-16 11.2% PA 2007-11	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16 55.9% U.S. 2012-16 9.0% PA 2012-16	U.S. 2012-16 76.4%	НР2020
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People Living 200% Above Poverty Level Poople Living Below Poverty Level sighborhood and Physical Environment Jusing HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent occupied downer-occupied Percent owner-occupied Percent coupied doulars Coupied units housing units with a mortgage housing units without a mortgage Median Value 2016 dollars Total HHs Average HH size Average family size Average family size Average family size Mouseholds without a Vehicle Workers who Drive Alone to Work Workers Commuting by Public Transportation Means of Transportation to Work Drove alone	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847 64.8% 35.2% \$193,900 59,235 \$901 194,082 2.62 3.14 Lancaster 2007-11 9.8% Lancaster 2007-11 78.8% 1.2%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206.308 95.1% 4.9% 196.171 68.4% 31.6% 134.255 63.4% 36.6% \$191.400 61.916 \$932 196,171 2.65 3.16 Lancaster 2008-12 9.3% Lancaster 2007-11 79.2% 1.2% Lancaster 2012-16 79.1%	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5,565,653 89.1% 10.9% 4,958,427 69.8% 30.2% 33,462,512 62.4% 37.6% \$169,700 1,495,915 \$838 4,958,427 2.48 3.09 Lancaster 2009-13 9.7% Lancaster 2009-13 9.7% 1.2% PA 2009-13 76.7%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5,592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4,961,929 69.0% 31.0% 3,425,706 61.0% 39.0% \$167,700 1,536,223 \$859 4,961,929 2.49 3.1 Lancaster 2011-15 9.5% Lancaster 2011-15 9.5% Lancaster 2011-15 7.5%	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4% 33.6% \$182,000 40,534,516 \$931 115,610,216 2.63 3.22 Lancaster 2012-16 9.5% Lancaster 2012-16 79.3% 1.3% U.S. 2009-13 76.3%	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237 63.6% 36.4% 74,881,068 64.1% 35.9% \$184,700 42,835,169 \$949 117,716,237 2.64 3.24 PA 2007-11 11.5% Lancaster 2012-16 79.1% 1.2% U.S. 2012-16 76.4%	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16 61.3% PA 2012-16 11.2% PA 2007-11 76.5%	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16 55.9% U.S. 2012-16 9.0% PA 2012-16 76.5%	76.4%	
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment Dusing HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent coupied housing units Percent owner-occupied Percent owner-occupied Owner-occupied units housing units with a mortgage housing units with a mortgage Median Value 2016 dollars Occupied units paying rent Median monthly rent 2016 dollars Total HHs Average family size ransportation Households without a Vehicle Workers who Drive Alone to Work Workers Commuting by Public Transportation Means of Transportation to Work Drove alone Carpooled	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847 64.8% 35.2% \$193,900 59,235 \$901 194,082 2.62 3.14 Lancaster 2007-11 9.8% Lancaster 2007-11 9.8% Lancaster 2007-13 78.8% 1.2%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206,308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4% 31.6% 134,255 63.4% 36.6% \$191,400 61,916 \$932 196,171 2.65 3.16 Lancaster 2008-12 9.3% Lancaster 2008-12 9.3% Lancaster 2008-12 9.3%	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5.565,653 89,1% 10.9% 4,958,427 69,8% 30.2% 3,462,512 62,4% 37.6% \$169,700 1.495,915 \$838 4,958,427 2.48 3.09 Lancaster 2009-13 9.7% Lancaster 2009-13 9.7% FA 2009-13 76.7% 8.9%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5.592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4.961,929 69.0% 31.0% 3.425,706 61.0% 39.0% \$167,700 1.536,223 \$859 4.961,929 2.49 3.1 Lancaster 2011-15 9.5% Lancaster 2019-13 79.3% 1.2% PA 2012-16 76.5% 8.5%	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4% 33.6% \$182,000 40,534,516 \$931 115,610,216 2.63 3.22 Lancaster 2012-16 9.5% Lancaster 2011-15 79.3% 1.3% U.S. 2009-13 76.3% 9.8%	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134.054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237 63.6% 36.4% 74,881,068 64.1% 35.9% \$184,700 42,835,169 \$949 117,716,237 2.64 3.24 PA 2007-11 11.5% Lancaster 2012-16 79.1% 1.2% U.S. 2012-16 76.4% 9.3%	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16 61.3% PA 2012-16 11.2% PA 2007-11 76.5%	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16 55.9% U.S. 2012-16 9.0% PA 2012-16 76.5%	76.4%	
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People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level eighborhood and Physical Environment ousing Homeownership HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent owner-occupied Percent renter-occupied Owner-occupied units Percent owner-occupied Owner-occupied units housing units with a mortgage housing units with a mortgage Median Value 2016 dollars Occupied units paying rent Median monthly rent 2016 dollars Total HHs Average HH size Average family size ransportation Households without a Vehicle Workers who Drive Alone to Work Workers Commuting by Public Transportation Means of Transportation to Work Drove alone Carpooled Public transportation Walked Other means	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847 64.8% 35.2% \$193,900 59,235 \$901 194,082 2.62 3.14 Lancaster 2007-11 9.8% Lancaster 2007-11 9.8% Lancaster 2007-13 79.3% 9.0% 1.1% 3.7%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206,308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4% 31.6% 134,255 63.4% 36.6% \$191,400 61,916 \$932 196,171 2.65 3.16 Lancaster 2008-12 9.3% Lancaster 2007-11 79.2% 1.2% Lancaster 2012-16 79.1% 9.1% 1.2% 1.	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5.565,653 89,1% 10.9% 4,958,427 69,8% 30.2% 3.462,512 62.4% 37.6% \$169,700 1.495,915 \$838 4,958,427 2.48 3.09 Lancaster 2009-13 9.7% Lancaster 2009-13 9.7% Lancaster 2009-13 76.7% 8.9% 5.4% 3.9% 5.4% 3.9%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% PA 2012-16 5.592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4.961,929 69.0% 31.0% 3.425,706 61.0% 39.0% \$167,700 1.536,223 \$859 4.961,929 2.49 3.1 Lancaster 2011-15 9.5% Lancaster 2019-13 79.3% 1.2% PA 2012-16 76.5% 8.5% 5.6% 3.8% 1.4%	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4% 33.6% \$182,000 40,534,516 \$931 115,610,216 2.63 3.22 Lancaster 2012-16 9.5% Lancaster 2011-15 79.3% 1.3% U.S. 2009-13 76.3% 9.8% 5.0% 2.8% 1.8%	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237 63.6% 36.4% 74,881,068 64.1% 35.9% \$184,700 42,835,169 \$949 117,716,237 2.64 3.24 PA 2007-11 11.5% Lancaster 2012-16 79.1% 1.2% U.S. 2012-16 76.4% 9.3% 5.1% 2.8% 1.8%	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16 61.3% PA 2012-16 11.2% PA 2007-11 76.5%	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16 55.9% U.S. 2012-16 9.0% PA 2012-16 76.5%	76.4%	
People Living 200% Above Poverty Level People Living Below Poverty Level Voung Children Living Below Poverty Level elighborhood and Physical Environment tousing Homeownership HHs by Occupancy Total housing units Percent occupied Percent vacant Total occupied housing units Percent owner-occupied Percent renter-occupied Owner-occupied units housing units without a mortgage housing units without a mortgage Median Value 2016 dollars Occupied units paying rent Median monthly rent 2016 dollars Total HHs Average HH size Average family size Transportation Households without a Vehicle Workers commuting by Public Transportation Means of Transportation to Work Drove alone Carpooled Public transportation Walked	72.8% 9.9% 16.4% Lancaster 2007-11 67.0% Lancaster 2009-13 203,673 95.3% 4.7% 194,082 69.5% 30.5% 134,847 64.8% 35.2% \$193,900 59,235 \$901 194,082 2.62 3.14 Lancaster 2007-11 9.8% Lancaster 2007-11 9.8% Lancaster 2007-13 79.3% 9.0% 1.1% 3.7%	72.2% 10.3% 17.4% Lancaster 2008-12 66.7% Lancaster 2012-16 206.308 95.1% 4.9% 196,171 68.4% 31.6% 134,255 63.4% 36.6% \$191,400 61,916 \$932 196,171 2.65 3.16 Lancaster 2008-12 9.3% Lancaster 2008-12 9.3% Lancaster 2012-16 79.2% 1.2% Lancaster 2012-16 79.1% 9.1% 1.2% 3.7%	71.5% 10.5% 17.3% Lancaster 2009-13 66.2% PA 2009-13 5,565,653 89.1% 10.9% 4,958,427 69.8% 30.2% 33,462,512 62.4% 37.6% \$169,700 1,495,915 \$838 4,958,427 2.48 3.09 Lancaster 2009-13 9.7% Lancaster 2009-13 9.7% Lancaster 2009-13 76.7% 8.9% 5.4% 3.9%	71.0% 10.7% 18.0% Lancaster 2011-15 65.4% P 2012-16 5,592,175 88.7% 11.3% 4,961,929 69,0% 31.0% 3,425,706 61.0% 33,425,706 61.0% 33,425,706 61.0% 33,0% \$167,700 1,536,223 \$859 4,961,929 2.49 3.1 Lancaster 2011-15 9.5% Lancaster 2011-16 76.5% 8.5% 5.6% 3.8%	71.4% 10.8% 17.9% Lancaster 2012-16 65.1% U.S. 2009-13 132,057,804 87.5% 12.5% 115,610,216 64.9% 35.1% 75,075,700 66.4% 33.6% \$182,000 40,534,516 \$931 115,610,216 2.63 3.22 Lancaster 2012-16 9.5% Lancaster 2011-15 79.3% 1.3% U.S. 2009-13 76.3% 9.8% 5.0% 2.8%	70.4% 12.6% 21.0% PA 2007-11 63.0% U.S. 2012-16 134,054,899 87.8% 12.2% 117,716,237 63.6% 36.4% 74,881,068 64.1% 35.9% \$184,700 42,835,169 \$949 117,716,237 2.64 3.24 PA 2007-11 11.5% Lancaster 2012-16 79.1% 1.2% U.S. 2012-16 76.4% 9.3% 5.1% 2.8%	69.8% 13.3% 21.6% PA 2012-16 61.3% PA 2012-16 11.2% PA 2007-11 76.5%	66.4% 15.1% 23.6% U.S. 2012-16 55.9% U.S. 2012-16 9.0% PA 2012-16 76.5%	76.4%	

Parks	Lancaster 2008	Lancaster 2011	Lancaster 2012	Lancaster 2014	U.S. 2014					
Recreation and Fitness Facilities Valkability	0.13 Lancaster 2007-11	0.11 Lancaster 2008-12	0.10 Lancaster 2009-13	0.11 Lancaster 2010-14	0.06 Lancaster 2011-15	Lancaster 2012-16	PA 2007-11	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2012-16	HP2020
Mean Travel Time to Work	22.1	22.3	22.5	22.8	22.9	23.1	25.7	26.5	26.1	HP2020
										2 10/
Workers who Walk to Work	3.6% Lancaster 2007-11	3.6% Lancaster 2008-12	3.7% Lancaster 2009-13	3.5% Lancaster 2010-14	3.6%	3.7%	3.9%	3.8%	2.8%	3.1%
Safety Recognized Caroinegens Beleased into Air	109,586	2008-12 96,560	99175	97950						
Recognized Carcinogens Released into Air	109,586									
PBT Released		49,849	7198	5525	B 4 4 4 4 4					
	Lancaster 2007-11	Lancaster 2008-12	Lancaster 2009-13	Lancaster 2010-14	PA 2016	U.S. 2016				
Violent Crime Rate	180	167.4	180.3	175.7	315.6	386.3		B 4 4 4 4 4		
And Advised Death Date due to Mater Vakiala Callisiana	Lancaster 2009	Lancaster 2011	Lancaster 2012	Lancaster 2013	Lancaster 2014	Lancaster 2015	Lancaster 2016	PA 2009	PA 2016	HP2020
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle Collisions	11.5	12.2	10.1	11.1	11.2	9.8	9.1	10.2	9.4	12.4
	Lancaster 2010	Lancaster 2011	Lancaster 2012	Lancaster 2013	Lancaster 2014	Lancaster 2015	PA 2010	PA 2015	HP2020	
Child Abuse Rate	6.9	6.7	8.3	8.7	9.0	15.1	9.0	14.5	8.5	
	Lancaster 2008-10	Lancaster 2010-12	Lancaster 2011-13	Lancaster 2013-15	Lancaster 2014-16					
Annual Ozone Air Quality	5	5	5	3	4					
Annual Particle Pollution	4	4	4	5	5					
Education										
Early childhood education	Lancaster 2009-13	Lancaster 2012-16	PA 2009-13	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2009-13	U.S. 2012-16				
School Enrollment										
Nursery school, preschool	7,808	7,277	197,902	185,764	5,011,192	4,959,823				
Kindergarten	5,861	6,171	147,963	143,093	4,208,394	4,181,764				
Elementary school grades 1-8	56,162	56,204	1,219,439	1,200,055	32,796,856	32,831,750				
Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age-3 and 4 years	38.1%	37.0%	49.2%	46.9%	47.7%	47.5%				
Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age-5 to 9 years	91.4%	91.4%	94.6%	94.2%	95.6%	95.6%				
Vocational training	Lancaster 2009-13	Lancaster 2012-16	PA 2009-13	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2009-13	U.S. 2012-16				
Educational Attainment of the 25+ Pop-Some college, no degree	15.0%	14.5%	16.5%	16.2%	21.2%	21.0%				
Higher education	Lancaster 2006-10	Lancaster 2007-11	Lancaster 2008-12	Lancaster 2009-13	Lancaster 2011-15	Lancaster 2012-16	PA 2006-10	PA 2007-11	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2012-16
People 25+ with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher	23.3%	23.2%	23.5%	24.2%	25.2%	25.7%	26.4%	26.7%	29.3%	30.3%
Educational Attainment of the 25+ Pop	Lancaster 2009-13	Lancaster 2012-16	PA 2009-13	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2009-13	U.S. 2012-16				
Associate's degree	6.1%	7.1%	7.6%	8.0%	7.8%	8.2%				
Bachelor's degree	15.9%	16.7%	16.9%	17.8%	18.0%	18.8%				
Graduate or professional degree	8.3%	9.0%	10.7%	11.5%	10.8%	11.5%				
Percent high school graduate or higher	83.9%	84.6%	88.7%	89.5%	86.0%	87.0%				
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	24.2%	25.7%	27.5%	29.3%	28.8%	30.3%				
School Enrollment-College, undergraduate	25,498	23,757	744,717	700,536	19,333,036	19,060,114				
School Enrollment-Graduate or professional school	4,912	4,871	175,489	166,850	4,121,769	4,129,133				
	4,912	4,871 33.8%	44.1%		4,121,769 42.5%	4,129,133				
Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age- to 24 years	34.1% 8.5%			42.7%		42.0%				
Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age-25 to 34 years		8.0%	12.1%	11.0%	13.6%					
Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age-35 years and over	2.2%	1.9%	2.2%	2.0%	2.8%	2.7%				
Share of men ages 18-24 enrolled in college	33.8%	33.5%	41.8%	40.8%	38.7%	38.7%				
Share of women ages 18-24 enrolled in college	41.5%	38.3%	50.9%	49.1%	47.5%	47.1%		B		
Education	Lancaster 2010-11	Lancaster 2012-13	Lancaster 2013-14	Lancaster 2014-15	Lancaster 2015-16		PA 2010-11	PA 2016-17	U.S. 2015-16	
School Dropouts	1.6%	1.1%	1.1%		1.1%	1.1%	1.6%	1.7%		
Student-to-Teacher Ratio	14.4	15.0	14.9	14.6	14.5		13.8	14.7	17.7	
	Lancaster 2009-13		PA 2009-13	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2009-13	U.S. 2012-16				
Educ Attainment of 25+ Pop-Less than high school diploma	16.1%	15.4%	11.3%	10.5%	14.0%	13.0%				
Educ Attainment of 25+ Pop-High school grad incl. equivalency	38.5%	37.4%	37.0%	36.0%	28.1%	27.5%				
School enrollment										
School Enrollment-High school grades 9-12	27,018	26,510	663,526	635,645	17,153,559	16,985,786				
Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age-10 to 14 years	97.1%	97.3%	98.2%	98.1%	98.4%	98.3%				
Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age-15 to 17 years	90.9%	87.9%	96.6%	96.3%	96.6%	96.8%				
Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age-18 and 19 years	71.1%	70.2%	79.2%	78.9%	74.9%	75.6%				
Food										
Access to healthy options	Lancaster 2009	Lancaster 2011	Lancaster 2012	Lancaster 2013	Lancaster 2016	U.S. 2009	U.S. 2016			
Farmers Market Density	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03			
	Lancaster 2007	Lancaster 2009	Lancaster 2011	Lancaster 2012	Lancaster 2014	0.02	0.00			
Fast Food Restaurant Density	0.57	0.56	0.59	0.62	0.61					
· ·····	Lancaster 2008	Lancaster 2009	Lancaster 2011	Lancaster 2012	Lancaster 2014					
Grocery Store Density	0.21	0.21	0.22	0.21	0.21					
	Lancaster 2010	Lancaster 2015	0.22	0.21	0.21					
Households without a Car and > 1 Mile from a Creaser, Store		3.9%								
Households without a Car and > 1 Mile from a Grocery Store	4.0%									
Low-Income and >1 Mile from a Grocery Store	5.2%	5.2%	Langasta - 0044	Langast- 0040	Langast- 0040					
ONAD OF the d Office	Lancaster 2009	Lancaster 2010	Lancaster 2011	Lancaster 2012	Lancaster 2016					
SNAP Certified Stores	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6					
Community and social context										
Social integration	Lancaster 2010	Lancaster 2017	PA 2010	PA 2017	U.S. 2010	U.S. 2017				
Population-White	93.2%	91.9%	85.3%	83.9%	80.3%	79.0%				
Population-Black/African American	5.4%	6.4%	12.3%	13.2%	14.0%	14.6%				
	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	0.9%	2.0%	2.1%				
Population-American Indian/Alaska Native	0.070									
	2.3%	2.9%	3.2%	4.1%	5.8%	6.8%				
Population-American Indian/Alaska Native						6.8% 0.5%				

HHs by Occupancy-Shares of all HHs that are:	Lancaster 2009-13	Lancaster 2012-16	PA 2009-13	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2009-13	U.S. 2012-16					
Family HHs	70.5%	70.4%	64.8%	64.4%	66.4%	65.9%					
Male householder, no wife	3.6%	3.8%	4.3%	4.4%	4.7%	4.8%					
Female householder, no husband	8.9% 58.0%	9.5% 57.1%	11.9% 48.6%	11.9% 48.0%	13.0% 48.7%	12.9% 48.2%					
Married-couple families Nonfamily HHs	29.5%	29.6%	35.2%	35.6%	33.6%	40.2% 34.1%					
householder living alone	29.5%	23.8%	29.5%	29.6%	27.5%	27.7%					
65 years and over, living alone	10.4%	10.6%	11.8%	12.2%	9.8%	10.4%					
							B A A A A A A A A A A				
Support systems				Lancaster 2011-15	24 1%	PA 2007-11	PA 2012-16	U.S. 2012-16			
Single-Parent Households Stress	22.1% Lancaster 2009-11	21.8%	22.1%	24.7% Lancaster 2014-16		32.1% PA 2009-11	33.8% PA 2015-17	33.6%			
Poor Mental Health Days	29%	28%	34%	35%	35%	35%	37%				
r oor mental rieatti Days	Lancaster 2014	Lancaster 2015	Lancaster 2016	PA 2014	PA 2016	U.S. 2016	51 /0				
Frequent Mental Distress	11.2%	10.8%	11.4%	10.0%	13.0%	15.0%					
Frequent Physical Distress	10.3%	10.1%	10.5%	10.0%	11.9%	15.0%					
Population	Lancaster 2010	Lancaster 2017	PA 2010	PA 2017	U.S. 2010	U.S. 2017					
Total Population	520,361	542,903	12,712,343	12,805,537	309,348,193	325,719,178					
Male share of population	48.9%	49.0%	48.7%	49.0%	49.2%	49.2%					
Female share of population	51.1%	51.0%	51.3%	51.0%	50.8%	50.8%					
Ages 0-4	6.8%	6.7%	5.7%	5.5%	6.5%	6.1%					
Ages 5-9	6.8%	6.7%	5.9%	5.5%	6.6%	6.2%					
Ages 10-14	6.8%	6.4%	6.2%	6.1%	6.7%	6.5%					
Ages 15-19	7.3%	6.6%	7.1%	6.4%	7.1%	6.6%					
Ages 20-24	6.8%	6.4%	6.9%	6.5%	7.0%	6.7%					
Ages 25-34	11.8%	13.0%	12.0%	13.2%	13.3%	13.8%					
Ages 35-44	12.2%	11.2%	12.6%	11.6%	13.2%	12.7%					
Ages 45-54	14.5%	12.4%	15.2%	13.3%	14.5%	13.0%					
Ages 55-64	12.0%	13.1%	12.9%	14.1%	11.9%	12.9%					
Ages 65-74	7.4%	9.5%	7.7%	10.0%	7.1%	9.1%					
Ages 75-84	5.1%	5.2%	5.3%	5.2%	4.2%	4.5%					
Ages 85+	2.5%	2.8%	2.4%	2.6%	1.8%	1.9%					
Population Under 18 Population 65+	24.8% 15.0%	23.7% 17.4%	21.9% 15.4%	20.8% 17.8%	24.0% 13.1%	22.6% 15.6%					
Median Age	38.2	38.8	40.2	40.8	37.2	38.1					
Health care system	30.2	30.0	40.2	40.0	31.2	30.1					
Health coverage	Lancaster 2001-03	Lancaster 2011	Lancaster 2013	Lancaster 2014	Lancaster 2015	Lancaster 2016	PA 2011	PA 2016	US 2011	U.S. 2016	HP2020
Adults with Health Insurance 18-64 years old	79%	84.6%	84.6%	85.0%	87.5%	88.9%	86.0%	92.5%	79.0%	88.0%	100.0%
Children with Health Insurance 0-17		85.1%	84.1%	84.8%	85.0%	82.9%	94.6%	95.6%	92.5%	95.5%	100.0%
	Lancaster 2008-12	Lancaster 2009-13	Lancaster 2012-16	PA 2008-12	PA 2009-13	PA 2012-14	U.S. 2009-13	U.S. 2012-16			
Population with health insurance coverage	445,783	447,354	461,565	11,284,898	11,296,309	11,579,382	260,878,830	276,875,891			
% of population with health insurance coverage	86.8%	86.6%	87.7%	90.3%	90.2%	92.0%	85.1%	88.3%			
% with private health insurance		71.5%	70.4%		73.0%	73.0%	66.0%	66.7%			
% with public coverage	10.0%	28.0%	30.4%	10.5%	31.4%	33.5%	30.2%	33.0%			
% of population without health insurance	13.2%	13.4%	12.3%	9.7%	9.8%	8.0%	14.9%	11.7%			
Percent Uninsured											
by Race and Ethnicity-Black											
	14.2%	13.3%	11.1%	14.5%	14.5%	11.5%	17.5%	13.7%			
by Race and Ethnicity-Latino	18.2%	13.3% 17.1%	11.1% 14.3%	20.7%	20.6%	17.4%	29.6%	23.4%			
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino		13.3% 17.1% 13.2%	11.1% 14.3% 12.3%		20.6% 8.2%	17.4% 6.6%	29.6% 10.4%	23.4% 8.1%			
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old	18.2%	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6%	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3%	20.7%	20.6% 8.2% 5.3%	17.4% 6.6% 5.0%	29.6% 10.4% 6.1%	23.4% 8.1% 4.8%			
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17	18.2%	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 14.2%	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4%	20.7%	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3%	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7%	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4%	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4%			
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24	18.2%	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 14.2% 21.8%	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7%	20.7%	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8%	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0%	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 26.4%	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 16.4%			
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44	18.2%	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 14.2% 21.8% 17.6%	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6%	20.7%	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6%	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8%	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 26.4% 24.0%	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 16.4% 19.5%			
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64	18.2%	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 14.2% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9%	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5%	20.7%	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7%	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0%	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 26.4% 24.0% 15.1%	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 16.4% 19.5% 12.3%			
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Group-Ages 65 and older	18.2% 12.7%	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 14.2% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9% 2.2%	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0%	20.7% 8.1%	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5%	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5%	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 26.4% 24.0% 15.1% 1.0%	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 16.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9%			
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Group-Ages 65 and older Provider availability	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 14.2% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 26.4% 24.0% 15.1% 1.0% PA 2015-17	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9% HP2020			
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Group-Ages 65 and older	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11 90%	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87%	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14 87%	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88%	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17 87%	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11 89%	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 26.4% 24.0% 15.1% 1.0% PA 2015-17 86%	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 16.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9%			
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Group-Ages 65 and older Provider availability Adults with a usual Source of Health Care	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87% Lancaster 2011	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88% Lancaster 2014	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 26.4% 24.0% 15.1% 1.0% PA 2015-17 86% U.S. 2015	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9% HP2020			
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Group-Ages 65 and older Provider availability	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11 90% Lancaster 2008	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87%	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2012	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88%	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17 87% Lancaster 2015	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11 89% PA 2015	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 26.4% 24.0% 15.1% 1.0% PA 2015-17 86%	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9% HP2020			
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Group-Ages 65 and older Provider availability Adults with a usual Source of Health Care <u>Primary Care Provider Rate</u> Health Outcomes Mortality	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11 90% Lancaster 2008	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87% Lancaster 2011	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2012 75	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88% Lancaster 2014	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17 87% Lancaster 2015	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11 89% PA 2015	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 26.4% 24.0% 15.1% 1.0% PA 2015-17 86% U.S. 2015	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9% HP2020	U.S. 2016	HP2020	
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Group-Ages 65 and older Provider availability Adults with a usual Source of Health Care Primary Care Provider Rate Health Outcomes Mortality Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11 90% Lancaster 2008 73 Lancaster 2000-04	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 14.2% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87% Lancaster 2011 75	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2012 75	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88% Lancaster 2014 75 Lancaster 2010-14	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17 74 Lancaster 2011-15	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11 89% PA 2015 81 Lancaster 2012-16	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 24.0% 15.1% 10.0% PA 2015-17 86% U.S. 2015 75 PA 2000-04	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 19.5% 12.3% HP2020 89.4% PA 2012-16	U.S. 2016		
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Group-Ages 65 and older Provider availability Adults with a usual Source of Health Care <u>Primary Care Provider Rate</u> Health Outcomes Mortality	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11 90% Lancaster 2008 73 Lancaster 2000-04 26.6	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 14.2% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87% Lancaster 2011-13 75	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2012 75 Lancaster 2009-13 22.1	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88% Lancaster 2014 75 Lancaster 2010-14 21.0	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17 87% Lancaster 2015-7 74 Lancaster 2011-15 21.4	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11 89% PA 2015 81 Lancaster 2012-16 20.7	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 24.0% 15.1% 1.0% PA 2015-17 86% U.S. 2015 75 PA 2000-04 27.6	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9% HP2020 89.4% PA 2012-16 21.6	U.S. 2016	20.6	
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Group-Ages 65 and older Provider availability Adults with a usual Source of Health Care Primary Care Provider Rate Health Outcomes Mortality Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer Females Cancer	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11 90% Lancaster 2008 73 Lancaster 2000-04 26.6 186.4	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87% Lancaster 2011-13 75 Lancaster 2018-12 23.4 167.0	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2012-17 75 Lancaster 2009-13 22.1 159.4	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88% Lancaster 2014 75 Lancaster 2010-14 21.0 155.8	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17 87% Lancaster 2015-17 74 Lancaster 2015-17 74	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11 89% PA 2015 81 Lancaster 2012-16 20.7 154.3	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 26.4% 24.0% 15.1% 1.0% PA 2015-17 86% U.S. 2015 75 PA 2000-04 27.6 200.8	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 16.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9% HP2020 89.4% PA 2012-16 21.6 168.5	U.S. 2016	20.6 160.6	
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Group-Ages 65 and older Provider availability Adults with a usual Source of Health Care Primary Care Provider Rate Health Outcomes Mortality Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer Females Cancer Colorectal Cancer	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11 90% Lancaster 2008 73 Lancaster 2000-04 26.6 186.4 21.0	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 14.2% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87% Lancaster 2011-13 75 Lancaster 2008-12 23.4 167.0 16.6	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2012 75 Lancaster 2009-13 22.1 159.4 14.9	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88% Lancaster 2014 75 Lancaster 2010-14 21.0 155.8 14.6	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17 87% Lancaster 2015-17 74 Lancaster 2011-15 21.4 153.4 14.0	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11 89% PA 2015 81 Lancaster 2012-16 20.7 154.3 13.8	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 24.0% 15.1% PA 2015-17 86% U.S. 2015 75 PA 2000-04 27.6 200.8 21.5	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9% HP2020 89.4% PA 2012-16 21.6 168.5 15.2	U.S. 2016	20.6 160.6 14.5	
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 Provider availability Adults with a usual Source of Health Care Primary Care Provider Rate Health Outcomes Mortality Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer Females Cancer Colorectal Cancer Lung Cancer	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11 90% Lancaster 2008 73 Lancaster 2009-04 26.6 186.4 21.0 47.2	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 14.2% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87% Lancaster 2011-13 75 Lancaster 2008-12 23.4 167.0 16.6 41.2	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2012-75 Lancaster 2009-13 22.1 159.4 14.9 38.9	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88% Lancaster 2014 75 Lancaster 2010-14 21.0 155.8 14.6 36.7	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17 87% Lancaster 2015-17 74 Lancaster 2011-15 21.4 153.4 14.0 35.2	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11 89% PA 2015 81 Lancaster 2012-16 20.7 154.3 13.8 35.5	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 24.0% 15.1% 1.0% PA 2015-17 86% U.S. 2015 75 PA 2000-04 27.6 200.8 21.5 54.0	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9% HP2020 89.4% PA 2012-16 21.6 168.5 15.2 43.7	U.S. 2016	20.6 160.6 14.5 45.5	
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Adults with a usual Source of Health Care Primary Care Provider Rate Health Outcomes Mortality Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer Females Cancer Colorectal Cancer Lung Cancer Prostate Cancer	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11 90% Lancaster 2008 73 Lancaster 2000-04 26.6 186.4 21.0 47.2 26.0	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87% Lancaster 2011-13 75 Lancaster 2018-12 23.4 167.0 16.6 41.2 19.4	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2012-17 75 Lancaster 2009-13 22.1 159.4 14.9 38.9 17.7	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88% Lancaster 2014 75 Lancaster 2010-14 21.0 155.8 14.6 36.7 15.8	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17 87% Lancaster 2015-17 74 Lancaster 2015-17 74 Lancaster 2011-15 21.4 153.4 14.0 35.2 16.1	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11 89% PA 2015 81 Lancaster 2012-16 20.7 154.3 13.8 35.5 16.0	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 26.4% 24.0% 15.1% 1.0% PA 2015-17 86% U.S. 2015 75 PA 2000-04 27.6 200.8 21.5 54.0 28.7	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 16.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9% HP2020 89.4% PA 2012-16 21.6 168.5 15.2 43.7 18.8		20.6 160.6 14.5	
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Group-Ages 65 and older Provider availability Adults with a usual Source of Health Care Primary Care Provider Rate Health Outcomes Mortality Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer Females Cancer Colorectal Cancer Lung Cancer Prostate Cancer Diabetes	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11 90% Lancaster 2008 73 Lancaster 2000-04 26.6 186.4 21.0 47.2 26.0 22.0	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87% Lancaster 2011-13 75 Lancaster 2011 75 Lancaster 2008-12 23.4 167.0 16.6 41.2 19.4 16.0	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2012-14 75 Lancaster 2019-13 22.1 159.4 14.9 38.9 17.7 16.8	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88% Lancaster 2014 75 Lancaster 2010-14 21.0 155.8 14.6 36.7 15.8 14.6 36.7	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17 87% Lancaster 2015-17 74 Lancaster 2011-15 21.4 153.4 14.0 35.2 16.1 18.4	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11 89% PA 2015 81 Lancaster 2012-16 20.7 154.3 13.8 35.5 16.0 19.3	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 24.0% 15.1% PA 2015-17 86% U.S. 2015 75 PA 2000-04 27.6 200.8 21.5 54.0 28.7 24.9	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 19.5% 12.3% HP2020 89.4% PA 2012-16 21.6 168.5 15.2 43.7 18.8 21.8	21.0	20.6 160.6 14.5 45.5 21.2	
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11 90% Lancaster 2008 73 Lancaster 2009-04 26.6 186.4 21.0 47.2 26.0 22.0 57.8	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 14.2% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87% Lancaster 2011-13 75 Lancaster 2018-12 23.4 167.0 16.6 41.2 19.4 16.0 41.1	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2012-15 75 Lancaster 2009-13 22.1 159.4 14.9 38.9 17.7 16.8 38.8	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88% Lancaster 2014 75 Lancaster 2010-14 21.0 155.8 14.6 36.7 15.8 14.6 36.7 15.8 17.6 37.7	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17 87% Lancaster 2015-17 74 Lancaster 2011-15 21.4 153.4 14.0 35.2 16.1 18.4 37.6	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11 89% PA 2015 81 Lancaster 2012-16 20.7 154.3 13.8 35.5 16.0 19.3 37.5	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 24.0% 15.1% 1.0% PA 2015-17 86% U.S. 2015 75 PA 2000-04 27.6 200.8 21.5 54.0 28.7 24.9 54.6	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9% HP2020 89.4% PA 2012-16 21.6 168.5 15.2 43.7 18.8 21.8 37.1		20.6 160.6 14.5 45.5 21.2 33.8	
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Group-Ages 65 and older Provider availability Adults with a usual Source of Health Care Primary Care Provider Rate Health Outcomes Mortality Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer Females Cancer Colorectal Cancer Lung Cancer Prostate Cancer Diabetes Cerebrovascular Disease Stroke Coronary Heart Disease	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11 90% Lancaster 2008 73 Lancaster 2000-04 26.6 186.4 21.0 47.2 26.0 22.0 57.8 151.0	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 21.8% 17.6% 21.8% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87% Lancaster 2011-13 75 Lancaster 2008-12 23.4 167.0 16.6 41.2 19.4 16.0 41.1 100.4	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2019-13 22.1 159.4 14.9 38.9 17.7 16.8 38.8 97.2	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88% Lancaster 2014 75 Lancaster 2010-14 21.0 155.8 14.6 36.7 15.8 14.6 36.7 15.8 17.6 37.7 92.6	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17 87% Lancaster 2015-17 74 Lancaster 2015-17 74 Lancaster 2011-15 21.4 153.4 14.0 35.2 16.1 18.4 37.6 92.2	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11 89% PA 2015 81 Lancaster 2012-16 20.7 154.3 13.8 35.5 16.0 19.3 37.5 93.6	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 26.4% 24.0% 15.1% 1.0% PA 2015-17 86% U.S. 2015 75 PA 2000-04 27.6 200.8 21.5 54.0 28.7 24.9 54.6 180.9	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 16.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9% HP2020 89.4% PA 2012-16 21.6 168.5 15.2 43.7 18.8 21.8 37.1 111.3	21.0 37.3	20.6 160.6 14.5 45.5 21.2 33.8 100.8	
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Group-Ages 65 and older Provider availability Adults with a usual Source of Health Care <u>Primary Care Provider Rate</u> Health Outcomes Mortality Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer Females Cancer Colorectal Cancer Lung Cancer Prostate Cancer Diabetes Cerebrovascular Disease Stroke Coronary Heart Disease HIV	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11 90% Lancaster 2008 73 Lancaster 2000-04 26.6 186.4 21.0 47.2 26.0 22.0 57.8 151.0 2.3	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 21.8% 17.6% 21.8% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87% Lancaster 2011-13 75 Lancaster 2018-12 23.4 167.0 16.6 41.2 19.4 16.0 41.1 100.4 1.0	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2012-17 75 Lancaster 2009-13 22.1 159.4 14.9 38.9 17.7 16.8 38.8 97.2 0.9	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88% Lancaster 2014 75 Lancaster 2010-14 21.0 155.8 14.6 36.7 15.8 14.6 36.7 15.8 17.6 37.7 92.6 0.8	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17 87% Lancaster 2015-17 74 Lancaster 2015.17 21.4 153.4 14.0 35.2 16.1 18.4 37.6 92.2 0.7	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11 89% PA 2015 81 Lancaster 2012-16 20.7 154.3 13.8 35.5 16.0 19.3 37.5 93.6 0.7	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 24.0% 15.1% PA 2015-17 86% U.S. 2015 75 PA 2000-04 27.6 200.8 21.5 54.0 28.7 24.9 54.6 180.9 3.9	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9% HP2020 89.4% PA 2012-16 21.6 168.5 15.2 43.7 18.8 21.8 37.1 111.3 1.4	21.0 37.3 1.9	20.6 160.6 14.5 45.5 21.2 33.8	
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11 90% Lancaster 2008 73 Lancaster 2009-04 26.6 186.4 21.0 47.2 26.0 22.0 57.8 151.0 2.3 16.7	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 14.2% 21.8% 17.6% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87% Lancaster 2011-13 75 Lancaster 2018-12 23.4 167.0 16.6 41.2 19.4 16.0 41.1 100.4 1.0 11.7	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2012-15 75 Lancaster 2009-13 22.1 159.4 14.9 38.9 17.7 16.8 38.8 97.2 0.9 11.7	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88% Lancaster 2014 75 Lancaster 2010-14 21.0 155.8 14.6 36.7 15.8 14.6 36.7 15.8 17.6 37.7 92.6 0.8 10.7	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17 87% Lancaster 2015-17 74 Lancaster 2011-15 21.4 153.4 14.0 35.2 16.1 18.4 37.6 92.2 0.7 10.9	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11 89% PA 2015 81 Lancaster 2012-16 20.7 154.3 13.8 35.5 16.0 19.3 37.5 93.6 0.7 10.1	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 24.0% 15.1% 10.0% PA 2015-17 86% U.S. 2015 75 PA 2000-04 27.6 200.8 21.5 54.0 28.7 24.9 54.6 180.9 3.9 18.9	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9% HP2020 89.4% PA 2012-16 21.6 168.5 15.2 43.7 18.8 21.8 37.1 111.3 1.4 14.6	21.0 37.3 1.9 13.5	20.6 160.6 14.5 45.5 21.2 33.8 100.8 3.3	
by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino by Age Group-Under 6 years old by Age Group-Ages 6-17 by Age Group-Ages 18-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64 by Age Group-Ages 65 and older Provider availability Adults with a usual Source of Health Care Primary Care Provider Rate Health Outcomes Mortality Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer Females Cancer Colorectal Cancer Lung Cancer Prostate Cancer Diabetes Cerebrovascular Disease Stroke Coronary Heart Disease HIV	18.2% 12.7% Lancaster 2009-11 90% Lancaster 2008 73 Lancaster 2000-04 26.6 186.4 21.0 47.2 26.0 22.0 57.8 151.0 2.3	13.3% 17.1% 13.2% 17.6% 21.8% 17.6% 21.8% 10.9% 2.2% Lancaster 2011-13 87% Lancaster 2011-13 75 Lancaster 2018-12 23.4 167.0 16.6 41.2 19.4 16.0 41.1 100.4 1.0	11.1% 14.3% 12.3% 18.3% 14.4% 13.7% 16.6% 9.5% 2.0% Lancaster 2012-14 87% Lancaster 2012-17 75 Lancaster 2009-13 22.1 159.4 14.9 38.9 17.7 16.8 38.8 97.2 0.9	20.7% 8.1% Lancaster 2014-16 88% Lancaster 2014 75 Lancaster 2010-14 21.0 155.8 14.6 36.7 15.8 14.6 36.7 15.8 17.6 37.7 92.6 0.8	20.6% 8.2% 5.3% 5.3% 17.8% 16.6% 9.7% 0.5% Lancaster 2015-17 87% Lancaster 2015-17 74 Lancaster 2015.17 21.4 153.4 14.0 35.2 16.1 18.4 37.6 92.2 0.7	17.4% 6.6% 5.0% 4.7% 11.0% 13.8% 8.0% 0.5% PA 2009-11 89% PA 2015 81 Lancaster 2012-16 20.7 154.3 13.8 35.5 16.0 19.3 37.5 93.6 0.7	29.6% 10.4% 6.1% 8.4% 24.0% 15.1% PA 2015-17 86% U.S. 2015 75 PA 2000-04 27.6 200.8 21.5 54.0 28.7 24.9 54.6 180.9 3.9	23.4% 8.1% 4.8% 6.4% 19.5% 12.3% 0.9% HP2020 89.4% PA 2012-16 21.6 168.5 15.2 43.7 18.8 21.8 37.1 111.3 1.4	21.0 37.3 1.9	20.6 160.6 14.5 45.5 21.2 33.8 100.8	

Suicide	8.9	9.3	9.5	10.2	10.6	10.6	10.6	13.4	13.5	10.2	I
Falls	3.8	7.6	8.5	8	8.2	8.3	5.4	9	8.9	7.0	
Accidents - Motor Vehicle	12.3	12.3	11.5	11.5	10.8	10.2	12.3	9.6			
Firearms	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.7	6.5	6.8	9.8	11.2		9.2	
Unintentional Injuries	37.7 (2009)	37.8	37.7		42.6	50.3	39.2 2009	61.2	46.9	36.0	
Drug Use	6.4	11.1	11.4	11.8	12.9	15.4	10.4	25.3	17.9	11.3	
Morbidity	Lancaster 2005-09	Lancaster 2008-12	Lancaster 2009-13	Lancaster 2010-14		PA 2005-9	PA 2011-15	HP2020			
All Cancer Incidence Rate	467.9	449.7	444.7	441.1	444	497.4	481.71				
Breast Cancer Incidence Rate	119.8	123.8	122.5	125.2	126.3	125.8	131				
Cervical Cancer Incidence Rate	8.7	7.5	7.3	6.6	7.2	8	7.4	7.3			
Colorectal Cancer Incidence Rate	48.8	40.7	39.8	37.1	37.1	50.9	42.6	39.9			
Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate	59	55.1	53.3	52.1	51.1	70.2	64.7				
Oral Cavity and Pharynx Cancer Incidence Rate	8.9	9	9.6	9.6	10.5	10.8	11.9				
Prostate Cancer Incidence Rate	147.7	125.2	113	103.2	94.9	154.1	111.1				
	Lancaster 2001-03	Lancaster 2011-13	Lancaster 2012-14		Lancaster 2014-16		PA 2001-03	PA 2015-17	HP2020		
Adults with Diabetes	6%	9%	9%	10%	10%	11%	7%	11%			
Adults who are Obese	24%	28.0%	27.0%	25.0%	26.0%	33.0%	23.0%	31.0%	30.6%		
Adults who are Overweight or Obese	62%	66.0%	64.0%	60.0%	60.0%	67.0%	60.0%	66.0%			
	Lancaster 2008-09	Lancaster 2011-12	Lancaster 2012-13		Lancaster 2014-15		PA 2008-09	PA 2015-16			
Children with Type 1 Diabetes	0.29%	0.29%	0.29%	0.28%	0.30%	0.32%	0.30%	0.33%			
Children with Type 2 Diabetes	0.03%	0.03%	0.05%	0.05%	0.04%	0.03%	0.07% (2009-10)	0.06%			
	Lancaster 2009-10	Lancaster 2011-12	Lancaster 2012-13		Lancaster 2014-15	Lancaster 2015-16	PA 2009-10	PA 2015-16	HP2020		
Children who are Obese: Grades K-6	14.90%	13.9%	14.6%	15.2%	14.9%	15.2%	16.8%	16.7%	15.7%		
Children who are Overweight or Obese: Grades K-6	30.20%	28.9%	36.3%	29.1%	29.6%	29.8%	32.4%	31.9%			
Teens who are Obese: Grades 7-12	16.40%	13.1%	17.4%	17.4%	17.8%	18.0%	18.2%	19.0%	16.1%		
Teens who are Overweight or Obese: Grades 7-12	32.30%	27.6%	40.1%	32.6%	33.8%	33.9%	34.5%	35.5%			
Children with Asthma	13.20%	14.0%	13.6%	13.6%	13.5%	13.8%	11.8%	12.1%			
	Lancaster 2003-05	Lancaster 2010-12	Lancaster 2011-13	Lancaster 2012-14	Lancaster 2013-15	Lancaster 2014-16	.ancaster 2015-1	PA 2003-05	PA 2014-16	PA 2015-17	HP2020
Salmonella Incidence Rate	17.4	9.2	8.6	8.2	8.8	9.3		14.1	12.1	11.4	11.4
Lyme Disease Incidence Rate	40.6	2.2	2.3	11.1	42.4	69.9		34.9	73.9		
Chlamydia Incidence Rate	175.1	234.9	214.6	215.4	232	245.5	230.7	302.6	419.4	434.6	
Gonorrhea Incidence Rate	52.3	67.9	57.6	48.2	42.5	40.1	33.9	92.3	104.5	111.1	
	Lancaster 2004-06	Lancaster 2011-13	Lancaster 2012-14	Lancaster 2013-15	Lancaster 2014-16	Lancaster 2015-17	PA 2004-06	PA 2015-17	HP2020		
Adults who exp a heart attack, coronary heart dis, or a stroke	9%	12%	12%	13%	11%	12%	11%	13%			
Adults with Asthma	9%	11%	11%	9%	7%	11%	9%	10%			
Health Status											
Poor Physical Health Days	34%	32%	33%	35%	34%	35%	37%	39%			
Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Poor or Fair	13%	17%	18%	17%	15%	18%	14%	17%			
Risky Behavior											
Adults who Smoke	19%	20.0%	18.0%	15.0%	13.0%	11.0%	23.0%	18.0%	12.0%		
Adults who Binge Drink	14% (2006-08)	15.0%	13.0%	10.0%	12.0%	12.0%	17% (2006-08)	18.0%	24.2%		
	Lancaster 2009-11	Lancaster 2010-12	Lancaster 2011-13	Lancaster 2012-14	Lancaster 2013-15	Lancaster 2014-16	ancaster 2015-1	PA 2015-17	HP2020		
Adults 65+ with pnemonia vaccine	73.0%	75.0%	72.0%	75.0%	75.0%	75.0%	71.0%	74.0%	90.0%		
Prenatal/Maternity	Lancaster 2010	Lancaster 2012	Lancaster 2013	Lancaster 2014	Lancaster 2015	Lancaster 2016	PA 2010	PA 2016			
Teen Birth Rate	11.9	10.5	8.4	8.9	7.3	7.7	14.2	7.1			
	Lancaster 2003-05	Lancaster 2010-12	Lancaster 2011-13	Lancaster 2012-14	Lancaster 2013-15	Lancaster 2014-16	PA 2003-05	PA 2014-16	HP2020		
Babies with Low Birth Weight	6.50%	6.9%	6.8%	7.1%	7.2%	7.1%	8.2%	8.2%	7.8%		I
Babies with Very Low Birth Weight	1.20%	1.2%	1.1%	1.3%	1.3%	1.3%	1.6%	1.4%			
Mothers who Breastfeed	78.70%	81.1%	81.2%	82.2%	84.9%	86.4%	62.3%	79.7%	81.9%		
						91.7%	82.2%	87.4%	98.6%		
Mothers who did not Smoke During Pregnancy	87.00%	89.0%	89.7%	90.3%	90.9%	91.770	02.270	07.470	90.0%		
Mothers who did not Smoke During Pregnancy Mothers who Received Early Prenatal Care	87.00% 69.20%	89.0% 61.5%	89.7% 61.8%	90.3% 61.7%	90.9% 61.3%	61.4%	73.4%	72.5%	98.6% 77.9%		I
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	Lancaster Population Counts					
		Date Ranges				
	2008-13	2010-16	2011-17	Change		
Adults who are Overweight or Obese	260,882	244,681	275,033	5.4%		
Workers who Drive Alone to Work	211,704	219,540	219,436	3.7%		
Poor Mental Health Days	134,394	142,730	143,674	6.9%		
Poor Physical Health Days	126,488	138,652	143,674	13.6%		
Adults who are Obese	110,677	106,028	135,464	22.4%		
Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Poor or Fair	67,197	61,170	73,889	10.0%		
Adults with NO Usual Source of Health Care	51,386	48,936	53,365	3.9%		
Adults who Binge Drink	59,291	48,936	49,260	-16.9%		
Adults who Experienced a Heart Attack, Coronary Heart Disease, or a Stroke	47,433	44,858	49,260	3.9%		
Adults with NO Health Insurance	60,873	50,975	45,565	-25.1%		
Adults who Smoke	79,055	53,014	45,155	-42.9%		
Adults with Diabetes	35,575	40,780	45,155	26.9%		
Adults with Asthma	43,480	28,546	45,155	3.9%		
Frequent Mental Distress	40,713	41,188	43,102	5.9%		
Children with NO Health Insurance	19,807	19,310	21,997	11.1%		
Children Living Below Poverty Level	20,073	20,082	20,454	1.9%		
Households without a Vehicle	18,345	18,556	18,636	1.6%		
Children with Asthma	18,610	17,379	17,752	-4.6%		
Children who are Overweight or Obese: Grades K-6	12,299	14,276	14,393	17.0%		
Unemployed Workers (16 and older) in Civilian Labor Force	26,361	19,150	14,248	-46.0%		
Teens who are Overweight or Obese: Grades 7-12	16,399	13,931	13,627	-16.9%		
Workers who Walk to Work	9,623	9,966	10,264	6.7%		
Households with Public Assistance	5,523	6,055	6,277	13.7%		
People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level	5,260	5,829	6,188	17.6%		
Child Abuse Rate (per 1,000 children)	1,103	1,159	1,942	76.1%		
All Cancer Incidence Rate	1,778	1,799	1,823	2.5%		
Chlamydia Incidence Rate (per 100,000)	929	946	1,008	8.5%		
Violent Crime Rate (per 100,000)	662	735	721	9.0%		
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cancer	660	626	633	-4.0%		
Babies with Low Birth Weight (per 1,000 live births)	501	522	494	-1.3%		
Children with Type 1 Diabetes	386	386	412	6.8%		
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Coronary Heart Disease	397	376	384	-3.2%		
Lyme Disease Incidence Rate (per 100,000)	9	173	287	3199.6%		
Teen Birth Rate (per 1,000 ages 15 - 17)	246	212	222	-9.5%		
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries	149	174	206	38.2%		
Gonorrhea Incidence Rate (per 100,000)	268	173	165	-38.7%		
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cerebrovascular Disease (Stroke)	162	153	154	-5.2%		
Babies with Very Low Birth Weight: Singleton Births (per 1,000 live births)	87	94	90	3.9%		
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Diabetes	63	75	79	25.3%		
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Drug Use (per 100,000)	44	53	63	44.1%		
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Suicide	37	43	44	18.4%		
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle Collisions	49	44	42	-13.9%		
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Influenza and Pneumonia	46	44	41	-10.4%		
Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)	49	48	45	-8.2%		
Children with Type 2 Diabetes	40	51	39	-3.5%		
Salmonella Incidence Rate (per 100,000)	36	36	38	5.0%		
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Falls	30	33	34	13.4%		
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Firearms	23	27	28	23.9%		
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to HIV	4	3	3	-27.3%		

2008-13

The population base used to estimate the number of county residents affected by an indicator differs depending on the indicator. For most estimates, the calculation is based on the total number of adults residing in the county during 2011 (N=395,276). Other bases include: workforce aged 16 and older N=405,556; workers (employed aged 16+) N=267,303; children (ages 0-17 N=132,392); teens (ages 15-17 N=23,406); children in grades 7-12 (N=59,417); children in grades K-6 (N=42,556); adults over 65 (N=77,356); households (N=197,256); and live births (N=7,258).

2010-16

The population base used to estimate the number of county residents affected by an indicator differs depending on the indicator. For most estimates, the calculation is based on the total number of adults residing in the county during 2015 (N=407,801). Other bases include: workforce aged 16 and older N=416,312; workers (employed aged 16+) N=276,847; children (ages 0-17 N=128,733); teens (ages 14-17 N=29,057); children in grades 7-12 (N=41,217); children in grades K-6 (N=48,229); adults over 65 (N=89,680); households (N=195,330); and live births (N=7,256). 2011-17

The population base used to estimate the number of county residents affected by an indicator differs depending on the indicator. For most estimates, the calculation is based on the total number of adults residing in the county during 2016 (N=410,497). Other bases include: workforce aged 16 and older N=419058; workers (employed aged 16+) N=277,416; children (ages 0-17 N=128640); teens (ages 14-17 N=28,872); children in grades 7-12 (N=40,199); children in grades K-6 (N=48,229); adults over 65 (N=92,360); households (N=196,171); and live births (N=6,959).

		Health Outcomes					
Focus Area	Measure	Description	Top performers	US overall	PA overall	PA top performers	Lancaster County
Health Outcomes Rank	•						8
Length of Life Rank							10
Length of life (50%)	Premature death	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age-adj)	5,300	6,700	6900	3900	5747
Quality of Life Rank							15
	Poor or fair health	% of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adj)	12	16	15	11	13
Quality of life (50%)	Poor physical health days	Average # physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adj)	3.0	3.7	3.9	3.0	3.5
Quality of me (50 %)	Poor mental health days	Average # mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adj)	3.1	3.8	4.3	3.5	3.9
	Low birthweight	% of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams)	6.0	8.0	8.2	7.0	7.0
		Health Behaviors					
Health Behaviors Rank							10
Tobacco use (10%)	Adult smoking	% of adults who are current smokers	14	17	18	12	14
	Adult obesity	% of adults that report a BMI of 30 or more	26	28	30	27	28
	Food environment index	Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment(0=worst, 10=best)	8.6	7.7	8.2	8.8	8.5
Diet and exercise (10%)	Physical inactivity	% of adults aged 20+ reporting no leisure-time physical activity	20	23	24	21	22
	Access to exercise opportunities	% of population w/ adequate access to locations for phys activity	91	83	68	84	53
Alcohol and drug use	Excessive drinking	% of adults reporting binge or heavy drinking	13	18	21	21	21
(5%)	Alcohol-impaired driving deaths	% of driving deaths with alcohol involvement	13	29	30	32	31
Sexual activity (5%)	Sexually transmitted infections	# of newly diagnosed chlamydia cases per 100,000 population	145	479	418	200	275
Sexual activity (5%)	Teen births	Teen birth rate per 1,000 female population, ages 15- 19	15	27	21	9	19
		Clinical Care					
Clinical Care Rank							24
	Uninsured	% of population under age 65 without health insurance	6	11	8	5	11
Access to care (10%)	Primary care physicians	Ratio of population to primary care physicians	1030:1	1320:1	1232:1	221:1	1355:1
	Dentists	Ratio of population to dentists	1280:1	1480:1	1481:1	965:1	1807:1
	Mental health providers	Ratio of population to mental health providers	330:1	470:1	559:1	235:1	851:1
	Preventable hospital stays	# hospital stays for ambulatory-care sensitive cond. per 1,000 Medicare enrollees	35	49	52	26	34
Quality of care (10%)	Diabetic monitoring	% diabetic Medicare enrollees age 65-75 receive HbA1c monitor.	91	85	86	87	90
	Mammography screening	% of female Medicare enrollees ages 67-69 that receive mammography screening	71	63	65	69	69

Appendix E - 2018 County Health Rankings

		Social and Economic Environm	nent				
Social & Economic Factors	s Rank						9
	High school graduation	% of ninth-grade cohort that graduates in four years	95	83	85	94	90
Education (10%)	Some college	% of adults ages 25-44 years with some post- secondary education	72	65	64	78	55
Employment (10%)	Unemployment	% of population ages 16 and older unemployed but seeking work	3	5	5	4	4
	Children in poverty	% of children under age 18 in poverty	12	20	18	8	16
Income (10%)	Income inequality	Ratio of household income at the 80th to the 20th percentile	3.7	5.0	4.8	4.4	3.9
Family and social support	Children in single-parent hh	% of children that live in a household headed by single parent	20	34	34	21	24
(5%)	Social associations	Number of membership associations per 10,000 population	22	9	12	11	14
Community safety (5%)	Violent crime	# of reported violent crime offenses per 100,000 population	62	380	333	163	168
	Injury deaths	Number of deaths due to injury per 100,000 population	55	65	76	61	61
		Physical Environment					
Physical Environment Ran	lk						64
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Air pollution - particulate matter	Ave daily density of fine particulate matter in mcgs per cubic meter (PM2.5)	6.7	8.7	10.4	8.4	12.8
Air and water quality (5%)	Drinking water violations	Indicator of presence of health-related drinking water violations	NA	NA	NA	No	Yes
	Severe housing problems	% households w/ at least 1 of 4 housing problems: overcrowding, high housing costs, lack of kitchen or plumbing facilities	9	19	15	7	16
Housing and transit (5%)	Driving alone to work	% of the workforce that drives alone to work	72	76	76	78	79
	Long commute - driving alone	Among workers who commute in their car alone, % that commute > 30 minutes	15	35	36	20	28.9

Social Determinants Data Tables Sources

Data in the tables below come from the following data sources (see page 2 for full source list for every indicator used):

- Census Bureau American Community Survey (ACS) 1-year and 5-year estimates
- Pennsylvania Department of Health:
 - o Bureau of Community Health Systems, Division of School Health
 - Bureau of Health Statistics and Research
 - Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey (BRFSS) (accessed via EDDIE Enterprise Data Dissemination Informatics Exchange)
 - Pennsylvania Births (accessed via EDDIE Enterprise Data Dissemination Informatics Exchange)
 - PA Communicable Diseases (Other than STDs) (accessed via EDDIE Enterprise Data Dissemination Informatics Exchange)
 - PA Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STDs) (accessed via EDDIE Enterprise Data Dissemination Informatics Exchange)
 - Pennsylvania Resident Deaths (accessed via EDDIE Enterprise Data Dissemination Informatics Exchange)
 - Pennsylvania Resident Infant Deaths (accessed via EDDIE Enterprise Data Dissemination Informatics Exchange)
- American Lung Association, accessed via LGH CHNA: http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org/LGH/About-Lancaster-General-Health/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Needs-Assessment.aspx
- Annie E. Casey Foundation, accessed via LGH CHNA:

 http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org/LGH/About-Lancaster-General-Health/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Needs-Assessment.aspx
- County Health Rankings, accessed via LGH CHNA: http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org/LGH/About-Lancaster-General-Health/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Needs-Assessment.aspx
- National Cancer Institute, accessed via LGH CHNA: http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org/LGH/About-Lancaster-General-Health/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Needs-Assessment.aspx
- National Center for Education Statistics, accessed via LGH CHNA: http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org/LGH/About-Lancaster-General-Health/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Needs-Assessment.aspx
- Pennsylvania Department of Education, accessed via LGH CHNA: http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org/LGH/About-Lancaster-General-Health/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Needs-Assessment.aspx
- Pennsylvania Uniform Crime Reporting System, accessed via LGH CHNA: <u>http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org/LGH/About-Lancaster-General-Health/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Needs-Assessment.aspx</u>
- U.S. Department of Agriculture-Food Environment Atlas, accessed via LGH CHNA: <u>http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org/LGH/About-Lancaster-General-Health/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Needs-Assessment.aspx</u>
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, accessed via LGH CHNA: <u>http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org/LGH/About-Lancaster-General-Health/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Health-Involvement/Community-Needs-Assessment.aspx</u>

	Economic Stat	bility
Employment	ACS 1-Year Estimates-DP03: SELECTED	Employment Status of Pop 16+ yrs
	ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS	Population in labor force thousands
		% of population in labor force
		Civilian labor force
		Armed forces
		% of population not in labor force
		Unemployment Rate Bureau of Labor Statistics,
		Annual Ave
		Employment by Industry Sector
		Farming, Forestry, Fishing
		Mining, Utilities
		Construction
		Manufacturing
		Transportation, Wholesale, Warehousing
		Retail
		Administrative and Waste Disposal
		Information
		Professional, Science, and Tech Services
		Finance, Real Estate, Management
		Health Care
		Entertainment, Food Service, Hotels
		Education private, Personal Services, Civic Orgs
		Federal and State government
		Local government
	ACS 5-Year Estimates C24010: SEX BY	Management, business, and financial
	OCCUPATION FOR THE CIVILIAN	occupations
	EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND	Computer, engineering, and science occupation
	OVER	Community and social service occupations
		Legal occupations
		Education, training, and library occupations
		Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media
		occupations
		Healthcare practitioners and technical
		occupations
		Healthcare support occupations
		Protective service occupations
		Food preparation and serving related
		occupations
		Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance
		occupations
		Personal care and service occupations
		Sales and office occupations
		Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations
		Construction and extraction occupations
		Installation, maintenance, and repair occupation
		Production occupations
		Transportation occupations
		Material moving occupations

	ACS 1-Year Estimates-DP03: SELECTED	Employment by Class of Worker	
	ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS	Private wage and salary	
		Government	
		-	
		Self-employed	
•		Unpaid family workers	
Income	ACS 1-Year Estimates-DP03: SELECTED	Per Capita Income	
	ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS	Median household Income	
	ACS 5-Year Estimates B19081: MEAN	HH and Family Income Inflation-Adj 2016 Dollars	
	HOUSEHOLD INCOME OF QUINTILES -	Lowest quintile	
	Universe: Households	Second quintile	
		Third quintile	
		Fourth quintile	
		Highest quintile	
	ACS 1-Year Estimates-DP03: SELECTED	Median household income	
	ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS	Mean household income	
		Median family income	
		Mean family income	
	ACS 5-Year Estimates S1903: MEDIAN	Median HH Income by Race and Ethnicity	
	INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS	Total	
		Black	
		Latino	
		White Non-Latino	
Expenses	ACS 5-Year Estimates DP04: SELECTED	HHs by Occupancy-HHs spending >30% of	
	HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS	income on owner costs	
		HHs by Occupancy-HHs spending >30% of	
		income on rent	
Support	ACS 5-Year Estimates- S2201 FOOD		
	STAMPS/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance		
	Program (SNAP)	Households with children receiving SNAP	
	ACS 5-Year Estimates DP03: SELECTED	HHs with Supplemental Benefits in Past 12	
	ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS	Months	
		HHs below poverty level	
l .		HHs with supplemental security income	
		HHs with supplemental security income Mean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollars	
		HHs with supplemental security income Mean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollars HHs with cash public assistance income	
		HHs with supplemental security income Mean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollars HHs with cash public assistance income Mean public assist. income annual, 2016 Dollars	
		HHs with supplemental security income Mean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollars HHs with cash public assistance income Mean public assist. income annual, 2016 Dollars Number of HHs with food stamp benefits	
	ACS 5 Year Estimates S2201 EOOD	HHs with supplemental security income Mean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollars HHs with cash public assistance income Mean public assist. income annual, 2016 Dollars Number of HHs with food stamp benefits Share of HHs with food stamp benefits	
	ACS 5-Year Estimates- S2201 FOOD	HHs with supplemental security incomeMean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollarsHHs with cash public assistance incomeMean public assist. income annual, 2016 DollarsNumber of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs receiving food stamp benefits:	
	STAMPS/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance	HHs with supplemental security incomeMean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollarsHHs with cash public assistance incomeMean public assist. income annual, 2016 DollarsNumber of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs receiving food stamp benefits:that are below the poverty level	
		HHs with supplemental security incomeMean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollarsHHs with cash public assistance incomeMean public assist. income annual, 2016 DollarsNumber of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs receiving food stamp benefits:that are below the poverty levelwith one or more people 60+ yrs	
	STAMPS/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)	HHs with supplemental security income Mean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollars HHs with cash public assistance income Mean public assist. income annual, 2016 Dollars Number of HHs with food stamp benefits Share of HHs with food stamp benefits Share of HHs receiving food stamp benefits: that are below the poverty level with one or more people 60+ yrs with children <18 yrs	
Poverty	STAMPS/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) ACS 5-Year Estimates B17010: POVERTY	HHs with supplemental security income Mean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollars HHs with cash public assistance income Mean public assist. income annual, 2016 Dollars Number of HHs with food stamp benefits Share of HHs with food stamp benefits Share of HHs receiving food stamp benefits: that are below the poverty level with one or more people 60+ yrs with children <18 yrs Poverty	
Poverty	STAMPS/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) ACS 5-Year Estimates B17010: POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS OF	HHs with supplemental security income Mean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollars HHs with cash public assistance income Mean public assist. income annual, 2016 Dollars Number of HHs with food stamp benefits Share of HHs with food stamp benefits Share of HHs receiving food stamp benefits: that are below the poverty level with one or more people 60+ yrs with children <18 yrs Poverty All families	
Poverty	STAMPS/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) ACS 5-Year Estimates B17010: POVERTY	HHs with supplemental security incomeMean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollarsHHs with cash public assistance incomeMean public assist. income annual, 2016 DollarsNumber of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs receiving food stamp benefits:that are below the poverty levelwith one or more people 60+ yrswith children <18 yrs	
Poverty	STAMPS/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) ACS 5-Year Estimates B17010: POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS OF	HHs with supplemental security income Mean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollars HHs with cash public assistance income Mean public assist. income annual, 2016 Dollars Number of HHs with food stamp benefits Share of HHs with food stamp benefits Share of HHs receiving food stamp benefits: that are below the poverty level with one or more people 60+ yrs with children <18 yrs Poverty All families With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years	
Poverty	STAMPS/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) ACS 5-Year Estimates B17010: POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS OF	HHs with supplemental security incomeMean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollarsHHs with cash public assistance incomeMean public assist. income annual, 2016 DollarsNumber of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs receiving food stamp benefits:that are below the poverty levelwith one or more people 60+ yrswith children <18 yrs	
Poverty	STAMPS/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) ACS 5-Year Estimates B17010: POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS OF	HHs with supplemental security incomeMean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollarsHHs with cash public assistance incomeMean public assist. income annual, 2016 DollarsNumber of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs receiving food stamp benefits:that are below the poverty levelwith one or more people 60+ yrswith children <18 yrs	
Poverty	STAMPS/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) ACS 5-Year Estimates B17010: POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS OF	HHs with supplemental security incomeMean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollarsHHs with cash public assistance incomeMean public assist. income annual, 2016 DollarsNumber of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs receiving food stamp benefits:that are below the poverty levelwith one or more people 60+ yrswith children <18 yrs	
Poverty	STAMPS/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) ACS 5-Year Estimates B17010: POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS OF	HHs with supplemental security incomeMean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollarsHHs with cash public assistance incomeMean public assist. income annual, 2016 DollarsNumber of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs receiving food stamp benefits:that are below the poverty levelwith one or more people 60+ yrswith children <18 yrs	
Poverty	STAMPS/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) ACS 5-Year Estimates B17010: POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS OF	HHs with supplemental security incomeMean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollarsHHs with cash public assistance incomeMean public assist. income annual, 2016 DollarsNumber of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs receiving food stamp benefits:that are below the poverty levelwith one or more people 60+ yrswith children <18 yrs	
Poverty	STAMPS/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) ACS 5-Year Estimates B17010: POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS OF	HHs with supplemental security incomeMean supp. security income annual, 2016 dollarsHHs with cash public assistance incomeMean public assist. income annual, 2016 DollarsNumber of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs with food stamp benefitsShare of HHs receiving food stamp benefits:that are below the poverty levelwith one or more people 60+ yrswith children <18 yrs	

	ACS 5-Year Estimates S1701: POVERTY	All People
	STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS	
	STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS	Under 18 years
		18-64 years
		65 years and over
		Black
		Latino
		White non-Latino
	ACS, accessed via LGH CHNA:	Children Living Below Poverty Level
	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Families Living Below Poverty Level
		People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level
		People Living 200% Above Poverty Level
		People Living Below Poverty Level
		Young Children Living Below Poverty Level
	National Center for Education Statistics,	
	accessed via LGH CHNA:	
Support		Studente Elizible for the Free Lunch Drogram
Support	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org Neighborhood and Physica	Students Eligible for the Free Lunch Program
llevelne		
Housing	ACS, accessed via LGH CHNA:	
	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Homeownership
	ACS 5-Year Estimates DP04: SELECTED	HHs by Occupancy
	HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS	Total housing units
		Percent occupied
		Percent vacant
		Total occupied housing units
		Percent owner-occupied
		Percent renter-occupied
		Owner-occupied units
		housing units with a mortgage
		housing units without a mortgage
		Median Value 2016 dollars
		Occupied units paying rent
		Median monthly rent 2016 dollars
	ACS 5-Year Estimates DP02: SELECTED	Total HHs
	SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS IN THE UNITED	Average HH size
	STATES	Average family size
Transportatior	ACS, accessed via LGH CHNA:	Households without a Vehicle
	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Workers who Drive Alone to Work
		Workers Commuting by Public Transportation
	ACS 5-Year Estimates DP03: SELECTED	Means of Transportation to Work
	ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS	Drove alone
		Carpooled
		Public transportation
		Walked
		Other means
		Worked at home
		Mean travel time to work minutes
	U.S. Department of Agriculture-Food	
	Environment Atlas, accessed via LGH CHNA:	
Parks	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Recreation and Fitness Facilities
Walkability	ACS, accessed via LGH CHNA:	Mean Travel Time to Work
-	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Workers who Walk to Work
Safety	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency,	Recognized Carcinogens Released into Air
Jaiely		
Salety	accessed via LGH CHNA:	

	Pennsylvania Uniform Crime Reporting System,	
	accessed via LGH CHNA:	
	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Violent Crime Rate
	PA Dept of Health, Bureau of Health Statistics	
	and Research, accessed via LGH CHNA:	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle
	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Collisions
	Annie E. Casey Foundation, accessed via LGH	Obild Abuse Date
	CHNA: http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Child Abuse Rate
	American Lung Association, accessed via LGH	Annual Ozone Air Quality
	CHNA: http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Annual Particle Pollution
	Education	
Early	ACS 5-Year Estimates S1401: SCHOOL	School Enrollment
childhood	ENROLLMENT	Nursery school, preschool
education		Kindergarten
		Elementary school grades 1-8
		Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age-3
		and 4 years
		Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age-5 to
		9 years
Vocational	ACS 5-Year Estimates B15003: EDUCATIONAL	
training	ATTAINMENT FOR THE POPULATION 25	no degree
Higher	YEARS AND OVER	People 25+ with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher
education		Educational Attainment of the 25+ Pop
		Associate's degree
		Bachelor's degree
		Graduate or professional degree
		Percent high school graduate or higher
		Percent bachelor's degree or higher
	ACS 5-Year Estimates S1401: SCHOOL	School Enrollment-College, undergraduate
	ENROLLMENT	School Enrollment-Graduate or professional
		school
		Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age- to
		24 years
		Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age-25
		to 34 years
		Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age-35
		years and over
		Share of men ages 18-24 enrolled in college
		Share of women ages 18-24 enrolled in college
Education	Pennsylvania Department of Education,	
	accessed via LGH CHNA:	
	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	School Dropouts
	National Center for Education Statistics,	
	accessed via LGH CHNA:	
	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Student-to-Teacher Ratio
	ACS 5-Year Estimates B15003: EDUCATIONAL	Educ Attainment of 25+ Pop-Less than high
	ATTAINMENT FOR THE POPULATION 25	school diploma
	YEARS AND OVER	Educ Attainment of 25+ Pop-High school grad
		incl. equivalency
School	ACS 5-Year Estimates S1401: SCHOOL	School Enrollment-High school grades 9-12
enrollment	ENROLLMENT	Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age-10
		to 14 years
		Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age-15
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

		Share of Persons Enrolled in School by Age-18
		and 19 years
	Food	
Access to	U.S. Department of Agriculture-Food	Farmers Market Density
healthy	Environment Atlas, accessed via LGH CHNA:	Fast Food Restaurant Density
options	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Grocery Store Density
		Households without a Car and > 1 Mile from a
		Grocery Store
		Low-Income and >1 Mile from a Grocery Store
		SNAP Certified Stores
	Community and socia	I context
Social	ACS 1-Year Estimates DP05: ACS	Population-White
integration	DEMOGRAPHIC AND HOUSING ESTIMATES	Population-Black/African American
		Population-American Indian/Alaska Native
		Population-Asian
		Population-Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander
		Population-Hispanic or Latino of any race
	ACS 5-Year Estimates DP02: SELECTED	HHs by Occupancy-Shares of all HHs that are:
	SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS IN THE UNITED	Family HHs
		Male householder, no wife
		Female householder, no husband
		Married-couple families
		Nonfamily HHs
		householder living alone
		65 years and over, living alone
Support	ACS, accessed via LGH CHNA:	
systems	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Single-Parent Households
Stress	PA BRFSS, accessed via LGH CHNA:	
011035	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Poor Mental Health Days
	County Health Rankings, accessed via LGH	Frequent Mental Distress
	CHNA: http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Frequent Physical Distress
Population	ACS- PEPANNRES Annual Estimates of the	
opulation	Resident Population: April 1, 2010 to July 1,	
	2017	Total Population
	ACS 1-Year Estimates- S0101 AGE AND SEX	Male share of population
		Female share of population
		Ages 0-4
		Ages 5-9
		Ages 10-14
		Ages 15-19
		Ages 20-24
		Ages 25-34
		Ages 35-44
		Ages 45-54
		Ages 55-64
		Ages 65-74
		Ages 75-84
		Ages 85+
		Population Under 18
		Population 65+
		Median Age

	Health care syst	em
Health	ACS, accessed via LGH CHNA:	Adults with Health Insurance 18-64 years old
coverage	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Children with Health Insurance 0-17
	ACS 5-Year Estimates S2701: HEALTH	Population with health insurance coverage
	INSURANCE COVERAGE STATUS	% of population with health insurance coverage
		% with private health insurance
		% with public coverage
		% of population without health insurance
		Percent Uninsured
		by Race and Ethnicity-Black
		by Race and Ethnicity-Latino
		by Race and Ethnicity-White Non-Latino
	ACS 5-Year Estimates B27001: HEALTH	by Age Group-Under 6 years old
	INSURANCE COVERAGE STATUS BY SEX	by Age Group-Ages 6-17
	BY AGE - Universe: Civilian noninstitutionalized	by Age Group-Ages 18-24
	population	by Age Group-Ages 10-24 by Age Group-Ages 25-44
	population	by Age Group-Ages 25-44 by Age Group-Ages 45-64
		by Age Group-Ages 65 and older
	PA BRFSS, accessed via LGH CHNA:	Adulta with a your Source of Lisetth Core
Ducyddau	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Adults with a usual Source of Health Care
Provider	County Health Rankings, accessed via LGH	Drimony Core Drovider Date
availability	CHNA: http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Primary Care Provider Rate
N	Health Outcome	
Mortality	PA Dept of Health, EDDIE-Pennsylvania	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to
	Resident Deaths: Age-Adjusted Rates per	Breast Cancer Females
	100,000	Cancer
		Colorectal Cancer
		Lung Cancer
		Prostate Cancer
		Diabetes
		Cerebrovascular Disease Stroke
		Coronary Heart Disease
		HIV
		Influenza and Pneumonia
		Infant Mortality Rate
		Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to
		Suicide
		Falls
		Accidents - Motor Vehicle
		Firearms
	PA BRFSS, accessed via LGH CHNA:	
	http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Unintentional Injuries
	PA Dept of Health, EDDIE-Pennsylvania	
	Resident Deaths: Age-Adjusted Rates per	
	100,000	Drug Use
Morbidity	National Cancer Institute, accessed via LGH	All Cancer Incidence Rate
monorally	CHNA: http://www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Breast Cancer Incidence Rate
		Cervical Cancer Incidence Rate
		Colorectal Cancer Incidence Rate
		Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate
		Oral Cavity and Pharynx Cancer Incidence Rate
		Prostate Cancer Incidence Rate
i i	PA Dept of Health, EDDIE- BRFSS	Adults with Diabetes
		Adults who are Obese

Syste via L0	ept of Health, Bureau of Community Health ems, Division of School Health, accessed GH CHNA: /www.lancastergeneralhealth.org ept of Health, EDDIE- PA Communicable	Adults who are Overweight or Obese Children with Type 1 Diabetes Children with Type 2 Diabetes Children who are Obese: Grades K-6 Children who are Overweight or Obese: Grades K-6 Teens who are Obese: Grades 7-12 Teens who are Overweight or Obese: Grades 7- 12 Children with Asthma Salmonella Incidence Rate
Syste via LC	ems, Division of School Health, accessed GH CHNA: /www.lancastergeneralhealth.org ept of Health, EDDIE- PA Communicable	Children with Type 2 Diabetes Children who are Obese: Grades K-6 Children who are Overweight or Obese: Grades K-6 Teens who are Obese: Grades 7-12 Teens who are Overweight or Obese: Grades 7- 12 Children with Asthma
via LO	GH CHNA: /www.lancastergeneralhealth.org ept of Health, EDDIE- PA Communicable	Children who are Obese: Grades K-6 Children who are Overweight or Obese: Grades K-6 Teens who are Obese: Grades 7-12 Teens who are Overweight or Obese: Grades 7- 12 Children with Asthma
	www.lancastergeneralhealth.org ept of Health, EDDIE- PA Communicable	Children who are Overweight or Obese: Grades K-6 Teens who are Obese: Grades 7-12 Teens who are Overweight or Obese: Grades 7- 12 Children with Asthma
http://	ept of Health, EDDIE- PA Communicable	K-6 Teens who are Obese: Grades 7-12 Teens who are Overweight or Obese: Grades 7- 12 Children with Asthma
	ept of Health, EDDIE- PA Communicable	Teens who are Obese: Grades 7-12 Teens who are Overweight or Obese: Grades 7- 12 Children with Asthma
		Teens who are Overweight or Obese: Grades 7- 12 Children with Asthma
		12 Children with Asthma
		Children with Asthma
		Salmonella Incidence Rate
PA De	(Other then STDe)	
Disea	ases (Other than STDs)	Lyme Disease Incidence Rate
PA De	ept of Health, EDDIE-PA Sexually	Chlamydia Incidence Rate
Trans	mitted Diseases (STDs)	Gonorrhea Incidence Rate
PA De	ept of Health, EDDIE- BRFSS	Adults who exp a heart attack, coronary heart
		dis, or a stroke
		Adults with Asthma
Health Status PA De	ept of Health, EDDIE- BRFSS	Poor Physical Health Days
		Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Poor
		or Fair
Risky PA De	ept of Health, EDDIE- BRFSS	Adults who Smoke
Behavior		Adults who Binge Drink
		Adults 65+ with pnemonia vaccine
Prenatal/ PA De	ept of Health, Bureau of Health Statistics	
Maternity and R	Research, accessed via LGH CHNA:	
http://	www.lancastergeneralhealth.org	Teen Birth Rate
PA De	ept of Health, EDDIE- PA Births	Babies with Low Birth Weight
		Babies with Very Low Birth Weight
		Mothers who Breastfeed
		Mothers who did not Smoke During Pregnancy
		Mothers who Received Early Prenatal Care
		Mothers who Received No Prenatal Care